PUBLISHED MONTHLY.—PRICE 8 ANNAS.

# The Bombay Gazette.

No. 51,397—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—TUESDAY, AUGUST 30, 1898.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats, and Daks. Places of interest Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic information, etc., etc.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

ESTABLISHED 1817.
PETER F. HEERING'S
COPENHAGEN
CHERRY BRANDY.
Sold by all respectable Wine Merchants.

## SHIPPING.

### PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | | SATURDAY, 2 P.M. |
| † CLYDE | 4099 | C. T. Denny | 3rd Sept. |
| M.L. CARTHAGE | 5287 | C. Gadd | 10th ,, |
| † BENGAL | 4656 | L. Vibmer | 17th ,, |
| M.L. EGYPT | 7912 | R. F. Briscoe | 24th ,, |
| † CLYDE | 4099 | C. T. Denny | 1st Oct. |
| M.L. PENINSULAR | 5287 | W. Wheler | 8th ,, |
| † SUTLEJ | 4164 | A. Symons | 15th ,, |
| M.L. SHANNON | 4362 | F. Cole | 22nd ,, |
| † CLYDE | 4099 | C. T. Denny | 29th ,, |
| M.L. ARABIA | 7903 | J. L. Parfitt | 5th Nov. |
| † SUTLEJ | 4164 | A. Symons | 12th ,, |
| M.L. CALEDONIA | 7358 | R. H. Gordon | 19th ,, |
| † CARTHAGE | 5287 | C. Gadd | 26th ,, |
| M.L. EGYPT | 7912 | R. F. Briscoe | 3rd Dec. |
| † CLYDE | 4099 | C. T. Denny | 10th ,, |
| M.L. PENINSULAR | 5287 | W. Wheler | 17th ,, |
| † CARTHAGE | 5198 | C. Gadd | 24th ,, |
| M.L. ARABIA | 7903 | J. L. Parfitt | 31st ,, |

The steamers marked M.L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London, Passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.
The steamers marked † proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipping there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the Ballard Pier before 9 A.M. on the day of sailing.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier at noon on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place by 11-30 a.m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

TO STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA, and JAPAN, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.
Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals, calling at Ports en route.
For further particulars apply to

I. M. SHIELDS,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 29th August, 1898.

---

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N.Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH
THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO TRIESTE, *VIA* ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

| Steamer. | Captain. | Tons. | To Sail on |
|---|---|---|---|
| IMPERATRIX | T. Rassevich | 4,212 | 1st Sept. 1898. |
| IMPERATOR | G. Nicolich | 4,139 | 1st Oct. 1898. |

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

| | 1st Class. | 2nd Class. | Deck. |
|---|---|---|---|
| TRIESTE, or VENICE | Rs. 600 | Rs. 325 | Rs. 150 |

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI, on the 4th of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, *VIA* KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

| Steamers. | Captain. | Tons. | To Sail on or about |
|---|---|---|---|
| MARIA VALERIE. | A. Fellner | 4,235 | 7th Sept. 1898. |
| GISELA | F. Mosca | 4,260 | 12th Oct. 1898. |

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

| | 2nd Class. | Deck. |
|---|---|---|
| TRIESTE or VENICE | Rs. 375 | Rs. 150 |

STEAMERS for BOMBAY LEAVE TRIESTE on the 20th of each month.

RETURN TICKETS.
By either Accelerated or Ordinary Service to TRIESTE.

| | 1st Class. | 2nd Class. |
|---|---|---|
| AVAILABLE for 6 MONTHS | Rs. 980 | Rs. 575 |
| AVAILABLE for 12 MONTHS | Rs. 1060 | Rs. 625 |

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.
1st and 2nd Class Single and Return are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothard's, and other Routes.
In connection with the Steamers' Tickets the Company issue now Railway Tickets to the Principal Town of Austria and Germany, as well as Tickets by steamers of the "Nord-deutscher Lloyd" (North German Lloyd) to ports of North and South America, Australia, &c., called at by their vessels.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE "MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO."
THE Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return by the Messageries Maritimes Co. at reduced fares. This arrangement will prove of special advantage to passengers on 3 months' privilegg leave.

STEAM TO COLOMBO PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, YOKOHAMA, KOBE.

| Steamer | Captain | Tons | To Sail on or about |
|---|---|---|---|
| MORAVIA | E. Mecozzi | 3,305 | 21st Sep. |

Connecting at COLOMBO with the S. S. AGLAIA to MADRAS and CALCUTTA on the Outward and Homeward voyage.
For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

E. BACHRACH,
Acting Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Aug. 26th, 1898.

---

COMPAGNIE HAVRAISE.

PENINSULAIRE DE NAVIGATION A VAPEUR.

THE very fine, FULL POWERED and FAST Steamers.

| Steamer. | Tons. | Captain. | Sailing. |
|---|---|---|---|
| VILLE DE METZ | 3297 | Richard | Sept. 15th |

FOR DUNKIRK AND HAVRE DIRECT.

| | |
|---|---|
| FIRST SALOON, Fare | Rs. 375. |
| SECOND ,, ,, | ,, 240. |

To be followed by other vessels.
All Cabins on the UPPER DECK,
CUISINE A LA FANCAISE.
For Freight and Passage apply—
JAMES MACKINTOSH & Co.
Agents.

---

GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.
BOMBAY—ZANZIBAR.

THE following Steamer will SAIL:—

| Vessel. | Tons. | Captain. | To Sail |
|---|---|---|---|
| SETOS | 1,746 | Jacobs | 2nd Sep. |

Taking Cargo and Passengers for LAMU, MOMBASSA, TANGA, DARESALAM, ZANZIBAR, and all ports South of ZANZIBAR upto DELAGOA BAY.
This Line also issue first, second, third-class and deck through tickets to—

EAST LONDON — MADEIRA
ALGOA BAY and SOUTHAMPTON
CAPE TOWN

In connection with the Union Line Mail Steamers from Delagoa Bay, once a month.
For rates and particulars apply to

F. HEYER, Agent,
Albert Building, Hornby Road.
Bombay, 5th Aug., 1898.

---

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO., BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA.
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES booked without charge and on the most favourable terms. Berth carefully selected, with special attention to grouping.
SLEEPING CAR AND CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, &c., booked on terms of existing concessions.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS, at current rates.
HAND-BOOKS supplied gratis, and general information promptly given.
LONDON AGENTS.—MESSRS. GRINDLAY & Co.

## SHIPPING.

### THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 2nd Sept., 1898, at 2 p. m., or later, on arrival of English Mail.

FOR KURRACHEE AND COAST PORTS.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on the 30th August, at 10 a.m., calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, and Cutch Mandvie, (Weather permitting.)

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PEMBA," 1,536 tons, at 10 a. m., on the 1st September, calling at Karrachee, Jask, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Lingo, Bahrein, †Bushire, Fao, Mohomra and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)

FOR ADEN, LAMOO, MOMBASA AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "CANARA," 1,902 tons, on or about 5th September, 1898.

FOR ZANZIBAR AND DELAGOABAY.

S. S. "SECUNDRA," 2610 tons, on or about 6th Sep., calling at Seychelles, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoabay and Mozambique in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)

FOR RANGOON DIRECT.

S. S. "CULNA," 2,026 tons, on or about 9th September.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "SIRDHANA," 2,729 tons, on or about 1st September, 1898.

WESTERN AUSTRALIAN GOLD FIELDS.

PASSENGERS and Cargo booked through from Calcutta, Madras, Colombo, Bombay, or Rangoon via Singapore for all ports adjacent to the various Gold Fields. Fortnightly departures from Singapore.
For further particulars apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 29th August, 1898.

---

KING, KING & CO.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.

Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.

Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

---

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.
FOUR WEEKLY DEPARTURE.
TO MARSEILLES DIRECT
*VIA* ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | To sail on Tuesday |
|---|---|---|---|
| MELBOURNE | 4,080 | Duchateau | 30th Aug. 1898. |
| SALAZIE | 4,255 | C. Seiller | 27th Sep. 1898. |
| LAOS | 6,000 | Flandin | 25th Oct. 1898. |

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

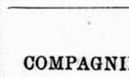
| Vessel. | Tons. | Captain. | To sail on or about the |
|---|---|---|---|
| CALEDONIEN | 4,232 | Durrande | 22nd Sept. |

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.
The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.
For further Particulars apply to

C. RUINAT, Agent.
Old Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

---

THOS. COOK AND SON,
BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.



PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O MAIL, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners FREE of CHARGE for COMMISSION.
SPECIAL ATTENTION given to the selection of berths and Social Grouping of Passengers.
THROUGH TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe.
CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest.
PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.
REDUCED RATES to Railway employes, Family Parties and Missionaries.
OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied rom any part of the world to India.
HOTEL COUPONS available at over 3,000 Hotels.
REDUCED FARES for Military Officers, Government Officials, and Missionaries to Europe via China and America.
HEAVY BAGGAGE received, forwarded and insured.
LIFE and ACCIDENT INSURANCE policies issued.
CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS of CREDIT issued for the use of Travellers in all parts of the World.
DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, and Foreign money bought and supplied. CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000
DEPOSITS received. Rate of interest on application.
INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected and every description of Banking and Money Agency transacted.
Hand book of information free on application.
BOMBAY: 13, Esplanade Road.
CALCUTTA: Old Court House Street.

---

HOMEWARD-BOUND PASSENGERS AND TOURISTS.



MESSRS. LATHAM & Co. receive and store Surplus Baggage and re-ship same.
Articles of Indian Art manufacture received and packed securely for transit.
MESSRS. LATHAM & Co. being directly represented at all the principal European, American, and Australian ports by thoroughly reliable Agents, all packages entrusted to their care will be expeditiously and economically cleared and despatched on arrival at destination.
If desired, passengers can be met on arrival by Messrs. LATHAM & Co.'s Agents.

BOMBAY, Esplanade Road. KARACHI, Bunder Road.

---

TREACHER & CO., LD.,
LARGEST IMPORTERS IN INDIA OF
ALUMINIUM WARE
FOR
TRAVELLERS,
MILITARY EXPEDITIONS,
AND GENERAL USE.
NON-POISONOUS, AND SUPERIOR TO COPPER OR ENAMELLED IRON WARE.
CATALOGUES FREE ON APPLICATION.
BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

---

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & CO., LD.,
ENGINEERS, BOILER-MAKERS, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS, SHIP AND MILLWRIGHTS.
MAKERS OF HALF PRESS AND FINISHERS FOR HALF PRESSED BALES.

CONTRACTORS for the supply of Machinery and erection of Buildings for Cotton, Flour, Sugar, Oil Mills, Distilleries, &c.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Cast and Wrought Iron Work of the heaviest description Cotton Presses and Hydraulic Machinery, Mill and Rope Gearing, Ornamental Castings, Road Rollers, &c. Wheels made by Machinery up to 4 feet diameter. Cutters made for Wheel-cutting Machines.
To enable us to meet all Engineering and Trade requirements we have lately added to our Works some of the largest and heaviest Tools in India, and greatly extended our Foundry.
We are also prepared to furnish designs for Bridges, Girders, Roofs, &c., and to manufacture and erect same in any part of India.
For Downie's "Eucalyptus," Boiler Fluid, for preventing and removing Scale in Boilers
,, Messrs. Wormald & Co.'s Fibrous Non-conducting Composition for covering Steam Boilers and Pipes.
,, The Climax Motor, for Baird's Sight-feed Lubricators.
Also Plate, Bar, and Angle Iron of the largest sections. Diamond, Silver and other Steel and Engineer's Requisites of all descriptions kept in stock.
For Sale—Boilers, Engines, Contractors' Pumps, and all boiler fittings, pipes, cocks, &c.

WORKS AND OFFICES, DEFENCES WORKS, MAZAGON.
AND BRANCH FACTORY, CARNAC IRON WORKS,
NEAR CARNAC BRIDGE.
ALCOCK & HEPWORTH,
SECRETARIES AND MANAGERS.

---

NOTICE! TO SMOKERS. NOTICE!

ANY one who wants fresh REAL HAVANA or MANILA CIGARS must obtain them from the undermentioned well-known Firm, who have just Unpacked a Consignment of the Celebrated Cigars Manufactured by BOCK & Co., of Havana.

SPECIALITIES.

| | | | Rs. | as. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Savoys, Regalia de Preferencia in boxes of | 50 | per box | 14 | 0 |
| Monicos, Regalia de Preferencia ,, | 50 | ,, | 15 | 0 |
| Dainties, Superiores de la Vuelta Abajo | 25 | ,, | 10 | 0 |
| Donotos Superiores de la Vuelta Abajo | 25 | ,, | 12 | 8 |

MANILA CIGARS.
"FLOR DE LA ISABELA" FACTORY.

| | | | Cash, Rs. a. |
|---|---|---|---|
| These can be recommended as good smokes :— | | | |
| Regalia Antonio Lopez in boxes of 50 with rings | | per box | 11 0 |
| Non Plus Ultra | do. 50 | do. ,, | 9 0 |
| Isabels | do. 50 | do. ,, | 7 8 |
| Exquisitas | do. 50 | do. ,, | 7 0 |
| Princessas (small size) | do. 50 | do. ,, | 5 0 |
| Little Devils | do. 50 | do. ,, | 3 0 |
| Club Londres | do. 100 | do. ,, | 7 0 |
| Neuvo Habano Especial | do. 100 | ,, | 6 0 |
| Habano 1A (extra large size) | 100 | ,, | 6 8 |
| Habano 2A | do. 100 | ,, | 4 8 |
| Cartado 1A | do. 100 | ,, | 6 8 |

The above cigars, imported by us only, are of excellent quality, and rich in flavour, forming a delightful and popular smoke. A discount of 10 per cent. is allowed for all the above on orders for 500 cigars and upwards.

---

TH. VAFIADIS & CO.,
GENERAL TOBACCONISTS,
20, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

---

THE
ST. JAMES'S BUDGET
(LONDON).
AN ILLUSTRATED REVIEW AND RECORD NEWS.
THE MOST ATTRACTIVE AND INTERESTING PICTORIAL PAPER FOR
ENGLISH PEOPLE RESIDING ABROAD.
EVERY FRIDAY, SIXPENCE.
PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED.

SOME SHORT OPINIONS OF THE PRESSS.—

"In every respect it is a credit to English pictorial journalism."—"Daily Telegraph."
"A better sixpenny worth is not to be found anywhere."—"Evening News and Post."
"Certainly nothing better of the kind has been produced."—"Star."
"An ideal production of illustrated journalism."—"Birmingham Gazette."
"A wonderful effort of modern journalism."—"Glasgow Evening News."
"A veritable *édition de luxe*. . . . Far superior to anything previously attempted in this line."—"Irish Times."
"A record of news superbly illustrated."—"Peterborough Advertiser."
"It is not equalled by any of the new illustrated papers."—"Public Opinion."
"The ST. JAMES'S BUDGET is now as near perfection as possible."—"Sunday Times."
"Several lengths ahead of all its competitors.'—"Staffordshire Advertiser."
"It is, in a fuller and more complete sense, an illustrated 'newspaper' than any of the pictorial weeklies can claim to be."—"Newcastle Daily Chronicle."
"Illustrated journalism has up to the present reached its highest point of artistic and literary excellence in the ST. JAMES'S BUDGET."—"Kendal and County News."
"Will hold its own against any of the illustrated weeklies."—"Piccadilly."

The ST. JAMES'S BUDGET will be sent direct from the Office to any part of India or the Colonies for 37s. per annum, including Postage. A Special Foreign Edition, printed on thin paper, can be supplied at 32s. 6d. per annum. *All* Subscriptions are payable in Advance, and should be addressed to H. E. MAYO GUNN, "St. James's Budget" Office, 15, Dorset-street, London, E.C.

---

# FIELD AND MARINE GLASSES,
## WITH ACHROMATIC LENSES.

WE have much pleasure in submitting a list of a few SPECIAL PATTERNS in FIELD and MARINE GLASSES suitable for the present Season.
Besides those contained in this list, we hold a large Stock of other Patterns.
The favour of all Orders will be esteemed, and shall receive our best attention.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| 1449.—Field Glass, Body covered with Russia Leather, Japanned Mounts, in Soft Sling Case | 20 |
| 1445.—Field Glass, Body covered with Russia Leather, Nickel Mounts, in Soft Sling Case | 25 |
| 1483.—Field Glass, Body covered with Russia Leather, Japanned Mounts, and Sun Shades, in Hard Sling Case | 40 |
| 1225.—Field Glass, Body covered with Calf or Morocco Leather, large Eye-pieces, in Hard Sling Case | 35 |
| 1385.—Short Form Field Glass, Morocco Leather Body, Japanned Mounts and Shades, in Patent Leather Sling Case | 50 |
| 1425.—Field Glass, Morocco Body, Conical Shape, Japanned Mounts, Compass between Eye-pieces | 55 |
| 1356.—Field Glass, Morocco-covered Body and Shades, Oxidized Mounts, very superior | 60 |
| 1397.—Field Glass, Morocco Body and Shades, Japanned Mounts, High Form | 65 |
| 1432.—Field Glass, in Metal Body, covered Morocco and Japanned Mounts, in Soft Case | 45 |
| 1388A.—Field Glass Aluminium, 12 Lens, Morocco Body and Shades, "Emperor" Model, bent bar, Octagon pull-out, polished Mounts | 145 |
| Field Glass Aluminium, 12 Lens, Russia Leather Body and Shades, High Form, polished Mounts | 160 |

OPERA GLASSES.
SIX LENS.
POWERFUL AND ACHROMATIC

| | |
|---|---|
| 1268.—Black Morocco Leather Body, Japanned Mounts, superior quality | 25 |
| 1229.—Morocco Body, Japanned Mounts, with Sling and Compass, first quality, in Leather Pouch | 26 |
| 1422.—Morocco Body, Japanned Mounts with Sling, first quality, in Leather Pouch, pointed bar | 28 |

TWELVE LENS.

| | |
|---|---|
| 1268A-13.—Morocco Body, Japanned Mounts | 35 |
| 1268-15.— Do. do. | 42 |
| 1268-17.— Do. do. | 45 |
| 1268-19.— Do. do. | 48 |

FANCY OPERA GLASSES.
A large stock of Fancy Opera Glasses suitable for presentation always on hand in Ivory, Shell, Mother-o'-Pearl, Fish Pearl, Tortoise shell, from Rs. 14 to Rs. 85

DOUBLE TELESCOPES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Aluminium Double Telescope, Calf or Morocco Body, Japanned or Polished Mounts, jointed bar for adjusting centres, Black Sling Case | 225 |
| Aluminium Double Telescope, Polished Mounts, jointed bar for adjusting centres, rapid pull-out, quick focussing adjustment, in best Sling Case | 250 |

---

MARCKS AND CO., LIMITED,
OPTICIANS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

LATEST MEDALS FOR EXCELLENCE AND PURITY.
GOLD MEDAL EMPIRE OF INDIA EXHIBITION OF 1895.
GOLD MEDAL EMPIRE OF INDIA EXHIBITION OF 1896.

---

BAHADUR CIGARS.
PAR EXCELLENCE THE LEADING BRAND OF
INDIAN CIGARS.
UNRIVALLED IN QUALITY AND FLAVOR.
THE NEAREST APPROACH TO A GENUINE HAVANNA.

| | |
|---|---|
| BAHADURS No. 1. | BAHADUR "BOUQUETS" No. 3. |
| BAHADURS No. 2. | BAHADUR "BOUQUETS" No. 4. |
| BAHADURS No. 3. | BAHADUR REGALIAS |
| BAHADURS No. 4. | BAHADUR PRINCESSAS |
| BAHADUR "Specials" No. 1. | BAHADUR DAWSON'S No. 1. |
| BAHADUR "Specials" No. 2. | BAHADUR DAWSON'S No. 2. |
| BAHADUR "Specials" No. 3. | BAHADUR EXCELSIORS |
| BAHADUR "Specials" No. 4. | BAHADUR MANILLAS No. 1. |
| BAHADUR "Bouquets" No. 1. | BAHADUR MANILLAS No. 2. |
| BAHADUR "Bouquets" No. 2. | BAHADUR MORNING WHIFFS. |

BAHADUR REEDS.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS, BAHADUR CIGARS,
McDOWELL AND CO.
MADRAS.

---

BACON!
BACON!
BACON!

FRESH Consignment every Mail, from C. and G. Harris, WILTS.

| | Per lb. Rs. a. |
|---|---|
| Middles, abt. 25 lbs. | 1 0 |
| ,, on Cut | 1 1 |

TREACHER & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

---

LATHAM & Co.,
BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.
SHIPPING, FORWARDING, COMMISSION AND GENERAL AGENTS,
BOMBAY AND KURRACHEE.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and conducted free of charge and interest allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates of interest to be obtained on application.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES AND REGULAR HOME PAYMENTS arranged at the best rate of exchange of the day. Clients' ADDRESSES CODED free of charge.
SOVEREIGNS AND BANK NOTES bought and sold at the most favourable rates.
PAY AND PENSIONS collected without charge and without life certificates.
LOANS AND ADVANCES made on approved securities.
PACKAGES forwarded to Europe and America by Eastern Express" at frequent and regular intervals, thus offering the cheapest and best Express Service, before the public.
BAGGAGE AND CARGO shipped by "HOME EXPRESS," at low rates, and to all parts of the World. Reliable Agents in every Port.
PACKAGES arriving at Bombay and Kurrachee cleared and forwarded up-country with promptitude and economy.
Property of every description carefully warehoused and stored. Articles of Indian Art and Manufacture received and packed securely for transit, and forwarded and delivered at destination.
INSURANCES—Marine and Fire—effected at current rates.
Represented in London, Liverpool, and Paris by
GEO. W. WHEATLEY & Co.

---

VISITING CARDS, DIES, CRESTS, Monograms, &c., &c., in elegant style and at the shortest notice. Engraving, Copperplate Printing and Lithographing orders. For rates, apply SUPERINTENDENT, "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

---

WANTED.

WANTED
FROM 1st FEBRUARY, 1899,
A SECRETARY FOR THE OOTACAMUND CLUB.

TERMS:—Rupees 250 per mensem rising to Rs. 300 (by periodical increments at the discretion of the Committee) together with Board and Lodging in the Club.
Residence in the Club is compulsory.
Applications must reach the PRESIDENT of the Club Committee, Ootacamund, by 1st October, 1898.

---

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.
NOTICE.

WANTED, TEN QUALIFIED HOSPITAL ASSISTANTS, to do duty as temporary Sub-Inspectors in the Health Department of the Bombay Municipality or in the Cemeteries as Registration Clerks. Pay Rs. 50 per mensem. Only qualified Hospital Assistants need apply to the Undersigned, and they should apply promptly.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
T. S. WEIR,
Executive Health Officer.
Public Health Department, Bombay Municipality, 19th August, 1898.

---

MENIST'S SPECTACLES.
MARCKS & CO.'S SPECTACLES.

WE beg to bring to the notice of the SPECTACLE wearing community, our following revised PRICE LIST :—

| Menist's Spectacles. | Gold. Rs. | Silver. Rs. | Steel. Rs. |
|---|---|---|---|
| With Turnpin Sides | 30 | 26 | 16 |
| With Single temple Sides | 30 | 24 | 16 |
| Soldens | 30 | 26 | 16 |

Spectacles and Foldens as above but fitted with Marcks and Co.'s Pebbles, Rs.5 reduction on Gold and Silver, and Rs. 4 reduction on Steel. The new Gold and Steel "Movilistes" Frames, fitted with Menist's or Marcks' Pebbles, prices as above.
All the newest patterns in Frames always in Stock; REPAIRS EXECUTED by the most EXPERIENCED WORKMEN at reasonable rates. OCULISTS PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED.

SPECIAL:
Our celebrated, VIOLET TINTED, SUN, GLARE and DUST GLASSES, are invaluable to people who suffer from the extreme glare of a tropical climate. May be purchased in either Steel, Nickel, Silver or Gold Frames, Japanned cups, nickel gauze cups, Sunrays with folding sides, foldens and Globular Spectacles, from Rs. 5 per pair.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### THACKER & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

NEW BOOKS.

| | Rs. | a. |
|---|---|---|
| Infantry Drill, with Corrections and Amendments to the present date | 1 | 0 |
| Times' Atlas. The most complete Atlas published | 25 | 0 |
| Rupert of Hentzau. Anthony Hope's New Novel. This is the Sequel to the Prisoner of Zenda | 2 | 0 |
| Jadoo. By Col. Newnham-Davis (The Dwarf of Blood): An Anglo-Indian Novel | 4 | 8 |
| Lord Roberts' 41 Years in India.—Owing to the great success of this work, a new edition is now ready, fully illustrated with all the pictures included in the 2-volume library edition, and with several additional portraits. This is the 30th Edition of the work | 6 | 0 |
| Veterinary Pathology. By Friedberger and Frohner. Authorised translation. Translated and edited by M. H Hayes, F. R. C. V. S., Author of Points of the Horse, &c. With Notes on Bacteriology by D. G. Newman, D. P. H. Vol. I. Infective Diseases of Animals. (Vol II will shortly be published) | 12 | 8 |
| "Quo Vadis."—A Narrative of the Time of Nero by Henry R. Sienkiewicz. Authorised and Unabridged Translation from the Polish by J. Curtin | 2 | 0 |
| Times—"An exceptionally good novel. The scheme of the book is ambitious The atmosphere is lurid, the scenes of extraordinary splendour. The whole novel is full of scenes little less exciting." | | |
| The Making of Religion By Andrew Lang | 9 | 0 |
| History of the Irish Rebellion in 1798.—With Memoirs of the Union, and Emmett's Insurrection in 1803. By W. H. Maxwell, with illustrations by George Cruikshank | 5 | 0 |
| The Pupils of Peter the Great.—A History of the Russian Court and Empire from 1697 to 1740. By R. Nisbet Bain | 13 | 2 |
| A Memoir of Major-General Sir Henry Creswicke Rawlinson, Bart., K.C.B., F.R.S., D.C.L., F.R.G.S., &c. By George Rawlinson, M.A., F.R.G.S., Canon of Canterbury. With an Introduction by Field-Marshal Lord Roberts of Kandahar, V.C., with Illustrations. | 12 | 0 |
| Cretan Sketches. By R. A. H. Bickford-Smith, M.A., F.S.A., Late Commissioner of the Cretan Relief Committee, Author of Greece under King George, Illustrated by Melton Prior | 4 | 8 |
| Reminiscences of Seventy Years' Life.—Travel and Adventure, Military and Civil; Scientific and Literary. By a Retired Officer of H. M.'s Civil Service. In two Volumes | 18 | 0 |
| Mr. Punch's Animal Land. Drawn and written by E. T. Reed, Maker of "Prehistoric Peeps." | 9 | 8 |

### GENERAL AVERAGE PER S. S. "DIDO."

THE S. S. "DIDO," with a general CARGO from MIDDLESBROUGH and HULL, for BOMBAY and KARACHI, has ARRIVED under a General Average, CONSIGNEES of CARGO by her are hereby requested to produce to the undersigned when applying for delivery, the BILL of LADING and Original Invoices for their respective Consignments and to sign the Average Bond.

The Goods will be landed in Prince's Dock, and Consignees may take delivery orders on presentation of their respective Bills of Lading.

The Steamer's Surveyor, Captain Clark, will attend every morning to survey damages, etc. All claims in this respect must be adjusted before the Goods are removed from the Landing Sheds. After removal from the Landing Sheds the Steamer will not be responsible for any damage whatever.

All claims must be presented for settlement within a fortnight of the Steamer's arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.

FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Agents,

Bombay, 29th August, 1898.

### THE EDDYSTONE MENTHOL INHALER

SERVES the double purpose of a Menthol Cone for external use and Menthol Inhaler for internal purpose. Is very convenient and effective. Re. 1 at

MADON, SONS & Co.,
CARNAC ROAD PHARMACY,
ESPLANADE CROSS ROAD, BOMBAY.

### PHILLIPS & CO., LD.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST HOUSE IN BOMBAY FOR

DRUGS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
MEDICAL & TOILET REQUISITES,
STORES, WINES & GENERAL GOODS.

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS.

### PHILLIPS AND CO.'S PETROLEUM HAIR WASH.

A DELIGHTFUL and PERFECTLY SAFE Dressing.—Prevents Hair falling out.

Per Bottle Re. 1-8.

BOMBAY AND POONA.

### THE COSMOPOLITAN CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

21, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, FORT, BOMBAY.
Branches at DADAR, and East Street, POONA.

NOTICE TO INTENDING SUBSCRIBERS.

THE LIBRARY Messengers NOW CALL at Colaba, the Fort, Grant Road, Malabar Hill, Mahaluxmi, Prince's Dock, Mazagon, Chinchpookli, Parel, Worlee, Sewree, Dadur, Matoonga, Mahim, Sion, Bandora, Santa Cruz and Andheri to deliver the following Papers & Periodicals:—

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE."

WEEKLY NEWSPAPERS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Ally Sloper's Half Holiday | Overland Mail |
| Answers | Penny Illustrated |
| Army and Navy | Pearson's Weekly |
| Black and White | Pick-Me-Up |
| British Medical Journal | Punch |
| Catholic Fireside | Queen |
| Catholic Times and Opinion | St. James's Budget |
| Engineer | Saturday Review |
| Engineering | Scraps |
| English Mail | Sketch |
| Field | Sketchy Bits |
| Forget-Me-Not | Spectator |
| Golden Penny | Sporting and Dramatic News |
| Graphic | Tablet (Catholic) |
| Home News | Times (London) |
| Home Chat | Tit-bits |
| Illustrated London News | To-day |
| Ladies' Gazette | Truth |
| Ladies' Pictorial | Vanity Fair |
| Lancet | Westminster Budget |
| Leslie's Weekly | Woman's Life |
| Lloyd's Weekly | World |

MONTHLY MAGAZINES AND REVIEWS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cassell's Family Magazine | Leisure Hour |
| Chambers' Journal | Macmillan's Magazine |
| Cornhill Magazine | Month (Catholic) |
| Contemporary Review | National Review |
| English Illustrated Magazine | Nineteenth Century |
| Family Herald | Pearson's Magazine |
| Fortnightly Review | Practitioner |
| Harper's Magazine | Review of Reviews |
| Idler | Strand Magazine |
| Ladies' Realm | Temple Bar |
| Lamp (Catholic) | Young Ladies' Journal |

TERMS STRICTLY PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

"For perusal of the "Bombay Gazette" [Morning or Evening delivery]. Three New Weeklies and Two New Magazines.
Monthly, Re. 3; Quarterly Rs. 8-8.

For perusal of the "Bombay Gazette" [Morning or Evening delivery], Six New Weeklies and Four New Magazines.
Monthly, Rs. 4; Quarterly Rs. 11.

The "Bombay Gazette" delivered in the Morning is taken back at Noon, and that given in the Evening, at 10 a.m. the following day.

The time allowed for perusal of a Weekly, is 24 hours and for a Monthly, three days.

N.B.—Arrangements are made to deliver the "Bombay Gazette" VERY EARLY every morning, ON MODERATE TERMS.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA (JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)

S.S. "MATSUYAMA MARU," Capt. M. NISHIMURA, 2,958 Tons, will sail for TUTICORIN, SINGAPORE, CHINA and JAPAN, on or about the 8th September.

For freight and passage apply to

T. KUSUMOTO,
Manager.

Victoria Buildings, Fort, Bombay, 29th August, 1898.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO arrived per S.S. "MELBOURNE" from MARSEILLES, are hereby informed that she is landing her Cargo in the Stream. All claims for Damages, &c., must be sent in to the office within eight days after the discharge of Cargo, otherwise they will not be Entertained. Goods on Survey will be attended to every morning.

C. RUINAT,
Agent.

Bombay, 29th August, 1898.

### NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA, SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per S. S. "SINGAPORE," which ARRIVED here from GENOA, on 28th instant, are hereby informed that the said Steamer, when near Alexandria, caught fire in her Bunkers, causing much loss and damage in consequence thereof. They are, therefore, requested to PRESENT their BILLS of LADING to the undersigned, sign the Average Bond, and pay the deposit of 5 per cent, on the invoice value of their respective Goods, when the usual delivery order will be given them.

F. BALDOVINO,
Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle.

## BANKS.

### COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE:—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52:—Threadneedle Street, E.C.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.

CAPITAL ...Frs. 100,000,000 (£4,000,000).

LONDON BANKERS:—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France, Calcutta Bombay, Tunis, San Francisco, Chicago, New Orleans, Melbourne, Sydney, Tamatave and Tananarivo.

Current Deposit Accounts are opened, and Interest is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000. Rates to be learnt on application.

Special arrangements may be obtained on application.

Deposit Accounts are Opened for Fixed Periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credit issued payable at any of the chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 3, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera, and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Writing and Reading Rooms, Telephone, all necessary arrangements for receiving and despatching Correspondence, exchanging Money, letting Safes or parts thereof wherein travellers can deposit valuables which they do not wish to keep in the Hotels, further Strong Rooms for the storage of heavy luggage, etc.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks cashed for Customers without charge if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold, Silver, and Produce.

W. LLEWELLYN,
Manager.

### NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... £500,000
RESERVE FUND ..... £230,000

HEAD OFFICE:
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES:
Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Colombo, Kurrachee, Delhi, Rangoon, Mandalay, Tuticorin, Kandy, Newera Elya, Zanzibar, Steamer Point, Aden, Cawnpore and Mombassa.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Deposits fixed for 1 year at 5 per cent. interest, and for shorter periods, at rates to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

### THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....Yens 12,000,000
PAID UP CAPIAL ..... „ 9,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... „ 6,660,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
Kobo, London, Lyons, New York, San Francisco, Hawaii Shanghai, and Hongkong.
BANKERS.—The LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK The UNION BANK of LONDON, THE PARR'S BANK LIMITED.

BOMBAY AGENCY:

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT, and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

T. KAWASHIMA,
Agent.

Hornby Road.

### THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, (LIMITED.)

HEAD OFFICE:—MADRAS.

BRANCHES:—
London—12, King William Street, E.C.
H. A. BERNERT, Manager.
Bombay—C. E. BEERESFORD, Manager.
Calcutta—REGD. MURRAY, Manager.
Rangoon—R. F. STRACHAN, Acting Manager.
Kurrachee—O. M. BARNES, Ag. Manager.
Rawulpindi—Murree—W. MOIR, Manager.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL.....Rs. 40,00,000
RESERVES AND REST ..... „ 13,63,900

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED AS UNDER

STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—For Home Remittances 4 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Received for 12 months at 5 per cent. per annum; for 9 months at 4½ per cent. per annum.

THE BANK will also at the HEAD OFFICE or any of its BRANCHES in India transfer sums for deposit in London, carrying interest from date of transfer in India.

SPECIAL RATES are given for short periods during the busy season.

Monies are received into the BANK'S PRUDENTIAL OR PROVIDENT FUND, bearing half-yearly compound interest at 5 per cent. per annum.

CHEQUES, BILLS, HUNDIES, AND CURRENCY NOTES of any Circle are collected and credited free of charge in the above Interest Deposit Accounts.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS receive 2 per cent. per annum up to Rs. 10,000 in the event of the balance not falling below Rs. 500.

OPEN CREDITS AND LOANS are granted upon all marketable Securities. BILLS, PROMISSORY NOTES are discounted.

Investment Orders executed on the London Stock Exchange under Code with London Bankers.

Apply for Rules to Head Office or Branches.

By Order of the Board.

C. R. BEERSFORD,
Manager, Bombay Branch.

Bombay, 1st July, 1898.

### EDUCATION IN GERMANY.

HOME in the family of Dr. Gloël for one or two boys, attending the Royal College (Gymnasium) in West. Residence in healthy situation surrounded by a Private Park. Terms £ 75 per year.

Application to

Dr. GLOEL,
Landhaus Birkenfeld,
West-and-chein,
Germany.

### WIESBADEN, GERMANY, PENSION VILLA FRANK, ABEGGSTRASSE, 3.

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS excellent Table, Baths, thermal and other. House stands on its own grounds. Within three minutes' walk of Kurhaus, moderate Prices. Arrangements made with Families, for summer or Winter season.

## SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 2 lines, Re. 1, each succeeding line, As. 8.
No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

PIANO TUNING AND REPAIRING.—We have now a fully competent Staff of PIANO TUNERS and REPAIRERS. All kinds of work undertaken. Pianos regulated, cleaned and polished. Harmoniums and Organs tuned, cleaned and made as new. Old bellows renewed or new bellows supplied.—MARCKS & Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., LTD.—Every requisite for COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHING Designs prepared and Estimates free.

MARZA WINE.—The latest, only scientific, and only palatable IRON and COCA WINE. For Anæmia, Weakness, Nervous and Mental Debility. Rs. 3-4 per bottle.—THOMSON & TAYLOR, Sole Agents, Bombay.

RS. 12-8.—GENT.'S SUN-PROOF HELMETS, White Shikari, Cork Crowns.—ASQUITH & LORD, Apollo Street.

FOR CYCLE ACCESSORIES & REPAIRS of every kind call on W. H. THORNS and Co., Tamarind Lane, Bombay and Secunderabad.

PIANOS!!! New and used. Strong-built and Sweet-toned. Prices very cheap. Trial solicited. PIANOFORTE DEPOT. Opposite Charni Road Station, Queen's Road.

BEDSTEADS.—Well known Birmingham Manufacturers, established over 40 years, require sole representative for India. Address stating commission required, references, etc. Apply to "E," care of this paper.

FRESH STOCK of Toilet Sets for Washing Table very pretty designs, Large Size Ewer and basin Prices Cheap. Disappointed Customers apply SEROFF BROTHERS, Hornby Row, Fort.

FINAL ENTRIES Poona Races, and SECOND ENTRIES Poona Steeplechases CLOSE on 1st September, at 7 P.M.

WANTED, a competent and experienced SECRETARY and MANAGER, for Cotton Spinning Mill, at Pulgaon. Applicants with experience of Spinning preferred. Good Salary. Apply, with Copies of Testimonials, to Mr. KRISHNA RAO PHATAK, Director, Sub-Committee, Pulgaon Mills, Nagpur, C. P.

DANTRA'S PURE GROUND MOCHA COFFEE, at Re. 1-4 per lb. Guaranteed Pure and unadulterated, and being roasted and ground by the latest method and immediately packed in air-tight tins the fine aroma is preserved.—N. B. DANTRA & Co., Coffee Merchants, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

THE Giant Patent PHŒNIX with 48 Harmonium Steel Reeds and 8 Metal Tunes and Case complete, Rs. 150. Never imported into India before. A powerful Hand Organ suitable for Dances or Dancing Halls.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort.

EUROPEAN, for many years in Merchant and Shipowner's firm, is OPEN to EMPLOYMENT in similar office, or any position of trust.—Apply "M." care of this Paper.

ENGLISHMAN shortly visiting France, Germany and England is willing to represent Indian Manufacturers desirous of opening up Business in Europe, Apply F. H. B. care of this office.

28 YEARS' World Wide Reputation.—D. FERNANDES and Co., Family and Operative Chemists, &c. (Economical arrangement.) Attendance, 11 a.m. to 6 p.m., daily, except Sundays. Medicine charges very moderate. 30, Medows Street, Fort.

MATHERAN.—TO BE LET.—The undermentioned highly desirable BUNGALOWS, situated in the most convenient and breezy part of the hill. They are all well furnished, command fine views and possess excellent accommodation.—EDEN HALL, JEWAJEE HALL, ST. ELMO No. 2, and KHUSHROO LODGE. For Rent and other particulars apply to PROPRIETORS, Poona Hotel, Poona.

VOICE from Madras, C. Green, Esq., Retired Salt Officer and Secy. to Rajah Venugopah Bahadur, writes on 19th May, 1898:—I suffered with fever for 19 days and had two doctors in attendance but their Medicines did me no good. I was then recommended to try Batliwalla's Ague Mixture and with few doses the fever left me and I have had no return of it since. ..... Batliwalla's and Co.'s Cholerol is as effective in Cholera, as Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture are effective in fevers. It has never failed in cases of Cholera, and you are requested to send for its testimonials. Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture and Batliwalla and Co.'s Cholerol are sold everywhere, at Re. 1 per bottle, or are sent by Dr. BATLIWALLA, Worlee, Dadur Bombay. Discount to the Trade.

WILL FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS. Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ENLARGEMENTS—RAJA DEEN DAYAL and SONS, Photographers by Royal Warrant to Her Imperial Majesty the Queen-Empress of India, are prepared to undertake orders for making Bromide Permanent Enlargements from any size of Photograph however old and faded to life size. Mort Artistically and highly finished in Black and White or Water Colours. Prices and full particulars on application to the MANAGER, Art Photographic Salon, Bombay.

"TARAXACUM JUICE WITH PODOPHYLLIN." a combination of the two medicines, in a most agreeable form. A certain remedy for sluggish Liver. Per Bottle Re. 1 and Re. 1-12. THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An Indispensable Book for Travellers in India and the East, contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Routes in India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India, revised from Official Sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office, and at all Booksellers and Railway Terminus.

WE employ British labour, give you reliable English article of superior workmanship, durability and strength, with instructions free at your own place. Apply for SINGER'S SEWING MACHINE, 5, Church Gate Street, Bombay. Hundred other Offices of the Company in India.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY.—Historical, Statistical and Descriptive. Contains valuable information. Revised and corrected up to date. Price, Rs. 5 with postage, Rs. 5-4. For sale at the "Bombay Gazette" Office

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOWFLAKE OIL, 150°, sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Churrimbhai Hirji, at Rs.4-13-8, per case, in Bombay, and by Mr. J. C. Bhut, at Rs. 4-13-2, per case, at Bandra.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done, in VERSE, after the manner of various other great Poets by W. E. H. PRICE. Re. 1-8. Postage Annas 4. To be had at this Office.

PIANO and SINGING TAUGHT by a Lady trained under well-known masters—has had much experience in voice production. Apply "ARIA," care of Messrs. Rose and Co., Rampart Row.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 pages of the Pall Mall Budget also, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged, Army Orders &c, Indian Subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage, English Subscription, Rs. 15 per year, including Postage.

WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency Business, 1, Trafalgar Buildings, Charing Cross, London.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., etc., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

FIRE and BURGLAR PROOF SAFES.—American, Austrian, Millners, Chubb's, Lords, Nagur's, & Co.'s Detector Locks, Cash Box, Despatch Box, &c.—NAGUR and Co., 32, Apollo Street.

FORMS of POWER OF ATTORNEY, Neatly printed. Price 4 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

THE only Firm in India which repairs and replaces new Springs to Air Guns with 3 months' guarantee, in case of breakage a new one is replaced free. No. 1, Rs. 4; No. 3, Rs. 5.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly Edition.—Issued on Thursday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly, Rs. 6; Quarterly Rs. 3; to Subscribers in Bombay. Rs. 12 to the Mofussil, postage extra.

INDIAN INDUSTRY,

Being a Reprint of Two Letters to the "Bombay Gazette" And a Lecture by BEAUCLERK.

Price 8 Annas.

CAN BE HAD AT

THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Ld., Bombay.
Messrs. THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta.
Messrs. HIGGINBOTHAM & Co., Madras.

## NOTICES.

### CEYLON HAND-MADE WASHING LACE.

BEST QUALITY and different kinds. Moderate Prices. Always in Stock. Apply to.—J. D. S. W. JAYASURIYA and BROS. Late of J. P. J. DeSILVA and Co., Ceylon Manufacturing Jewellers and Washing Lace Merchants, No. 2, Brigade Road, Bangalore.

### NOTICE.

IN ADDITION to our Girgaum Veterinary Stables, we have opened a Commission and Livery Stable at 223, Bellasis Road, Byculla, the premises lately occupied by Messrs. Ahmed Mahomed Michari and Co.

R. SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.

Girgaum and Byculla, 1st August, 1898.

### NOTICE.

TENDERS are INVITED for the Contracts for the Manufacture and SUPPLY of COUNTRY SPIRIT in the areas mentioned below of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts from the 1st April 1899:—

2. Tenders may be made for—
[a] the monopoly of manufacture and sale under the Bombay minimum guarantee system now in force in the said areas, or
[b] the manufacture and monopoly of supply to retail vendors under the Madras contract distillery system.

3. The duration of any Contract will be fixed at the discretion and under the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad. Full particulars of the other conditions under which tenders may be made, and under which the contracts will be granted, can be obtained on application to the Inspector-General of Excise, Hyderabad Assigned Districts, Amraoti Camp.

4. No Tenders will be received after noon on the fifteenth day of October, 1898.

5. The Contract areas are as follows:—

[a] ELLICHPUR DISTILLERY AREA.

ELLICHPUR DISTRICT.—2,6123 square miles with a population at the last census of 35,798.

AMRAOTI DISTRICT.—2,759 square miles, population 655,645.

NOTE.—As regards this area, tenderers may offer for the contract under either or both systems for the Ellichpur district alone, or for the Amraoti district alone, or for the whole of the Ellichpur distillery area, which includes both the Ellichpur and the Amraoti districts.

[b] AKOLA DISTILLERY AREA.

AKOLA DISTRICT.—2,659 square miles, population 874,783.

MALKAPUR TALUK [OF THE BULDANA DISTRICT].—791 square miles, population 177,877.

W. HASTINGS, Major,
Inspector-General of Excise, Hyderabad Assigned Districts.

### BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

FOUR PER CENT LOANS.

WITH the SANCTION of Government the Municipal Commissioner, on behalf of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay, hereby invites Tenders for portions as specified below, and amounting in the aggregate to 29 lakhs of rupees, of the undermentioned Loans for Municipal purposes, namely:—

| Title of Loan. | Amount to be borrowed this year. | Currency of Loan. |
|---|---|---|
| Loan [a] 25 lakhs Loan for Sewerage, Water and other Sanitary Works. | 15 lakhs | Repayable 1st November 1939. |
| Loan [b] 15½ lakhs for Sewerage, Wari Bunder, &c., Roads, Burial Ground, and Water Works. | 5½ „ | 1st July 1936. |
| Loan [c] 19½ lakhs for Sewerage, Roads and Sanitary Works. | 5½ „ | 1st June 1940. |
| | Rs. 29 lakhs | |

2. The loans are to be raised on the Security of the general revenues of the Bombay Municipality, subject to any prior charges in respect of balances of previous loans not yet fully paid off.

TENDERS.

3. Tenders for the whole or any portion of the aforesaid amount of 29 lakhs of rupees will be received by the Municipal Commissioner from this date to noon of Thursday, the 8th September next. Tenders must be for sums of 500 rupees or multiples of 500 rupees.

4. Each tender must be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay and enclosed in a sealed cover, superscribed "Tender for the four per cent. 29 lakhs loans."

5. The rate at which each tender is made must be specified in rupees or rupees and annas. It must not contain a fraction of an anna. If a rate containing a fraction of an anna is inserted in any tender, such fraction will be struck out and the tender treated as if the rate did not contain such fraction of an anna.

6. The Municipal Commissioner reserves to himself the right to allot to tenderers of sums of less than Rs. 50,000 Debentures in respect of [a] one of the loans specified in paragraph 1 above as he may find convenient and practicable. He will, however, endeavour to allot to each tenderer tendering Rs 50,000 or over, debentures of the particular loan (if any) for which the tenderer applies, but if this is found impracticable, he will be entitled to apportion the allotments between the aforesaid loans in the ratio of 2 to 1 to 1, that is to say, a tenderer for Rs. 50,000 will receive debentures for Rs. 20,000 of loan (a), Rs. 10,000 of loan (b), and Rs. 10,000 of loan (c), provided that no allotment will be issued in respect of any portion of a tender thus distributable which amounts to less than Rs. 500.

7. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender or tenders and further reserves to himself the right to accept the whole or such portion only as he may think proper, of any sum tendered for.

8. Tenderers whose tenders are accepted will have to pay into the Chief Accountant's Office the whole amount of the tender not later than the 1st October 1898.

9. In the event of any of the loans mentioned above being over subscribed, the rate allotted at the lowest rate at which tenders are accepted will be divided amongst those who have tendered at this rate in proportion, as nearly as may be found convenient, to the amounts of their tenders, subject to the provisions of para. 6, provided that no allotment will be made in respect of any portion of a tender thus distributable which amounts to less than Rs 500.

DEPOSITS.

10. Tenderers must pay (before 2 p.m. on ordinary working days and 12 noon on Saturdays) into the office of the Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality, a sum equal to 2 per cent. of the amount tendered. The Chief Accountant's receipt for such deposit must accompany each tender. A separate deposit must be made in respect of each tender.

11. Deposits must be in one of the following forms:—
(a) Cash,
(b) A cheque drawn in favour of the Municipal Commissioner on a Bank in Bombay.
(c) Government Promissory Notes or Municipal Debentures standing in the name of or endorsed to the tenderer.

NOTE.—Government Promissory Notes and Municipal Debentures tendered as deposits should be blank endorsed.

12. Deposits not being Government Promissory Notes or Municipal Debentures will, in the case of tenders accepted, either wholly or in part, be credited in part payment of the total amount of an accepted tender.

13. If after the acceptance of any tender, either wholly or in part, the allotment is not fully taken up, the deposit made in connection with the tender will be forfeited.

14. Deposits on tenders which may not be accepted either wholly or in part, will be returned on application to the Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality.

INTEREST AND SINKING FUND.

15. Interest will be paid half-yearly in Bombay at the rate of 4 per cent, per annum and a sufficient sum will be set aside annually and invested in such manner as may be authorised by law for the time being in force or to provide for the repayment of the whole of the principal of each loan on the dates specified in para. 1 above.

16. Interest will accrue on all accepted tendered amounts not earlier than the 1st October 1898 and will be paid by the Bank of Bombay or such other agent or agents as may be appointed by the Corporation from time to time in that behalf as follows:—
Loan (a)—Interest from date of payment, (but not earlier than from the 1st October 1898,) to the 31st October 1898, will be payable on the 1st November 1898, and thereafter on the 1st May and 1st November of each year.
Loan (b)—Interest from date of payment (but not earlier than from the 1st October 1898) to the 31st December 1898 will be payable on the 1st January 1899, and thereafter on the 1st January and 1st July in each year.
Loan (c)—Interest from date of payment (but not earlier than from the 1st October 1898) to the 30th November 1898 will be payable on the 1st December 1898, and thereafter on the 1st June and 1st December of each year.

ISSUE OF DEBENTURES.

17. To each tenderer whose tender is accepted in whole or in part and who pays the amount of tender accepted on or before the 1st October 1898, scrip receipts for payments made will be granted by the Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality. Debentures will be issued in exchange for such receipts as soon as possible.

FORMS OF TENDER.

18. Further particulars and forms of tender can be obtained on personal application at the Chief Accountant's office.

P. C. H. SNOW,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 29th August, 1898.

LA SOCIETE COMMERCIALE ET INDUSTRIELLE DE NAPHTE CASPIENNE ET DE LA MER NOIRE, 13 Rue Lafayette, Paris, in the Republic of France, and Batoum, in the Empire of Russia, Petroleum Merchants, are the sole and absolute owners of the above trade mark. The privilege of using such trade mark belongs exclusively to them aforesaid and, without their permission first had and obtained, no person, firm or corporation has or have any right to the use of such trade mark.

Any person firm or corporation using the above trade mark without such permission as aforesaid will be deemed to have infringed the rights of the owners thereof and legal proceedings will be taken against such person in respect of such wrongful use.

C. C. SCARAMANGA,
Constituted Attorney of La Societe Commerciale et Industrielle de Naphte Caspienne et de la Mer Noire.
1 and 2 Church Lane, Calcutta, 4th August, 1898.

## WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

### CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying 220 Military Messes and 69 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES, Spirits, or Liqueurs from the following well-known Houses:—

| | |
|---|---|
| POMMERY AND GRENO | Rheims. |
| VEUVE CLICQUOT PONSARDIN | Rheims. |
| WILLIAMS, HUMBERT & Co. | Jerez. |
| GEORGE TANQUERAY & Co. | London. |
| HEIDSIECK & Co. | Rheims. |
| CARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON | Leith. |
| PERRIER JOUET & Co. | Epernay. |
| PAGE AND SANDEMAN | London. |
| POL ROGER & Co. | Rheims. |
| BOLLINGER & Co. | Ay. |
| JAMES HAWKER & Co. | Plymouth. |
| JUSTERINI & BROOKS | London. |
| COCKBURN & CAMPBELL | Leith. |
| DEUTZ & GELDERMANN | Ay. |
| NATH JOHNSTON & SONS | Bordeaux. |
| J. SACOUNE | Gibraltar. |
| COSSART, GORDON & Co. | Madeira. |
| A. DE LUZE ET FILS | Bordeaux. |
| BUTLER, NEPHEW & Co. | Oporto. |
| COCKBURN SMITHES & Co. | Oporto. |
| VAN-ZELLERS & Co. | Oporto. |
| WOODHOUSE & Co. | Marsala. |
| LEACOCK & Co. | Madeira. |
| AYALA & Co. | Ay. |
| RUINART PERE ET FILS | Rheims. |
| KIDD AND SHADBOLT | London. |
| P. J. VALCKENBERG | Worms. |
| C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR | Cotes d'Or. |
| J. & J. GRANT | Rothes. |
| ACKERMANN LAURANCE | Saumur |
| ANDREW BOWAN | Melbourne. |
| AUSTRALIAN WINE Co. | Melbourne. |
| JOS. DIETZL | Budapest. |
| R. SCHLUMBERGER | Voslau. |
| JAMES CATHCART & Co. | Leith. |
| CHAS. MACKINLAY & Co. | Leith. |
| JOHN CRABBIE & Co. | Leith. |
| SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co. | London. |
| J. & W. NICHOLSON & Co. | London. |
| W. E. EDDISON & Co. | London. |
| EMIL POHL & Co. | London. |
| W. DOYLE | London. |
| GEO. IDLE CHAPMAN & Co. | London. |

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines, Spirits, or Liqueurs, &c., from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO

PHIPSON & Co.,
BOMBAY.

### THE ASSOCIATED VINEYARD CULTIVATORS CO.'S BEEHIVE BRANDY.

This BRANDY is much approved in GREAT BRITAIN, AMERICA AND AUSTRALIA, and has been recognized for upwards of a century. It needs only to be tasted to be appreciated. Rs. 2-4 per Bottle.

APPLY EARLY!!!

A Beautifully Colored 14 × 10

PORTRAIT

OF

H. M. THE QUEEN-EMPRESS

will be given away GRATIS to every purchaser of a Bottle of any one of

JAMES WATSON & CO.'S Glenlivet, Glenlivet × × ×, A I Club WHISKEY

By all Wine Merchants.

WHAT FINER CAN YOU DRINK THAN JOHN JAMESON & SONS' (DUBLIN)

"OWN CASED" VERY OLD BLACK-BOTTLE WHISKEY.

Please see you get it with

METAL CAPSULES { BLUE.....One Star. PINK.....Two Stars. GOLD.....Three Stars.

OF ALL DEALERS

Sole Export Bottling Agents to J. J. & S.

### R. SCOTT & CO., M. R. C. V. S.,

GIRGAUM VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES.

OLDEST ESTABLISHED FIRM IN BOMBAY.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses Selected for Local and Up-country Constituents. Horses Shod on the most approved principles under Personal Supervision.

Horses broken to single (Rs. 15), and double Harness 20), and Saddle (Rs. 15), Raw Walers Charged extra.

| Horses standing at Livery, on Commission Sale, or for treatment including Syce per mensem | Rs. 35 |
|---|---|
| Commission on Horses Bought or Sold | 17 |
| Examination and Certificate | 10 |
| Verbal opinion as to Soundness | 5 |

CRUSHED FOOD, OATS, BRAN, &c., Supplied.

## INSURANCES.

A FIRST CLASS INVESTMENT.

A provision for Self on retirement, or for Wife and Family in case of death.

**Rs. 5 000** payable on attaining the age of 55, or to the estate should death happen before the above age is reached.

THE

**UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,**

which is the OLDEST ESTABLISHED Life Office in the East, can issue a Policy for the above amount at the following rates :—

| Age next birthday. | Monthly premium. |
|---|---|
| 20 | Rs. 12 14 8 |
| 25 | Rs. 15 0 0 |
| 30 | Rs. 18 0 4 |
| 35 | Rs. 22 9 8 |
| 40 | Rs. 30 1 8 |

An additional payment of Rs. 5 per Rs. 1,000 on the year's premium would cover all war risks for Military Officers engaged in any part of the world on active service.

Rates for other amounts and all information regarding Life Assurance given on application to

Messrs. KING, KING & Co.,

Agents and Secretaries,

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,

BOMBAY.

**THE STANDARD**

IS A SCOTTISH LIFE OFFICE of 72 years standing, and is one of the wealthiest and most progressive of the Provident Institutions of the United Kingdom. It has been honourably known in India and the East for a long number of years, and has acquired a marked character for

SOUND AND LIBERAL MANAGEMENT.

Apply to the SECRETARY, at BOMBAY.

**CALEDONIAN**

INSURANCE COMPANY.

FOUNDED 1805.

THE OLDEST SCOTTISH INSURANCE OFFICE

HEAD OFFICE : 19, George Street, Edinburgh.

FIRE RESERVE FUNDS..... £577,096

Fire Insurances accepted on approved property, at Current Rates.

C. MACDONALD & Co,
Agents in Bombay.

23, Apollo Street.

**SUN LIFE OFFICE.**

LONDON,

ESTABLISHED 1810

ANNUITIES IMMEDIATE AND DEFERRED

ENDOWMENTS, INVESTMENT POLICIES,

The fullest and latest information will be given regarding Assurances on application to

SAMUEL FITZE AND Co.,
Chief Agents.

65-67 Esplanade Road, Bombay.

**ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,**

ESTABLISHED 1874.

Those who desire the Best and Cheapest Assurance obtainable in India should effect a Policy with the ORIENTAL

UNDER THE NEW

"ENGLISH PREMIUM" SYSTEM.

THE FUNDS have more than Doubled DURING 5 YEARS and now exceed

**Rs. 1,30,00,000.**

As the Expenses of Management of the Oriental are lower than those of any other Company of the same age, it can afford to grant POLICIES with Exceptionable Benefits.

Economy, Moderate Premiums,
Immediate Settlement of Claims,
Liberal Surrender Values and
Unquestionable Security.

Particulars and Forms may be obtained from

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Acting Manager,

BOMBAY.

**CONTAMINATIONS**

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all Impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the "cause" from the blood and bones To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per Bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

**ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS**

warranted to cure all Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guarantee free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the world. Proprietors :—THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG Co., Lincoln, England.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6, First Class Furniture for Sale or Hire. Inspection respectfully invited.


## BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

### BANKS.

| | Shares. | Amount. | Paid-up. | Last Half-Yearly. Divid. | Cash Rate. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| INDIAN BANKS. | | | | Rs. | |
| Bank of Bombay | 20,000 | 500 | all | 10 p. c. \| 1 bon. | 1,217 1-2 |
| Bank of Bengal | 40,000 | 500 | all | 10 pr. ct. | 1,110xd |
| Bank of Madras | 10,000 | 500 | all | 10 pr. ct. | 1,150 |
| Commercial | 10,000 | 100 | 75 | 8 p.c. | 102 |
| Bank of India | 15,000 | | | | |
| EXCHANGE BANKS. | | | | | |
| Agra | 1,00,000 | £6 | all | 3 pr. ct. | 80 |
| Charter Bank | 40,000 | £20 | £20 | 9 pr. ct. | £29¼ |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation | 80,000 | £125 | all | £1-5s. | |
| National Bank Indiafa | 48,000 | £35 | £12½ | 7 pr. ct. | 300 |

### PRESS COMPANIES.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Akbar | 200 | 1,250 | 1,250 | Yearly 75 | 1,150 |
| Albert Ginning Co. | 100 | 500 | all | 18 pr. ct. | 45 |
| Albert (Kurrachee) | 200 | 1,100 | 1,100 | Rs 80 | 950 |
| Bellary | 167 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvd 14 x | 200 |
| Bhownuggur City Press & Manfg. Co. Ld | 550 | 250 | 250 | 25 | 275 |
| Bombay Cotton Brealu Cawnpore Press Co., Ld. | 1,000 | 125 | 125 | dv Rs12½ | 107 1-2 |
| roach City Press Co., Ld | 500 | 200 | 200 | 18 | 182 1-2 |
| Colaba | 600 | 200 | 200 | dvd Rs25 | 210 |
| East India | 500 | 1,380 | 1,380 | dvd Rs15 | 315 |
| nglish Press and Manfg. | 350 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 100 | 1,300 |
| Fort | 400 | 200 | ... | dvd Rs 8 | 80 |
| French | 150 | 8,500 | 500 | 25+80 | 775 |
| Harvey and Sabapathy | 300 | 500 | 500 | dvd Rs30 | 490 |
| Hingoli Press Co., Ld. | 450 | 450 | 500 | dvd Rs30 | 365 |
| Khangaum | 700 | 100 | 100 | dvd Rs10 | 155 |
| Mahuva Press Co., Ld | 240 | 450 | 450 | Rs 60 | 440xd |
| Mahratta Press Co., Ld | 300 | 200 | all | 15 pr. ct. | 210 |
| Mahratta Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld. | 300 | 500 | 500 | 53 | 70 |
| Mercantile | 200 | 125 | 125 | dvd Rs 4 | 73 |
| Mofussil Co. | 125 | 400 | 400 | dvd Rs25 | 365 |
| Munnar M | 100 | 250 | a.. | 15 | 220 |
| New Berar | 100 | 800 | 800 | dvd Rs45 | 565 |
| New Indian | 125 | 125 | 125 | dvd 16½ | 170 |
| Prince of Wales | 150 | 500 | 0 | 20 | 400xd |
| abapathy (Bellary) | 500 | 800 | 500 | 7 | 370 |
| Samoon | 800 | 500 | 500 | 20 | 585 |
| Sind and Punjab Co. | 100 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 200 | 2,100 |
| Sind | 400 | 2,000 | 750 | 50 | 490 |
| Sorab Woollen Mills | 200 | 250 | 250 | Nil. | 75 |
| Surat City Press Co., Ld. | 37 | 200 | all | 12 | 200xd |
| Volkart | | 000 | | d d 65 | |

### SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

| | | | | Hal yearly | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ahmedabad ad V | 700 | 1,000 | 000 | Nil | 75 |
| Alliance | 1,500 | 1,100 | all | ... | 440 |
| Anglo-Indian | 1,345 | ... | 00 | Nil | 43 |
| Aurangabad S. & M. Co., Ld | 618 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 50 | 1,000 |
| Bellary S. & W. Co., Ld. (Bellary) | 871 | 60 | all | 9 per ct. | |
| ombay Unitod | 900 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvd Rs.40 | 525 |
| Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co. | 900 | 500 | 500 | dvd Rs.25 | 525 x 1 |
| Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld. | 500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | ... | 800 |
| Britannia Mills | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvd Rs.50 | 525 |
| Bombay Woollen Manfg. Co. Ltd. | 650 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvd Rs.10 | 1,200xd |
| Central India | 1,000 | 500 | 500 | dvd Rs.45 | 1,805 |
| China Mills Co. Ld. | 800 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvd Rs.50 | 570 |
| City of Bombay Mills | 800 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvd Rs.50 | 829 |
| Coimbatore S. and W | 6,000 | 100 | 100 | 9 pr ct. | 125 |
| Connaught Mills | 800 | 500 | 500 | 25 | 600xd |
| Colaba Land & Mills | 4,000 | 700 | ... | dvd Rs.12 | 445 |
| Coorla Mills | 800 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvd Rs.25 | 525 |
| Currimbhoy Mill | 800 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvd Rs.50 | 770 |
| David Mill | 1,400 | 800 | 500 | dvd Rs.25 | 400 |
| Dhulia Ginning and Pressing Co., Ld. | 400 | 250 | all | dvd Rs.20 | 250 |
| Dhun Mills | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 50 | 400 |
| Empress | 2,100 | 500 | 500 | dvd 10 | 475xd |
| Framjee Petit | 1,250 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvd Rs.20 | 500 |
| Hindusan | 875 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Nil | 400 |
| ting gunpat Mills | 700 | 500 | 500 | 40 | 670 |
| Howard and Bullough | 1,500 | 500 | 500 | 25 | 650 |
| Hope Mills | 500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 50 | 625xd |
| Hyderabad | 700 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 40 | 1,425 |
| Imperial Cotton | 900 | 500 | 500 | dvd Rs.15 | 330 |
| Indian Manfg. | 00 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvd 35 | 825 |
| Indo-China Manufacturing Co., Ld | 700 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvd Rs.50 | 775 |
| James Greaves | 1,100 | 500 | 500 | 25 | 540xd |
| Jaffer Alli | 600 | 500 | 500 | dvd Rs.20 | 220 |
| Jamshed Manufacturing Co. | 1,800 | 250 | 250 | dvd Rs.7½ | 200 |
| Jowraj Balloo | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | no dvd | 710 |
| Jubilee Mills Co., Ld. | 843 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 20 | 400 |
| Khandesh | 750 | 1,500 | 000 | dvd Rs.30 | 800 |
| Khangaum Manfg. Co. | 400 | 250 | 250 | 65 | 810xd |
| Khatao Makunjee | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvd Rs.25 | 600 |
| Leopold | 3,500 | 100 | 103 | 7 1-2 | 205xd |
| Lord Reay Mfg | 445 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 30 | 675 |
| Lakmidas Spinning & Weaving Co. | 1,000 | 1 000 | 1,000 | dvd Rs.50 | 980 |
| Madras United | 350 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvRs.100 | 3,000 |
| Mahalaxmee | 600 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Nil | 250 |
| Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga) | 8,400 | 500 | 500 | 15 pr ct. | ... |
| Manockjee Petit | 4,00 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvd Rs 75 | 2,190 |
| Mohanlal K. Parekh G & Mfg Co, Ld., Amraoti | | | | | |
| Mazagon | 5,000 | 250 | 250 | dvd Rs. 5 | 82 1-2 |
| Morarji Goculdas | 1,050 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvd Rs.55 | 1,875 |
| Mysore S & M. Co., Ld | 4,000 | 250 | 250 | dvd Rs.15 | |
| Madura Mills | 7,779 | 100 | 100 | Nil | |
| National | 500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Nil | pa 625 |
| New Great Eastern | 1,400 | 1,000 | 1,000 | s. 20 | 350 |
| Oriental | 5,722 | 625 | 625 | dvd Rs30 | 200 |
| Presidency Mills Co.(Ld). | 743 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvd Rs40 | 1 150 |
| Ruby Mills | 800 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvd Rs40 | 630 |
| Ripon Mills | 600 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvd Rs5 | 1,050 |
| aaraswati Mills | 1,250 | 500 | 500 | Nil | 500 |
| Samoon | 1,500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvd Rs50 | 710 |
| Sholapore Mills | 500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvd Rs60 | 1,800xd |
| Soonderdas | 750 | 1,000 | 1,000 | yrly Rs50 | 490 |
| Southern India | 1,000 | 500 | 500 | 15 | 220 |
| Southern Mahratta | 1,212 | 250 | 250 | dv Rs.12½ | 325 |
| Sun Mills, Ld. | 1,300 | 250 | 250 | Rs.5½ | 250 |
| Standard Mills Co. | 1,600 | 500 | 500 | 15 | 200 |
| Star of India | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Nil | 600 |
| Swadeshi Mills | 3,000 | 500 | 500 | dvd Rs.20 | 600 |
| Sassoon and Alliance | 3,000 | 500 | 5 0 | dvd Rs.1. | 450 |
| Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co. | 500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 50 | 515 |
| Union Mills Ld. | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvd Rs.30 | 50 |
| Vedalnaiker Lukhmishunker C Mill Co. Ld. | 900 | 500 | 900 | dvd Rs40 | 410x |
| Victoria Mills | 550 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Nil | 2425 |
| Western India | 1,200 | 1,000 | 1,000 | dvd Rs.50 | 550 |
| Wadhwan City Ginning Pressing & Manufacturing Co., Ld. | 400 | 250 | all | dvd Rs1 | 250 |
| Wadia Mills | 1,500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | | |

### MISCELLANEOUS.

| | | | | Half yearly | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alcock Ashdown | 1,750 | 100 | 100 | dvd Rs 5 | 170 |
| Back Bay Baths | 500 | 50 | 50 | 12 | 35 |
| Badhan Pile | 5,000 | 100 | 100 | 12 pr ct | 126 |
| Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation | 1,000 | 2,500 | 1,000 | 200 | 5,100 |
| Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld. | 500 | 375 | 625 | 75 | 1,300 |
| Bombay Land and Building Co, Ld. | 400 | 500 | 500 | 5-pr. ct | 60 |
| ombay Flour Mill | ,000 | 500 | 500 | 50 | 1,150 |
| Deccan Paper Mill's | 1,000 | 500 | 500 | 5-pr ct. | 205 |
| Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills | 1,500 | 200 | 200 | dvd Rs10 | 215 |
| Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co., Ld. | 2,800 | 250 | 250 | 9 p ct. | 220 |
| Empireof India Life A. Co.Ld. | 2,000 | 500 | 50 | ... | 65 |
| Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn | 5,000 | 100 | 10 | 10 pr. ct. | 18 |
| John Roberts & Co. | 1,500 | 100 | 100 | 10 pr. ct. | 180xd |
| Kemp & Co. | 4,000 | 200 | 175 | 21 | 397 |
| Kurrachee Landing | 500 | 500 | 300 | 20 | 183 |
| Marcks & Co., Ld. | 4,000 | 100 | 100 | dvd Rs15 | 140 |
| Napier Hotel Co. | 2,000 | 100 | 100 | 9 pr. ct. | 25 |
| Napier Foundry | 1,000 | 100 | 200 | ... | 60 |
| Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance | 5,000 | 200 | 50 | 12 pr. ct. | 114 |
| Phillips & Co., Ld. | 4,000 | 100 | 100 | dvd Rs 6 | 70 |
| Pg & Canning Co. | 6,000 | ,000 | 1,000 | dvd Rs20 | 467 1-2 |
| Rogsby & Co. | 1,000 | 100 | 100 | 5 | 70 |
| Treacher & Co. | 1,000 | 600 | 600 | 60 | 1,000xd |
| Thacker & Co. | 1,000 | 100 | 100 | | 140 |
| Telephone Co. | 9,000 | 251 | 100 | dvd Rs12 | 28 |

# BOMBAY.

## TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 45m. Sun sets, 6h. 16m. High water, 10-21m., 10-33a. Low water, 8-36m., 4-32a.

Annual meeting of the Cycling Club, Apollo Bunder, 6-45 p.m.

Music at the Yacht Club, 5-45 p.m.

POLO.—There will be a game at 5-15 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE.—A mail for Europe consisting of letters and packets specially marked for transmission per Austrian Lloyd's s. s. Imperatrix will be made up at the Bombay General Post Office for despatch to the Trieste Post Office at 5 p.m., (to-morrow) Wednesday the 31st instant.

ACCIDENT TO A MAHOMEDAN MENDICANT.—Ahmed Abba, a Mahomedan Mendicant, aged forty years was on Sunday last walking along Bapoo Khote Street, when he was accidentally knocked down by tram car No. 157 and sustained a fracture of his left hand. He was removed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital and detained for treatment.

THE PROPRIETARY SCHOOL DEBATING CLASS.—The eight ordinary meeting of the Proprietary High School Debating Society, was held in the Hall of the Institution on Saturday. Mr. Kekhusroo R. Parakh delivered an exhaustive speech on "The Native Press and its Liberty. The boys of the A. B. and C. divisions were present, and a hot discussion followed. Mr. D. B. Kharas B. A. ably occupied the chair. A vote of thanks was given to the President and short tly afterwards the proceedings ended.

BURGLARY AT MAZAGON.—Khunderao Gopinath, residing in his own house at Carpenter street, Mazagon, reported to the police on Saturday morning that during his absence from home on the previous night some person or persons entered his house by climbing on to the roof over the Verandah and opening a window by passing his hand through the venition and stole gold ornaments worth Rs. 250 from a cupboard, the lock of which was forced open. Complainant discharged from his service, a servant named Rama, about a month ago.

MUSIC AT THE BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.—The Band of the 21st Bombay Infantry will play the following programme of music under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine Band Master, commencing at 5-45 p.m. (Whether permitting) :—

| | |
|---|---|
| March | Prodama Nevesta ..... Scuetana |
| Aria, Euphonion Solo | Lucia di Lammermoor. Donizetti |
| Selection | Faust ..... Gounod |
| Song Cornet Solo | The Maid of Malabar ... Stephen Adams |
| Selection | Les Cloches de Corneville ..... Planquette |
| Valse | The Mikado ..... Bucalossi |

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

FATAL ACCIDENT TO A COAL LABOURER.—Mr. Allan F. Turner, the Coroner, held an inquiry yesterday at the J. J. Hospital, regarding the death of Narao Koosbaba, aged thirty years, a coal labourer residing at Falkland Road. On Saturday forenoon deceased was engaged, along with other labourers, in loading a barge with coal at the Port Trust wharf, Church Street, Mazagon, when his foot accidentally shipped from the wharf and he fell into the barge head foremost. The base of the skull was fractured. He was removed in an unconscious state to the J. J. Hospital, where he died on Sunday evening. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

SERIOUS CHARGE AGAINST A WRESTLER.—Before Mr. E. Wilkin, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Inspector Meyers charged Sonoo Sumbhoo, a wrestler, residing at Ferguson Road, with kidnapping a girl named Jankee, aged twelve years from the lawful guardianship of her father, with intent to outrage her modesty under sections 363 and 354 of the Indian Penal Code. About 5 o'clock on Friday afternoon the girl, who resides with her father at Parel, met the accused on the DeLisle Road. The latter, on the pretext of showing her Gunpattees, took her to different localities, gave her a quantity of liquor to drink and about 3 o'clock on the following morning attempted to outrage her modesty on the Verandah of a shop on Haines Road. The girl raised an alarm, when a policeman on patrol duty arrested the accused. The case was remanded.

ALLEGED FURIOUS DRIVING.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, constable Hobson prosecuted Doorgaram Prag a Hindu, before Mr. S. B. Spencer, Acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, on a charge of driving his master's vehicle in a rash and negligent manner along the Duncan Road and thereby causing injury to a Goanese woman named Marian De Souza residing at the Two Tanks. About 2 o'clock on Sunday afternoon complainant was going along the Upper Duccan Road, when she was knocked down by the horse attached to a private carriage belonging to one Lalbhoy Bhowanji and driven by his coachman, the accused. One of the front wheels of the carriage passed over the woman's right shoulder, fracturing the collar bone and two ribs on the right side. It was alleged that the accused was driving the carriage in a furious manner and did not warn the woman to get out of the way. The police had the woman conveyed to the J. J. Hospital, where she has been detained. The case was remanded pending the complainant's recovery.

A TEXT BOOK OF CHEMISTRY FOR MATRICULATION.—Mr. Khurshedji Framji Daruwala B.A., of the Bombay Educational Department, joint author of "A manual of Mechanics for Matriculation" has issued "A Text-Book of chemistry for matriculation." In range it represents the full amount of work for the local matriculation as well as for the Entrance Examinations of other Indian universities. The book is written so clearly and lucidly that all the fundamental facts of the science are fixed in the memory and the powers of observation of the student are cultivated. The author has used all the useful devices of a practical teacher to enable the student to assimilate the facts of the subject especially by a series of well devised questions going over the ground of each separate chapter. There is a copious supply of experiments—in fact all the experiments that the matric student is likely to see performed on the school lecture-table ; and what is of greater importance, the connection between the experiment and the truth demonstrated is very well brought out. The Book is nicely got up, and illustrated with well executed metal cuts.

ENTERTAINMENT AT KARWAR.—On Thursday last writes a correspondent, a grand evening entertainment of a musical and dramatic nature was given by the Collector Mr. C. C. Boyd to the native gentlemen of the station. There were nearly two hundred guests present including a few ladies. The performance commenced at 9 p.m. with two vernacular songs by boys. Then six scenes from Shakespeare's "Cæsar" were beautifully acted and great credit is due to the Christian actors who took part in the play. After an interval of ten minutes during which refreshments were served to the guests there was a trial by jury the piece selected being "Bardell versus Pickwick." Serjeant Buzfuz's opening speech made some of the guests who had not read Pickwick shed tears for poor Mrs. Bardell. The judge and the barristers appeared on the stage in gowns and I do not know how the actors managed to collect so many gowns in a place like Karwar. The music was indeed good and the stage with the painted scenes and other decorations could not be better and did great credit to the indefatigable Municipal Secretary to whom it appears the whole management was intrusted by the host. It was past twelve when the guests retired, pleased to their heart's content.

MUNSHI SHAIK AHMED DULVIE, J.P.—It is with deep regret we announce the death of Munshi Shaik Ahmed Dulvie, late bullion-keeper of the Mint, Bombay, which took place at 6 p.m. on Friday last at his residence in Tonkar Street, Nagpada, at the age of 60. He was highly respected by his co-religionists on account of his learning and the position he held. He was one of the Directors of the Juma Musjid. He was educated at the Free General Assembly's Institution under Dr. Wilson. When the English education was in its infancy Dr. Wilson had among his pupils three Mahomedan Students belonging to respectable families. Of these three one of them was Syud Almadani Judge, Small Causes Court, and the other two being Munshi Shaik Ahmed Dulvie and his brother Goolam Mohyutdeen Dulvie, late head Arabic, Persian, and Urdu Translator of the local High Court. It was not little to their credit that they took so boldly to English education when the apathy among Mahomedans against Western culture must have been very keen. Munshi Shaik Ahmed Dulvie passes away the last of the first generation of English-educated Sunni Mahomedans among the old residents of Bombay. He was connected with several important movements started to promote the interests of the Mahomedan community. He always assisted the poor and helpless of his community. He was one of the advocates of female education among Mahomedans. This is amply borne out by the fact that he placed most enthusiastically at the disposal of the John School's Committee his own house for the Nagpada Girl's Urdu School with necessary alterations made in the premises at considerable expense. He served the Government for a period of 37 years out of which for 17 years he held the post of bullion keeper with great credit to Government and to himself. General Ballard and General White, late Mint masters, highly commended his services. He was a good scholar of Persian and particularly fond of the sophistic poetry of Hafiz. He leaves behind him one son and one daughter. His funeral which took place at 9 p.m. on Friday was attended by over 500 Mahomedans. Major Davidson R. E. the present Mint Master, on hearing this sad news, ordered the Mint to be closed on Saturday out of respect to his memory. At a meeting of the Anjumani Ikhwanul Mutlafeken held last Saturday to discuss on the subject of education among Mahomedans, the President of the Association Mr. Sayid Muimiddin, Deputy educational Inspector, Urdu Schools spoke in due terms of the excellent qualities of both head and heart of the late Munshi as he knew him personally from his infancy. He narrated the broad facts of his life and noble example he set to his coreligionists in the matter of furthering the cause of education famong them. The meeting recorded its deep sense of regret at the loss. The Mahomedans suffered by the death of Munshi Shaik Ahmed Dulvi. Among those present at the meeting were Messrs. Syud Muimuddin, Dy. Educational Inspector Urdu Schools. Moulvie Abdullah Ahmed, Arabic and Persian Translator. Oriental Translator's Office, Hajee Rahmatullah Hajee Dawood, Munshis Abdool Rahaman, Mohamed Yunus, and Doolekhan and others.

## HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before SIR CHARLES FARRAN, Chief Justice, and the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE B. TYABJEE.)

### A WAGERING LIFE POLICY.

BAI ALLAMAI VS. THE POSITIVE GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

THIS was an appeal by the plaintiff Allamai, wife of Nusserwanjee Framjee Bhundara of Bombay, residing at Hyderabad with her husband, a practising barrister at that place, from a decree of the Hon. Mr. Justice Fulton passed on the 26th March 1898. Mr. Macpherson and Mr. Anderson, instructed by Messrs. Bicknell, Merwanjee and Motilal, appeared for the plaintiff and appellant; and Mr. Branson and Mr. Scott, instructed by Messrs. Crawford, Brown and Co., appeared for the defendant company.

The plaintiff had instituted the suit to recover Rs. 25,000 due on policy on the life of Mahboob Bee, who died after assigning her policy to the plaintiff. The defendant company had filed two written statements denying liability. The insured Mahboob Bee was the wife of one Abdul Samed, who was in the service of Mr. Bhundara as a moonshee. About May 1894, Mr. Bhundara was much interested in insurances and introduced several persons to Mr. Limjee, the defendant company's sub-agent in Bombay, with whom he carried on an active correspondence. Among other insurances he arranged for a policy for Rs. 25,000 on the life of Mahboob Bee for a term of ten years. On the 1st September 1894, Mahboob Bee is said to have executed an assignment for her policy to the plaintiff, who gave her Rs. 80-8, being the amount of the two premia already paid. On the 3rd September she fell ill, and she died on the 2nd October. Mr. Justice Fulton, in dismissing the suit with costs, said the question was whether, when Mr. Bhundara first obtained the policy in Mahboob Bee's name, he intended it to be for her or her husband's benefit, or whether throughout he intended to procure the benefit of it for himself or his wife. Assuming that if it were found that the policy was effected on pretended behalf of Mahboob Bee, but really for use and benefit, and on account of the plaintiff and her husband, the contract would be void under section 30 of the Contract Act. After considering the evidence, Mr. Justice Fulton arrived at the conclusion that the insurance was effected by Bhundara, not for the benefit of Mahboob Bee or her husband, but with the intention of securing by assignment the benefit for himself or his wife. His lorship found that Bhundara had no interest in the life of Mahboob Bee, and that the policy was void under section 30 of the Contract Act. His lordship did not think that the assignment by Mahboob Bee was proved. The claim was dismissed with costs.

On behalf of the appellant, it was argued before the Appeal Court that Mr. Justice Fulton was wrong in holding that the policy was not effected by Mahboob Bee, or for her use and benefit, or on her account; and that he erred in holding that the policy was effected by Nusserwanjee Framjee Bhundara, the husband of the appellant, for his own use and benefit. The learned judge was wrong in holding that the policy was a wagering transaction and as such void; and that he erred in holding the onus of any proof, except the formal proof of claim, lay on the appellent.

The Chief Justice, in giving the decision of the Appeal Court, said the question was whether the policy was intended for the benefit of Mahboob Bee, or for Bhundara. If it was for Bhundara, was it void in law? If for Bahboob Bee, and assigned to Allamai without interest, could Allamai recover under it? As to the law, his lordship felt no difficulty; he thought a non-interest policy was a wagering policy, and was void under the Gaming or Wagering Act. At a certain point the onus of proving that the policy was for Mahboob Bee shifted on Bhundara. The proved facts threw the onus on him. Mahboob was a young Mahomadan woman with no means, and after the payment of the premium assigned the policy to Bhundara. He appeared to be a speculator, and had not satisfied the onus on any point. That he was a speculator was shewn by his cross-examination. Did he shew that Mahboob conceived the idea of insuring her life? On that point he told a ridiculous story. As to his explanation he was not to be believed. Then as to the assignment, if the policy was a genuine one, the story of the assignment would be difficult to believe. His lordship thought that the policy was wagering. The decree of the lower court was confirmed with costs.

## OPENING OF NEW FLOUR MILLS.

THE opening ceremony of "The Boyce Flower and Spice Mills" was performed on the 29th instant before a large gathering of merchant guests. After the recital of prayers by the moheds the engine was started by Mrs. Jamshedjee Eduljee Boyce. The guests then adjourned to the flour and spice machinery rooms, where the various machines were bringing the corn through the various processes of preparation prior to its final reduction to powder. Messrs. Drewet, Chowna and Co. supplied the whole machinery. The engine, which is a fine specimen of elaborate design and workmanship, is of the tandem compound corliss type, and is made by the well-known firm of Messrs. J. and W. McNaught. It will indicate 150-horse power. The boiler, which is strongly constructed to carry a daily working pressure of 125 lbs. per square inch, is made by the long established firm of boiler makers, Messrs. Thos. Hill and Sons. The work of putting up the whole plant was carried out entirely according to the design and under the supervision of Messrs. Drewet, Chowna and Co. In an appropriate little speech Mr. Jamshedjee Eduljee Boyce dwelt upon the necessity for seeking new outlets for the production of the country and advantages of enterprise, and distributed presents to all the workmen as well as to those who had been instrumental in rendering him assistance in any way. Mr. Palonjee Dadabhoy Chowna, of the firm of Messrs. Drewet, Chowna & Co., was thanked by Mr. Boyce for his valuable advice in engineering matters and was presented with a shawl. Mr. Hormusjee Khurshedjee Bano, the engineer of Messrs. Drewet, Chowna and Co., who superintended the erection of the whole plant, was given a purse. Mr. Jamasjee Rutonjee Mistry was also presented with a shawl for his valuable assistance in building the mill, and Mr. Pestonjee Bhathena, the engineer in charge on behalf of the flour mill-owners, was also awarded a purse. After partaking of refreshments the guests left, wishing Mr. Boyce and his company a prosperous career.

## MOUNTED SPORTS.

TO-MORROW WEDNESDAY.

The following are the conditions for this meeting :—

1. Tent-pegging—(a) Horses; (b) Ponies.
2. Bicycle Chatty Race

Competitors, carrying sticks, to ride a given course (no hurdles) to where chatties are placed on ground, pick up one with stick with or without dismounting and to ride back with it over same course carrying it at end of stick. Two chatties will be provided for each competitor but should he break both, he may ride home endeavouring to break with his stick the chatties being carried by the other competitors.

3. Pony Hurdle Scurry.

About 2 furlongs over 4 flights of brushwood fences. Catch weights. Previous scurry winners penalised 20 yards.

4. The Bran-pie Flutter.

Competitors to ride a given course to where syces are standing, dismount and run 50 yards to where two bran-pies are placed on the ground. They will then dip for a parcel done up in paper and labelled with their names, and as soon as found they must unpack parcel and put on article of wearing apparel found therein, run back to ponies and mount and ride home over same course. Articles of clothing must be properly adjusted, and should competitors find parcels which do not belong to them they can put them back at bottom of pie and go on dipping till they find their own.

5. The Whistling Coon Stakes (Ladies' Nomination). The judges will have a list of simple, well-known tunes duly numbered and gentlemen will draw a number to see which tune is to be allotted to them. They will then ride a given course to where ladies are standing, dismount and hold pony while they whistle their tune to nominatrix, who will guess tune and write the name down on a piece of paper and sign her name. Gentlemen to mount and return over same course carrying paper which must be handed in to judges. First gentlemen past the post with correct tune to win.—C. Webster, C. Corbett, Joint Hon. Secretaries.

THERE is, we learn, writes the *Rangoon Gazette*, a strong movement on foot which has for its object the early increase of the pay of the Commissioners and Deputy Commissioners of Burma. These officers say that during the last 12 years the commission has nearly trebled in size; that their duties and responsibilities have been much increased; that the cost of living in Burma is 25 per cent greater than it is in the Punjab; that the higher ranks of the services in the provinces which spread themselves out to the sea below Simla enjoy from 10 to 20 per cent. better pay than they do; and that Burma can now—witness His Honour's recent Durbar speech here—well afford concession to them similar to that which has been accorded recently to the Deputy Commissioners and Commissioners of, he much smaller commission of the Central Provinces.

## THE ARCHBISHOP OF BOMBAY AT DADUR.

DR. THEODORE DALHOFF, S.J., the Roman Catholic Archbishop, at the invitation of the members of the Sodality of the B. V. Mary, attached to the Chapel of St. Francis of Assisi at Dadur, visited their Chapel on Sunday last. On this occasion the parishioners presented his Grace with the following address, which was read on their behalf by Mr. J. A. D. Aguiar :—

May it please Your Grace,—We the parishioners of the Chapel of St. Francis of Assisi, Dadur, affiliated to the Church of Our Lady of Victories, Upper Mahim, subject to Your Grace, have much pleasure in welcoming you on the occasion of your visit after a period of about five years. We were very glad to learn that your sojourn in Europe has resulted in a marked improvement in your health, enabling you to devote your strength and energy towards the welfare of your flock. Since Your Grace's last Pastoral Visit several changes for the better have taken place in regard to our chapel, namely a new altar and a pulpit have been erected at the expense of a generous Catholic, (Mr. L. F. D'Souza) also a harmonium, 2 statues, benches, and wallshades and few other church articles have been presented by other donors. The Church requisites were urgently wanted, to obtain which, we have been particularly indebted to the indefatigable efforts of the past and the present vicar, the Rev. Dr. D'Monte and their assistants Revd. Fathers Misquitta, Dias, and Creado. We are, moreover, thankful to the generous donors, and also to the Sisters for the trouble they take in the chapel. We may be allowed on this solemn occasion to present to Your Grace a desire, which we have very much at heart, viz., a favour of a resident priest, as our community consists of over 200 souls, and the distance from the chapel to the church of Our Lady of Victorias, is especially in time of sickness, very much felt by every one. Your Grace has always looked to our spiritual welfare with a fatherly eye, and your benevolent disposition will naturally sympathize with us in the difficulty which we experience. In conclusion, we thank you for your visit, and beg Your Grace's blessing on us and our families, and wish you many more years of life to govern the flock over which you have been placed as Pastor. —We beg, &c.

His Grace, in replying to the address, thanked the parishioners for the same and said that he was happy to see that their chapel had been now adorned with the various presents, which several generous donors had made, especially the altar. He was also glad to find that there reigned perfect peace and unity between their past and present vicars and themselves. As regards the request made in the address for a resident priest, he said that it was a very important question, and that though he could do nothing at present, the question would engage his attention at some future time. He concluded by blessing the parishioners, donors and their families. The St. Lucius Band was in attendance and played creditably.

## HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

THE sixty-sixth report of the court of directors of the above corporation presented at the ordinary half-yearly general meeting of shareholders, held at the city hall, Hongkong, on Saturday, 13th inst. was as under :—

Gentlemen :—The directors have now to submit to you a general statement of the affairs of the Bank, and balance-sheet for the half-year ending 30th June 1898.

The net profits for that period, including dols. 2,98,863·22 = Rs. 4,33,354, balance brought forward from last account, after paying all charges, deducting interest paid and due, and making provision for bad and doubtful accounts, amount to dols. 33,395,02 = Rs. 38,93,823. The directors recommend the transfer of dols. 10,00,000 = Rs. 14,50,000 from the profit and loss account to credit of reserve fund, which fund will then stand at dols. 90,00,000, = Rs. 1,30,50,000. They also recommend writing off Bank premises account the sum of dols

THE
BLUTHNER PIANOFORTES,
GRAND AND UPRIGHT.
THE MOST PEREECT PIANOFORTES
IN THE WORLD.
HERR MORIZ ROSENTHAL
Who has for many years used only the BLUTHNER PIANOFORTES, writes as follows :—
"It affords me the greatest pleasure to testify that the GRAND PIANOFORTES manufactured by JULIUS BLUTHNER more than justify their world-wide reputation. They combine the most pure and refined tone with enormous power; and every gradation of tone, from the most ethereal pianissimo to the loudest fortissimo, can be perfectly produced by them. In short, there touch and repitition are so perfect as to enable the artist to produce the most beautiful effects."
MARCKS AND CO., LD.,
SOLE AGENTS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

S. B. SHROFF, M.D.
AMERICAN & FRENCH REMEDIES
FOR
DIFFICULT CASES!
Consulting Hours 12 to 5, Mint Road, Fort.
7 to 11 and 5 to 7, Near Musjid Bridge.

WARDEN & CO.,
BOMBAY AND KURRACHEE.
BASIL MISSION MANGALORE ROOF TILES,
"MINTON" PAVEMENT, DADO AND ORNAMENTAL TILES,
WHITE GLAZED TILES,
NINE ELMS PORTLAND CEMENT,
MARBLE PAVEMENT TILES AND SLABS.
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES Working, Drawings and Estimates furnished on Application.
WARDEN & Co.,
27, HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY.

KING, KING & Co.,
BOMBAY.
KING, HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge for Commission, and interest at 2 per cent. per annum credited on 30th June and 31st December, when the minimum balance does not fall below Rs. 500. Currency Notes of all Circles and Demand Hundies payable in Bombay received without charge.
FIXED DEPOSITS received, subject to six and twelve months' notice of withdrawal at rates which can be ascertained on application.
HOME REMITTANCE ACCOUNTS opened and interest at 3 per cent. per annum allowed upon deposits of Rs. 500 and upwards.
REMITTANCES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM, Demand and Telegraphic, made at the current rates of Exchange, and addresses in connection with the latter registered Free of Charge through Messrs. HENRY S. KING & CO., 65, Cornhill, London.
LONDON:
HENRY S. KING & CO.

GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
SHIPPNG DEPARTMENT.
BAGGAGE received and shipped, landed and forwarded or Stored.
PACKAGES and PARCELS forwarded to England and elsewhere.
PACKAGES from EUROPE Cleared through the Customs and Despatched. To avoid delay, the Shippers should be instructed to send to us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.
INSURANCES, Marine, Life, and Fire, effected with Offices of standing.
H. M. TROOPSHIPS.
Every assistance afforded to Officers proceeding to and from England.
LONDON AGENTS:—
MESSRS. GRINDLAY & Co.

*NOTICE.*
THE Editorial and Advertising Offices of the *BOMBAY GAZETTE* have been REMOVED to No. 29, CHURCHGATE STREET, (formerly "Times of India" Offices).

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

CHUBB'S SAFES
AND
CHUBB'S LOCKS
DAILY PRESERVE CRORES OF RUPEES
There is not a single instance of
LOSS BY FIRE OR BURGLARS
FROM A
CHUBB'S FIRE-PROOF
AND
THIEF-RESISTING SAFE.
EDULJEE PESTONJEE,
BOMBAY AGENT,
37, PARSEE BAZAAR FORT.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co.,
BANKERS, MERCHANTS, AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
TRAFALGAR BUILDINGS,
NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE,
CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W.C.
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS "PULLICATE LONDON."
A. B. C. CODE USED.
CONSIGNMENTS of PRODUCE received and disposed.
INDENTS executed with care and promptitude.
PASSAGES booked by a Line of Steamers.
All AGENCY BUSINESS undertaken.
The representatives of WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., on RECEIPT of INTIMATION, Board Steamers from the East on their arrival at Plymouth, at Gravesend, or at the Docks, to take Instructions of Clearing and Forwarding Baggage, &c.

HAND-BOOK
OF
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE,
BEING a Compilation of Decisions, &c., on Questions regarding Giras, Wants, and other Guaranteed Rights with an Introductory Account of the Settlements in Kathiawar, Mahikantha and Rewakantha, together with Appendices and a Copious Index.
PRICE..... Rs. 6.
Packing and Postage extra.
To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Press Bombay.

# COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

MONDAY EVENING, AUG. 29.

WE reported under Saturday evening's date the latest news received through Reuter for this column.

The Bank of Bombay return for the week ending on Saturday shows the following changes :—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Public Deposits at the Head Office... | Inc. | Rs. | 9,55,902 |
| " " Branches ..... | Inc. | " | 4,94,111 |
| Other " ..... | Dec. | " | 6,93,958 |
| Government Securities ..... | Inc. | " | 9,729 |
| Other authorised " ..... | Dec. | " | 5,570 |
| Loans ..... | Dec. | " | 63,171 |
| Bills Discounted and Purchased ... | Inc. | " | 70,488 |
| Balances with other Banks ..... | Dec. | " | 1,05,700 |
| Cash ..... | Inc. | " | 11,31,602 |

During last week there was an addition to the Cash Balance of the Bank of Bombay amounting to some 11 1-4 lakhs at 208 3-4 lakhs as disclosed by the above Return issued to-day, as against an increase in the previous week of some 17 1-2 lakhs at 197 1-2 lakhs. Public Deposits at the Head Office were 9 1-2 lakhs higher and at the Branches nearly 5 lakhs. Private Deposits were about 7 lakhs less; Loans were 1-2 lakh less; and Bills Discounted and Purchased decreased to the extent of 3-4 lakhs. Balances with other Banks increased by 1 lakh.

COTTON.—Prices have advanced to-day Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy in a steady market. Exporters bought 100 bales Dhulias at Rs. 125 1-4 per candy; 100 Amreli at Rs. 134; 200 Pachora at Rs. 123; and 100 Wadhwan at Rs. 128. The Mills purchased 100 Tinnevelli at Rs. 140; 300 Bhosawul at Rs. 126; 300 Khandva at Rs. 132; 200 Pachora at 123; 100 Amreli at Rs. 134; 50 Surat Ginned at Rs. 145; 50 Saw Ginned at Rs. 137; 100 Poolgaum at Rs. 132; and 200 Oomrawatee at Rs. 128 to Rs. 130.

The reports wired from the cotton growing districts this morning advised, that the weather where not cloudy was bright with no sign of rain. The highest fall registered since Thursday last was 58 cents at Broach, while Bhownagar received 55 cents, Sholapore 44 cents, and Dhulia 40 cents. The cotton plants, though generally in want of more rain, were doing well, but at Barsi, as at Bellary, the absence of rain was causing anxiety.

WHEAT AND SEEDS are quiet and without any change of importance.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay on Saturday were as follows :—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Cotton ..... | 325 | bales. |
| Linseed ..... | 6,350 | " |
| Rapeseed ..... | 8,055 | " |
| Gingellyseed ..... | 572 | " |
| Poppyseed ..... | 1,182 | " |
| Castorseed ..... | 4,036 | " |
| Rice ..... | 2,353 | " |

FREIGHTS are unchanged, rates being maintained at their current level. There is not much business passing; some small ready lots of Cotton have been done at 20s. per ton.

EXCHANGE—Rates have been steady to-day at 1s. 3 29-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and 1s. 4 1-32d. for three months' sight Credits. Business was on a very small scale; Merchants' Bills were extremely scarce and the enqiry for Bank Paper trifling. Re-sales were offering, and business was done in this direction to some extent and the market closing firm as follows :—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bank Bills on Demand ... | 1s. 3 29-32d. | per rupee. |
| Do. Telegraphic ..... | 1s. 3 29-32d. | " |
| Credits 3 months' sight ... | 1s. 4 1 32d. | " |
| Francs ..... | 1 03 1-2 | " |

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—The market is firm in tone at 94 7-8 for Cash and the coming Settlement for 3 1-2 per cents. and 85 for Threes.

SHARES.—There has been a downward movement in prices to-day, as disclosed by our revised list.

## BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE following is the Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bombay for the week ending 27th August, 1898, as compared with the Statement of 20th August, 1898 :—

| LIABILITIES. | Aug. 20, Rs. | Aug 27, Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| Capital ..... | 1,00,00,000 | 1,00,00,000 |
| Reserve Fund ..... | 74,00,000 | 74,00,000 |
| Special Reserve Fund ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Public Deposits at Head Office ..... | 48,32,985 | 58,38,887 |
| Do. do. at Branches ..... | 24,16,923 | 29,11,014 |
| Other Deposits ..... | 319,82,184 | 312,85,229 |
| Post Office ..... | 9,242 | 5,549 |
| Credits, undrawn ..... | 22,70,198 | 21,71,301 |
| Rs.... | 5,89,60,532 | 596,11,977 |
| ASSETS. | | |
| Government Securities ..... | 103,91,790 | 104,01,519 |
| Other authorised Securities ..... | 35,88,122 | 35,82,552 |
| Credits, on Govt, and other authorised Securities ..... | 61,54,783 | 57,68,784 |
| Loans do. do. do. ..... | 1,33,85,382 | 1,33,22,211 |
| Bills Discounted and purchased ..... | 50,67,900 | 51,38,383 |
| Dead Stock ..... | 4,15,330 | 4,15,330 |
| Stamps and Stationery ..... | 21,028 | 21,114 |
| Bullion ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Balances with other Banks ..... | 4,81,918 | 76,218 |
| Cash ..... | 1,97,54,279 | 208,85,881 |
| Rs.. | 589,60,532 | 596,11,997 |

## HIGH COURT.—AUGUST 30.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice CANDY.

For Consent Decree.

413-97—Mansuklal D Ganpatrao Chintoba vs Atmaram Anandrao Law.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Postponed Lang Causes.
652-97—Shamraoji Bhai Jadow and another vs Hargowandas Pranjivandas and others Ardesir, H and D.
34-97—Captain and V Balaram Bhaskerjee vs Ramchandra Bhaskerjee and others Jehangir and S, and in person.
580-96—Jehangir and S Mowjee Lukhumsey vs Hemraj Jetha and others Payne, G, and S.
369-96—Edgelow and G Aga Mahomed Ismail bin Hajee Abdool Cassum Cazrany vs Jacob Elias Sassoon and others Payne G and S
535-96—Tyabjee D and Co Rawnath Saligram and others vs Chegu Subbarny and K J Muntri.
438-97—Mansukhlal D and J Sherichand Jetha and others Balcrishna Ramchandra and others Khunderao and S Summary suit to be heard in Chambers.
382-98—Hiralal M and M Hossam Haji Mahomed vs Jan Mahomed Suleman Lakha.

Before the Hon'ble Mr Justice STRACHEY.

Petition.
In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VI of 1882 and in the matter of the English Press and M Co Limited, and reduced—Wadia and G—The English Press and M Co Limited, Petitioners.
208-94—Roughton and B—The Fabrisch Senitede Biachi Coloni vs Jugmohundas Vundrawandas and others—Little and Co
Testamentary Suits.
13-95—Pestonji R and K, and Bhaishanker and K—Hajrabai widow and others vs Tyab Hajee Essa—Framjee M and M
2-98—Bhaishanker and K—Shivshanker Ramshanker vs Ramshanker Atumram—M N Sacklatwalla
22-97—Matubai and J—Bhowanishanker Kuttonji and others vs Ramdas Thackersey and others—Payne G and S

Postponed Lang Causes.

273-97—Captain and V Sitaram Sawba and others vs the Russian S and w Mills Co Dikshit and D.
630-97—Ardashir H and D Jamsetjee Jeejibhoy Pagdiwala vs the Societe General Mercantile of Paris and other Craigie L and O B M and M.
Before the Hon Mr B Tyabjee
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Short Causes.
37-98—Thakurdas D and C Currimbhoy Ebrahim vs Ladhibai and others Hiralal M and M Little and Co.
145-98—Tyabjee D and Co Vijbhookhandas Muncharam Pakwasa and another vs Mahomed Mehdi Taria Topen and others Dikshit and D.
207-98—Payne G and S Alcock Ashdown and Co Ld vs J Junghan Brown and Co.
281-98—Chitnis M and M Ramchandrappa Gurushidappa vs Kalsangooda Milgirigowda
285-98—Captain and C—Phiroz Ruttonji Watcha vs Laldas Luxmonjee—Tyabji D and Co
303-98—Hiralal M and M—Hargowan Lochmirayen vs Escoffally Shaik Tyabjee—Payne G and S
304-98—Little and Co—Dewcaran Nathoo and another vs Poonja Waljee and others
307-98—Crawford B and Co—William Llewellyn vs Harilal Cassidas
320-98—Edgelow and G—Jamnadas Lalloobhoy vs Ramjee Sewjee and anoth er—Magonlal and R
319-98—Ardasir H and D—Dawood Latiff vs Dada Karim and another—Edgelow and G
For Investigation of Pauperism
43-98—In person—Lalla SurkoThakker Pursad vs Bhogana
19-98—M A Vakil—Caba Gaga Darjee vs Bhika Vaja Darjee and another—Madhowjee Virjee
To speak to the minute of Decree.
497-97—Tyabjee D and Co for pauper—Ebrahim Cassum vs. Sulleman Cassum—Payne G and S
Commercial Causes.
339-95—Craigie L and O—Stephen Augustus Ralli and others vs Chubildas Lulloobhoy and others—Crawford B and Co
Postponed Long Causes.
692-97—Sorabjee and J—Parvatibai vs Ramchandra Chimnajee Soonera—Jehangir and S.
574-97—Jehangir and S—Raja Lukhma and others vs Bhai Baboojee—Payne G and S.
820-96—Payne G and S—Jomer Jamal Vayani vs Ahmedalli Tajbhoy and others—Little and Co.
150-95—Mansuklal D and J—Damodar Soonderdas and another vs Dwarkadas Shamjee and another—Bhalshunker and K
Defended New Long Causes.
202-98—Thakurdas D C and H—Currimbhoy Ebrahim and others vs Shripad Harishanuay—Captain and V

## I. M. RAILWAY.

Week ending 6th August, 1898

| Description. | 1898. | 1897. | Inc. for the week. | Dec. for the week. | Aggregate Inc. | Aggregate Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Miles Open ... | 938 | 940 | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| Passengers, | 35,720 | 36,692 | ... | 972 | 10,881 | ... |
| Parcels, &c. | 44,369 | 65,654 | .. | 21,285 | ... | 1,15,271 |
| Goods ..... | | | | | | |
| Other earnings ..... | 3,190 | 7,793 | .. | 4,569 | ... | 2,067 |
| Total for week | 83,279 | 1,10,104 | ... | 26,825 | ... | ... |
| Aggregate ... | 5,30,149 | 6,39,603 | ... | ... | ... | 1,09,457 |

# DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

POWER—August 18, at No 21, Cubbon Road, Bangalore, the wife of Mr J O B Power, Financial Department, Madras, of a daughter.
THOMAS—August 20, at Dinapore, the wife of Fred H. Thomas, M W D, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

SHEPHERD—NEWTON—August 13, at Victoria House, Telinipara, by the Rev David Reid, Charles A Shepherd, to Mary Newton.
WELSH—POPE—August 27, at St George's Cathedral, Madras, by the Rev Arthur Westcott, William Henry, only son of the Rev W Welsh, Wesley, Essex, to Annie, second daughter of Richard Vercoe Pope, of Erdington, Warwickshire.

DEATH.

WATSON—August 20, at Jubbulpore, Agnes Marion, the eldest daughter of T T Watson, of Jubbulpore.

## NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** ALL communications intended for publication in our columns, should be addressed to the Editor and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette
TUESDAY, AUGUST 30, 1898.

IT would be quite in accordance with the Czar's personal character that a proposal for disarmament with a view to the reign of peace for a long period should emanate from him. By temperament he is the son of his father, and he would naturally be inclined to favour peace. But it is not to be supposed that the proposal is made wholly on his own initiative. His Ministers would naturally be consulted on such a matter. It is difficult to understand why at this moment the suggestion should be made, seeing that it is scarcely two months since orders were given to add four Army Corps to the strength of the standing Army of the Czar, with a proportionate body of cavalry and 173 batteries of eight guns each, to be forthwith made available for the reserves, should they be called out. That large addition is not the first that has been made since the accession of the Czar Nicholas to the throne, as the three years have been marked by the addition of two Army Corps to the already huge army, raising the strength on a peace footing from 828,000 to 950,000 men. The new additions will increase the total to considerably over a million men. It seems strange that after these portentous increments of what by a certain irony is called the "peace footing" should be promptly followed by an invitation to the Powers to an International Conference to discuss the means by which a termination may be put to the enormous increase of armaments and a real and lasting peace secured for the nations. It is stated that the present moment appears to the Czar favourable for discussing the subject. At first sight it would seem as if the suggestion came as an after-thought, for Russia has distinctly taken the lead in maintaining these colossal armaments, since the death of the Emperor Alexander III. No one supposes that the change is due to the initiative of the young Czar himself, but during his regime the Forward School have obtained an ascendency in the counsels of Russia which his father prudently abstained from according them. While strengthening his forces with the greatest assiduity, and carrying through schemes of reorganization with a conscientious thoroughness which is illustrated by the acknowledgement of Sir Charles Dilke—an excellent judge in such matters—that the Russian Army is now the most modern of all modern armies, the late Emperor kept a firm hand on the military as well as all other departments of Government. He wanted a strong army so that he might have no more wars; he honestly laboured to keep peace in his time. It is unquestionable that his successor, owing to his youth and inexperience has been obliged to trust to his advisers—first to Prince Lobanoff, and now to Count Muravieff who has inherited the policy as well as the office of that exceptionally able statesman, and continues his well-considered policy.

While the strength of the Army has been undergoing augmentation on a scale never contemplated during the late reign, naval construction has received a similar impetus. Only a few months since the large sum set aside for new warships was suddenly supplemented by a ukase directing that an amount equivalent to nine millions pounds sterling should be taken from the war chest to further increase the strength of the Navy. This measure led to a proportionate supplementary estimate being placed before the House of Commons by Mr. Goschen, adding eight millions to the seven millions already voted for the naval expansion of Great Britain. It was stated a short time since that the St. Petersburg Government had decided not to give effect to the supplementary naval budget, but it turns out that the construction of the new vessels ordered has only been postponed in some cases owing to the unwillingness of the Russian Admiralty to entrust the work to the ship builders of the United States, since the Washington Government has practically thrown the Monroe doctrine to the winds, and is determined to create a great Navy of its own. It is passing strange that at a time when the Russian Ministry, doubtless for reasons which seemed to them sufficient, have embarked on immense expenditure to increase their military and naval forces, the Czar should suddenly turn round and propose to the Powers "a reduction of the excessive armaments now crushing all nations." It remains to be seen what view the other Powers will take of this proposal, which there was nothing to lead Europe to expect when the Note was handed to the Ambassadors at St Petersburg last Thursday. It may be that the wiser heads at the Russian capital see that a curtailment of the armaments now being increased beyond all precedent, would suit Russian policy remarkably well, at least during the six or eight years required for the completion of the Siberian and Manchurian Railways. It is not easy to discern how the reduction of armaments can be effected without giving to the Northern Power an enormous advantage over all and each of her rivals. At the present moment she has a reserve of trained men who have passed through the army, aggregating from five to six millions. Germany and France have little more than half that number each, and Great Britain has only a few thousands. If it were agreed that each of the Great Powers should reduce their armies by a proportionate number, the balance would still be largely in favour of Russia, and it would be in her power to put into the field as many men as there are rifles, and guns in her arsenals for their equipment. Considerations of the same kind would apply to Great Britain, with her preponderating Navy, which more than equals those of any two Powers. A proportionate dismantlement of ironclads would still leave England the sovereignty of the seas. Would that suit Russia and her ally to say nothing of Germany?

WHILE Dr. Bhalchandra Krishna was yet speaking in the Bombay Legislative Council of the disabilities from which Civil Assistant Surgeons suffer as compared with their more fortunate brethren in the military branch of the service, a resolution of the Government of India was being drafted for the purpose of improving the status of the class for whom the honourable member was pleading. He took up their case with equal earnestness last year, and his representations as well as those of others who have spoken for the Assistant Surgeons have not gone unheeded. All has not been granted that has been asked, but much more has been conceded than might have been expected just now that the financial position of the local Government upon whom the increased charges will come is far from good. The highest pay obtainable in the senior grade of the service has hitherto been Rs. 250; it is now to be raised to Rs. 300 but the proportion of seniors is not to exceed ten per cent of the total strength of the service under each Provincial Governments. Even Rs. 300 will not be the limit of possibility in the service. One of Dr. Bhalchandra's principal complaints was that throughout the whole Presidency not a single Assistant Surgeon has been put in permanent charge of a Civil Surgeoncy. It is now provided that nineteen of these appointments shall be reserved for them throughout India, the number to be increased hereafter to 28. The pay of these appointments will rise from Rs. 350, by annual increments of Rs. 30 to Rs. 500. Two of the "reserved" Civil Surgeoncies are allotted to Bombay while Madras obtains five—a disproportion probably due to the fact that the plan is by no means a novel one in the sister Presidency, several minor Civil Surgeoncies being reserved for assistants of proved merit. The nine additional Civil Surgeoncies to be hereafter reserved will no doubt be so distributed as to lessen the disproportion as between the different Provinces that will exist at first under a scheme in which Bengal has five reserved appointments, the North-West Provinces two the Punjab three and Burma two. Elsewhere the scheme is to come into force at once, but in both Bombay and Madras the pay and position of Assistant Surgeons is to be "gradually assimilated" to the general scheme. It is specially directed however, that Assistant Surgeons in this Presidency are to be placed on the same footing as those elsewhere, as soon as is practicable with due consideration to the expectations of those already in the service. Other concessions have been made, and thus tardy justice is meted out to a deserving class of public servants who have done excellent service during the severe pressure of the last two years. They will have the effect of encouraging the recruitment of the service from the best class of men obtainable in the country.

A DISCOVERY has been made in America which bids fair to revolutionise naval construction as completely as did that of Harveyized plates. The last named, it will be remembered, was a method of giving a surface so hard to a steel plate that when of sufficient thickness and properly backed with oak, a projectile fired against it simply broke up instead of penetrating. The present invention entirely gets over this difficulty and will enable shells to be fired with ease through the thickest armour belt that any ship can carry. It consists simply in embedding the hardened point of the shell in a mass of soft metal which is thus the first to strike the plate. Its effect is to keep the shell from breaking up until it has done its work. The impact melts the block it is true, but extraordinary as it may seem, this very fact enables it to lubricate the passage which the shell makes for itself, thus facilitating penetration through the plate. Something analogous may be seen upon a small scale, by embedding a needle in a piece of cork so that the point is just flush with the exterior. Try to hammer the needle through a pie piece without this arrangement and it simply breaks up, but do the same with the cork to enable it to stand the jar and it can be driven through successfully. In the case of the projectile the result is almost magical. In some recent experiments it was found that a six inch, solid Johnson shot with soft metal cap, penetrated ten solid inches of face hardened (Harveyized) nikel steel, then through twelve inches of oak planks backed with three boiler plates each 7-16 inch thick, and was not even stopped even there, being eventually dug out, almost uninjured, eight feet back in the sand wall behind. What this means in the case of a ship, is not difficult to realise, for it amounts to this that the most vital parts of the vessel, where the armour belt is thickest, can be riddled through and through almost like an old wooden three decker. The fact is well authenticated, and we state it without comment. What the result will be upon the modern man-of-war has yet to be seen. The torpedo which was expected, at one time, to have such extraordinary effect, has not come up to the anticipations formed of it. The projectile that will go through practically anything is now a reality, and it must be admitted that the prospect it opens up is even more replete with possibilities.

AN interesting report by Mr. Higham, based on an able note by Mr. A. R. Becher on the financial results of Irrigation in the whole of India in the year 1896-97 appears in yesterday's *Gazette of India*. It shows a net profit to the good of no less than 6·15 per cent. on all major irrigation works and of 9·05 per cent. on all minor irrigation works. Fourteen large irrigation systems have now paid off the entire accumulated interest on their capital outlay and seven more are expected to do same within the next few years. The extent of these profitable operations may be judged by the fact that in the year under review seventeen million acres in all were irrigated. The value of the crops raised on this area are estimated at forty-six crores of rupees. These figures include concerns which are unprofitable as well as those which are profitable. They also include projects not yet in full operation. If these be excluded and major works classed as remunerative, only be considered the dividend earned is shown to be nearly ten per cent on the capital invested. Navigation works are less profitable, yielding only 1·08 per cent on capital outlay during the year. They are, however, all comparatively small concerns.

A PUBLIC WORKS Department resolution the same issue of the *Gazette of India*, brings out the unprofitable nature of Government investments in house property. It reviews the results of 1896-97, and shows that in the before mentioned year which is the last for which statistics are available, the net return on the capital cost of all Government buildings, for which rent is charged in India, was a little over one and a half per cent. In Bengal indeed where the value of rentable Government buildings exceeds that of any other province except Bombay. The net return was only one per cent while in Coorg and Assam actual deficits occurred. The resolution adds that Coopers' Hill Engineering College has paid its expenses for the first time since 1890-91.

MR. ARTHUR PEASE, the Unionist member for Darlington, whose death is recorded, visited Bombay not long ago as a member of the Opium Commission. When last returned for Darlington, he was opposed by a relative of his own, Sir Theodore Fry, and his brother Sir Joseph Pease was ranged among the canvassers against him. The Peases and the Frys fought together until the Home Rule Bill came in. Mr. Arthur Pease declined to join the remainder of his family and connections in the Radical ranks. He had previously sat for Whitby. He was a member of the firm of Pease and Partners and several other prominent north-country companies, and was born in 1837.

THE P. and O. Company's steamer Bengal, with the outward mails of the 19th instant, left Aden at 7 p.m. on Sunday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay, at day-light on Saturday next.

THE Golkonda Team have entered for the Bombay Polo Tournament.

THE proposed route which his Excellency the Viceroy will take on his forthcoming tour to Burma will be this. The party will travel by special train direct from Kalka to Goalundo, and from there go by steamer to Chandpur, and then by the Assam-Bengal State Railway to Chittagong, where they will embark on a Royal Indian Marine steamer for Rangoon. This route will give the Viceregal party an opportunity of seeing a good deal of the country.

SIR CHARLES FARRAN, Chief Justice, and Mr. Justice B. Tyabji have dismissed with costs an appeal brought by Bai Allama, wife of Mr. Nusserwanji Framji Bhandara of Bombay, residing at Hyderabad and practising as a barrister-at-law at that place; and have confirmed the decree Mr. Justice Fulton passed in the suit in March last. The plaintiff in the court below had instituted the suit to recover Rs. 25,000 due on a policy effected with the Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company on the life of a young Mahomedan woman named Mahboob Bee, the wife of Mr. Bhundara's moonshee, who died after assigning her policy to the plaintiff. Mr. Justice Fulton came to the conclusion that the policy was effected by Mr. Bhundara, not for the benefit of Mahboob or her husband, but for his own benefit or for his wife's; and that the policy was therefore a wagering policy and was void under section 30 of the Contract Act. The suit was dismissed with costs. The Chief Justice, in giving the decision of the Appeal Court, said he felt no difficulty as to the law. He thought that a non-interest policy was a wagering policy, and was void under the Gaming or Wagering Act. Mr. Bhundara appeared to be a speculator, and had not satisfied on any point the onus thrown upon him of showing his "bona fides." Their lordships confirmed the decree of the lower court with costs.

CAPTAIN G. E. PICKERING of the Wilson Line S.S. Dido, which arrived in harbour yesterday evening from Hull, reports that the steamer grounded off Zaffrana, in the Gulf of Suez but she sustained no damage. During the voyage she experienced strong S. W. Wind and sea from 50° to 60° east longitude and then fine.

THE Simla municipality have now formally agreed to the appointment of a European octroi superintendent on probation for six months, with effect from 1st January next. The salary during the term of probation is to be Rs. 120 with a pony allowance of Rs. 20 per mensem. If confirmed in the appointment, the salary will be Rs. 150 with a pony allowance of Rs. 20 per mensem. Applicants must be able to read accounts in the vernacular with facility, be under 40 years of age, and able to ride.

THE following extract from the proceedings of the last meeting of the Simla municipal committee is indicative of the position which has now been reached in connection with the much needed water scheme in that station: "The municipal committee has no funds for the water works. Application has been made to Government for a loan of three lakhs, and this, when obtained, will be at the disposal of the Public Works Department for application according to its judgment for the improvement of the water supply." Doubtless outlay hitherto incurred or immediately required in connection with the gravitation line will be charged thereto. But the municipality has no other source whence to meet such outlay.

ORDERS have been issued changing the class composition of the 28th Bombay Pioneers. The four companies of Dekhani Maharattas will be retained, but two out of the four companies of Pathans will be changed to Sikhs of the artisan class.

THE Home Government have sanctioned a personal allowance of four rupees a day to all British officers of the Indian regiments serving in the East African and Uganda Protectorates.

A REPORT dated 11th July from Major Quentin, 4th Bombay Rifles, on the Juba River, reached Army Headquarters at Simla on Friday. Nothing of note had occurred up to then. Good progress had been made in sending supplies from Kismayu on the coast to Turki Hill.

THE despatch from the Secretary of State regarding future arrangements in the Khyber has been received, and is now under the consideration of the Government of India.

THE Lieutenant-Generals of Command will settle the dates as usual for the movements of the regiments on the list of reliefs. The Indian trooping programme will be published within the next few days.

THE prohibition issued last year forbiding the bringing into British India of the Turkish newspapers known as *Sabah* and *Malumat* has just been cancelled by the Government of India.

CAPTAIN CONGDON, Royal Munster Fusiliers, has been appointed Station Staff Officer of the camp at Kailana, and Captain MacGeorge, 15th Bombay Infantry, Station Staff Officer at Kamptee, *vice* Lieutenant Hopwood.

THE *Bruix*, which is reported missing in the Indian Ocean, is a fast steel-armoured cruiser of 4,754 tons, built at Rochefort in 1894 at a cost of £409,622.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL GORDON, Commandant of the 6th Bengal Cavalry, has met with a severe accident while playing polo at Gulmarg. The pony apparently rolled upon him, as he sustained severe injuries to the chest, and his condition has given cause for anxiety.

IN recognition of services rendered during the recent frontier operations a large number of promotions have been made of honorary commissioned, warrant, and non-commissioned officers of the Indian Unattached List, and of the Subordinate Medical Department.

PRIVATE WILKINSON, King's Own Scottish Borderers, was bitten by a rabid pariah dog at Fatehgarh on Tuesday last. He was brought before a Medical Board the same day and left for Paris for the requisite treatment at the Pasteur Institute by yesterday's mail steamer—an instance of promptitude creditable to the local medical authorities.

REGARDING the report from Rangoon as to the felling of green teak by employes of the Bombay-Burma Trading Company, the following particulars of the affair have been furnished to the *Pioneer*: The company hold leases of considerable forest areas in Upper Burma, such leases having been originally granted by the Burman Government. It was discovered some months ago that half-grown teak was being exported from the Pyinmana forests, and a detailed inspection showed that several thousand green trees had been felled in six or seven months, which was absolutely contrary to the terms of the lease, as no provision had been made to meet malpractices of this kind. Government had no alternative but to cancel the lease, which has been done. The Bombay-Burma Trading Company were able to show that their Pyinmana establishment was solely responsible in the matter, and that the Rangoon direction knew nothing whatever about the illict felling. That establishment is paid to some extent on the basis of the logs delivered at Rangoon, and hence the temptation to fell other than ringed trees. The Government have again offered the Pyinmana lease to the same company for the period during which it had to run, but, subject to the condition that no new fellings shall take place, and that a lump sum shall be paid to cover the sylvicultural damage and loss which the State would have suffered had the fraud not been discovered. This will entail a somewhat heavy fine upon the company, but it must be understood that the Forest Department would have been able to dispose of the green trees illicitly felled at a net profit of Rs. 30 when the lease expired, whereas under conditions obtaining an average of only Rs. 18 was obtained. The new lease offered to the company will lapse in 1900, when the Chindwin Forest lease also expires.

THE Galle correspondent of the *Ceylon Standard* writes: Plumbago is now the leading industry of this town, and the talk of it is everywhere and in every body's mouths. Mining operations are going ahead all over the district, and in very many pits there has been a good find. People with small capital are even venturing into the enterprise, whilst the rich are making a golden harvest. Almost all the available labour of the place (men and women) are engaged in Plumbago work, so that the shipping contractors of the different firms find it hard and difficult to obtain sufficient coolies to carry on their landing and shipping work. The rising prices of this article are sending many adventurers and capitalists into the industry, and by all appearance it will continue fruitful for a long time.

IT is understood that the modifications of the exchange compensation rules, so far as they affect the subordinate employes of State and companies' railways, are somewhat as follows: In the rules of 1894 the fluctuating staff on pay not exceeding Rs. 200 per mensem were not eligible for the allowance, but received in lieu thereof an allowance not exceeding 15 per cent. of their pay. This principle is to be extended so as to include all non-pensionable subordinate employes whose pay is Rs. 400 or below, and, in order that uniformity may be secured on State and companies lines, the boards of directors of the various companies have been addressed by the Secretary of State, and asked to adopt the rules in question under which all subordinates on pay of Rs. 400 and below will not be granted exchange compensation allowance, but may receive an increase of pay not exceeding 15 per cent. up to a limit of Rs. 450, each case to be considered on its merits. In the case of employes who are actually in receipt of the allowance at the date of the introduction of the new rule, they may be allowed the allowance at the rate then existing as an increase of pay. It is not intended to raise salaries generally, but to increase the pay of individual members of the European staff who have suffered by the fall in the value of the rupee.

THE Burma Forest Department, after consultation with the Inspector-General of Forests, have decided that they are strong enough to work all their forests by Departmental agency and local contractors, and have submitted proposals to this end. The outturn of teak from the Upper Burma forests, for some years after the lapse of the current leases, will decrease considerably, but it is estimated that the increased profit per ton of timber will more than compensate for the less outturn, and that eventually a much larger surplus revenue will be forthcoming. The proposal, if given effect to, will place all the timber mills in Burma on the same footing, and should foster competition.

THE Government of India have approved of the deputation of the undermentioned Ordnance officers to England during 1899-1900 for the purpose of undergoing certain courses of instruction:—Captain Kerrick, Assistant to the Inspector-General of Ordnance, Madras Command: Major Wilson, Assistant to the Inspector-General of Ordnance, Punjab Command: Captain Radcliffe, Assistant Superintendent, Gunpowder Factory, Kirkee: Captain Head, Assistant Superintendent, Harness Factory, Cawnpore.

THE Madras Government have now taken up the subject of the education of the Moplahs. These people, throughout the stage of primary instruction, are to have separate schools, which will be liberally subventioned from Provincial Funds and will by degrees be removed from mosques and their immediate neighbourhood. Considerable difference of opinion arose with regard to the position of the mullahs in these schools. The Collector of Malabar recommended that they should be recognised and paid as religious teachers but the Madras Government, on the recommendation of the local Director of Public Instruction, has decided that mullahs will only receive recognition when they afford instruction in the secular subjects of the curriculum of steady: they will, however, be allowed stipends even when they are not qualified under examination rules; but if they do happen to be qualified, they will be granted higher stipends. The reason for not recognising the mullahs as religious instructors is that they are trained in a species of Theological College in South Malabar, over which the Government have no sort of control and the doctrines inculcated at this institution are apt to be of a disloyal or objectionable nature. The Moplah schools are to be subjected to a system of more or less constant inspection. It is to be hoped that these educational measures will in course of time succeed, to some extent at least, in reclaiming the Moplah from his crass fanatical ignorance: but it would be prudent not to be oversanguine about the matter.

THE old bridle road between Naini Tal and the Brewery has been closed to traffic. Travellers leave the tonga road below the Brewery, proceeding over Manora spur by the Forest Department road to Manora Parao, and thence to Naini Tal by the upper tonga road. Nalaina Bungalow above Douglas Dale has been made a temporary Dak Bungalow. The work on communications is being pushed forward with all despatch.

SOME time last year, it will be remembered, 1,200 third-class foreign tickets were stolen from the booking office at the Jalpaiguri station, but the fact was only brought to light in February last through the medium of an anonymous letter. Inspector M. T. Ganguly, of Saidpur, on being deputed by Mr. Pugh, Assistant Inspector-General of Police, took up the investigation. The inquiry, which lasted for nearly a month and-a-half and was directed in several of the Behar Districts and Purulia, resulted in the arrest of a babu whose prosecution before the magistrate commenced on the 23th of March and ended on the 18th instant. The accused was sentenced to two years' imprisonment and

# TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

## THE NILE EXPEDITION.

### LOSS OF A GUNBOAT.

### OMDURMAN IN SIGHT.

LONDON, AUG. 28.

The gunboat Zafiro, employed in the Nile Expedition, whilst conveying a party up the river, sprung a leak and sank in three minutes in rather deep water.

Those on board included General Rundle, Commander Keppel, and Prince Christian, but all managed to escape.

The late General Gordon's nephew has gained the distinction of being the first man in the present expedition to sight Omdurman at a distance of 30 miles from Jebelroyan Hill.

The Khalifa is concentrating his forces for a final and desperate resistance.

AUG. 29.

The concentration of the Nile expedition at Jebelroyan is now complete.

The next camp will be formed eight miles nearer Omdurman.

## THE WELSH COAL STRIKE.

LONDON, AUG. 28.

The Committee appointed by the Welsh Miners and Masters at a meeting held at a late hour to-night concluded an agreement for the termination of the strike, the terms being subject to ratification by the men.

## THE PRESS ON THE TSAR'S PROPOSAL.

AUG. 29.

The Tsar's proposal for the reduction of armaments in Europe was entirely unexpected.

The Press extols the motives inspiring his Majesty, but dwells upon the practical difficulties in the way of attaining the desired end.

The "Times" believes that Germany was consulted before the issue of the Tsar's note, and probably France.

## THE MAILS.

ADEN, AUG. 29.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. Bengal, with mails of the 19th instant, left here for Bombay at 7 p.m. yesterday, and the s. s. Oriental, for Colombo and Australia, on the same day and time.

## GLANDERS AT LANDIKOTAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUG. 29.

No further cases of glanders have occured at Landikotal, where the weather since the 25th has been much cooler.

## FOREIGN DEPARTMENT ARRANGEMENTS.

Captain Daly, Deputy Secretary, Foreign Department, takes three months' leave from November next, Mr. Bosanquet, Assistant Secretary, officiating.

## MILITARY NOTIFICATIONS.

Captain C. E. Spearman 2nd Battalion, Royal Munster Fusiliers, Station Staff Officer, Pachmarhi has been permitted to retire from the service on a pension.

Major A. V. Lane and Captain V. H. W. Davoren, of the Royal Army Medical Corps, are under the orders to proceed to India for a tour of duty.

Major Lane is posted to the Bombay Command and Captain Davoren to Madras.

Lieutenant L. T. Ashworth, R. A., is under orders to proceed to this country to join the 45th Field Battery at St. Thomas's Mount.

## THE INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Official confirmation has arrived of the issue of the warrant at home conferring military rank upon officers of the I. M. S. the title of which remains unchanged; an arrangement which will probably be welcomed in the service which has made its old name very distinguished one.

## A SOLDIER DROWNED IN THE SONE.

Private Sullivan of the Munster Fusiliers jumped into the Sone this morning, at Dinapore and sunk immediately, the body has not yet been found. Apparently an act of suicide.

## COLONEL GORDON.

The latest news of Colonel Gordon who was injured at polo in Kashmir is more encouraging; Surgeon Colonel O'Connor of his regiment who was here on leave has started for Gulmarg to attend upon him.

## SITTINGS OF THE TRANSPORT COMMITTEE.

Major Wharrey and Colonel Christopher will arrive at Simla on the 31inst., for Transport Committee which commences its sittings this week.

## THE PRESIDENTIAL ASSAULT-AT-ARMS.

### A PROMISING MEETING.

POONA, AUG. 29.

The 30th annual presidential assault-at-arms commenced to-day. It is very satisfactory to note that the entries were numerous and the gathering altogether is more then ever representative of the Bombay army. The following British and Native corps are represented at this meeting: The Durham Light Infantry, Royal Irish Rifles, 2nd Grenadiers, 14th and 19th Bombay Infantry, 1st Bombay Lancers from Poona; 1st, 16th and 29th Field Batteries, 28th Pioneers and Bombay Sappers and Miners from Kirkee; 20th Hussars and Royal Irish Regiment from Mhow; 4th Cavalry from Sirur; King's Own from Ahmednagar; 24th and 34th Field Batteries from Ahmedabad; Border and Wiltshire Regiments from Quetta; Royal Fusiliers from Nusseerabad, Meywar and Bharatpur Imperial Service Troops, 7th Madras Infantry, 8th, 9th, 23rd and 30th Bombay Infantry and 2nd Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, and 8th Battery, Western Division, from Bombay; also the Governor's Body-Guard.

Five events were contested to-day at the Central Gymnasium, Major Hill, inspector of gymnasia, and the officers undergoing a course of special training at gymnasium undertaking the duties of Judges. The gymnastic performance was quite up to the standard of the previous exhibitions and were all keenly contested. Sergeant Cunningham and Lance-Corporals Humphries, Nesbitt and Squires acquitted themselves creditably and their performances were good. Among the native competitors in the gymnastic contests the representatives of the 23rd Bombay Rifles, which has always shewn up well at these tournaments, acquitted themselves remarkably well, carrying off prizes both for instructors and non-instructors in the lead cutting competition, for which there were seven competitors. Sergeant Gorman, Commissariat Department, son of the chief instructor of the Central Gymnasium, again took the prize. He was the only one who was able to cut the bar clean through.

The following is the result of each of the events contested at the Central Gymnasium. In gymnastics generally open to instructors:—

1st prize Lance-Corporal Nesbitt, Durham Light Infantry, Corporal Squires, Durham Light Infantry. Similar event for natives: 1st prize, Naik Kasir Prashad, 23rd Rifles; Naik Chand Khan, 14th Bombay Infantry. In gymnastics generally for non-instructors: 1st prize, Sergeant Cunningham, King's Own Yorkshire Light Infantry; 2nd prize, Lance-Corporal Humphries. Special class same event for natives won by Naik Madatsing, 23rd Bombay Rifles. Seven events were competed for on the race course. Tent-pegging with lance; Sergeant Wooding, 16th Battery; Lance-Corporal Orr 20th Hussars; Sergeant Jenkins, 1st Field Battery, and Sergeant Claridge, L. Battery, remained for the final. Same event for natives: Duffadar Mahomed Khan and Naik Himat Sing, 2nd Lancers, and Duffadars Miandin Khan and Ali Bahadur, 4th Bombay Cavalry, remained for finals.

In Sword vs. Sword: Gunner Wilding, L. Battery; Sergeant Spencer, 1st Battery, and Corporal Orr, 20th Hussars, remained for final. Same event for natives: Sowar Shere Mahomed Khan, Governor's Body-Guard, and Duffadar Miandin Khan and Hassan Baksh Khan, 4th Cavalry, remained for final.

In Sword vs. Lance-Corporal Spink, 1st Field Battery; Private Brown, 20th Hussars; and same event for natives: Duffadars Umrao Ali, Governor's Body-Guard, Miandin Khan, 4th Cavalry; and Jemader Mahomed Khan, 2nd Lancers, remained for final. It was raining at the time these events were contested.

## PLAGUE CASES IN POONA CITY.

Some imported plague cases were discovered in the City of Poona. The plague authorities decided to make strict rules of disinfection and all departures must be accompanied with a pass.

## PLAGUE IN AHMEDNAGAR AND NASIK.

The plague is increasing badly at Vinchur in Ahmednagar and in the Sholapur district, and six villages have been attacked, quarantine is shortly to be imposed at Ahmednagar. The plague is also very bad in Vinchur in the Nasik district, where twelve cases occurred every day. The villages of Anyannen and Niphur are also attacked, there were eight cases and seven deaths recorded at Bhor yesterday.

## CAPTURES OF DACOITS IN NASIK DISTRICT.

The Nasik police have succeeded in arresting some dacoits who committed dacoities in the villages of Bharwir, Takedbudrick and Thangaon in the Nasik district.

## FOOT BALL AT POONA.

Sandhurst rugby football tournament was commenced to-day, the match was between the Durham Light Infantry and Royal Irish Rifles both local regiments, the attendance was grand chiefly military element. The match resulted in win for the Durhams as they were decidedly superior though the Rifles struggled manfully to turn issue in their favour the combination to which they were opposed proved too strong. The Durhams had a strong set in their three quarter backs and halves. Gissing was repeatedly to the fore as also was Reid, Whole, Ainsworth, Lynch, Way and Iremonger, Raving also did good work, two drop goals placed at credit of Dunlop, who gave a fine exhibition of accurate kicking for losers, Dunn and Bradford did lot of smart work and in conjunction with Sargent Burns and Green often imperilled the Durhams goal. Dwyer proved himself very useful back and several times nipped in opportunely, the others all played well and deserve credit for work they did in spite of the fact that they were beaten. The match was won by the Durhams by two drop goals and three tries to Rifles one try. Final will be played on Wednesday between Shropshire and Durhams.

## LORD SANDHURST'S ELEVEN *VS.* KATHIAWAR TEAM.

An important match was played between Lord Sandhurst's eleven vs. Kathiawar opened to-day. Large crowds of natives poured up to Ganeshkhind dispite occasional heavy showers as it was known that Prince Rangitsinghi was coming with his old team. The visitors won the toss, put opponents in play and went slowly at first. Greig and Bond, batting, Ranjitshingi and Shevshanker bowling; the rain caused delay, after bowling had changed, Ranjitsinghi caught Greig short sharp catch behind wicket, Dias made a good stand hitting out freely. Bond who made top score making some pretty cuts, his Excellency was despatched in the first ball caught by Bilimoria who brought off series of brilliant catches. In Kathiawar innings two of their best batsmen went out easily. Ranjitsinghi then partnered Billimoria, facing Dias, who bowling swiftly prince received first four balls of over carefully but got fifth away for two. Following Billimoria who hit a boundary the prince got a single off. Sale in next over. Light was getting slack when play was stopped till to-morrow. Numerous ladies, gentlemen and native chiefs etc. witnessed the match; the Governors band played.

GANESHKHIND

FIRST INNINGS

| | |
|---|---|
| Capt Greig, c Ranjitsinghi, b Shivshanker | 30 |
| Mr Bond, c Oghad, b Shivshanker | 58 |
| Mr Deas | 45 |
| Mr Sale, b Ranjitsinghi | 8 |
| Mr Sprott, c Billimoria, b Shivshankar | 12 |
| Surgeon Major Martin, run out | 2 |
| Mr Brozan, c Bapasola, b Shivshankur | 5 |
| Major Bythell, c Billimoria, b Shivshunkar | 0 |
| Mr Young, not out | 6 |
| Lord Sandhurst, c Billimoria, b Shivshankar | 0 |
| Mr Wilmot, c Oghad, b Shivshunker | 0 |
| Extras | 18 |
| Total | 85 |

BOWLING ANALYSIS

| | O | M | R | W |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Prince Ranjinghi | 31 | 13 | 55 | 1 |
| Shivshankar | 32 | 3 | 7 | 66 |
| Billimoria | 8 | 7 | 4 | 10 |
| Shivial | 6 | 1 | 17 | 0 |
| Hemo | 5 | 2 | 6 | 0 |
| Bapasola | 5 | 1 | 13 | 0 |

KATHIAWAR

FIRST INNINGS

| | |
|---|---|
| Muljee, run out | 1 |
| Oghad, c Young, b Sale | 1 |
| Shivial, b Deas | 4 |
| Billimoria, not out | 10 |
| Prince Ranjitsinghi, not out | 5 |
| Extras | 1 |
| Total | 22 |

The match will be resumed to-morrow.

## A NATIVE EDITOR, ASSAULTED.

SECUNDERABAD, AUGUST 29.

The editor and proprietor of a vernacular print called "Mushir-i-Deccan" is providing Hyderabad with considerable excitement. In a petition to the Nizam, he declared he went to the Home Secretary's. Office, where Mr. J. E. Lee, is personal assistant for news. When he saw Mr. Lee he explained the object of his visit and showed him the Nizam's photograph. Mr Lee thereupon, according to the petition, approached the editor, gripped his neck, and brutally assaulted him, at the same time snatching away the Nizam's photograph and destroying it under his foot. The editor accordingly prays for redress from his Highness. Mr. Lee states publicly, on the other hand, that the story regarding the Nizam's photograph is a false and malicious fabrication, and that if the man had his Highness's photograph in his hand it was sufficient to make his person sacred from assault. An eye-witness, writing a lengthy account on the subject, declares that lately the paper descended to sarcasm and abuse of both Mr. Lee and his son, the latter being concerned it is alleged, in some Forest Department scandal which has since been satisfactorily cleared up. In addition to being, as reported thrashed by Mr. Lee, the editor has reaped the reward of having attempted to defame the character of a well-known member of society an English lady some time ago, by having his license and support withdrawn by the Nizam's Government Mr. Lee's case will in all probability be decided magisterially, when the disclosures will be interesting to the public.

## PLAGUE IN THE SHOLAPORE DISTRICT.

Plague is still hovering around villages bordering in Sholapore, where sporadic cases have occurred. The Bombay Government has consented to adopt the kiln process of destroying plague bacilli, which seems efficacious, according to experience, for dealing with nineteen villages in the Nizam's dominion. It is the most certain way of killing the plague bacilli.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

## STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

NAPLES, AUG. 27.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Manora left here this morning.

LIVERPOOL, AUG. 27.

The Hall Line steamer Rufford Hall arrived here, from Karach, this morning.

MARSEILLES, AUG. 29.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Shannon, which left Bombay on the 13th instant, arrived here to-day.

Orient line mail steamer Oroya from Suez arrived.

French mail steamer Australien from Suez arrived.

## COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, AUG. 27.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed firm. Surats dull.

| | |
|---|---|
| Good Bhownuggur | 2 25-32 |

The Manchester market has been quiet.

| | |
|---|---|
| 2½ per cent. Consols | 110 11-16 |
| 3 per cent. Rentes | 103 3-4 |
| 3½ per cent. Sterling Loan | 114 |
| 3½ per cent. Rupee Paper | 62 13-16 |
| Bar Silver | 27 3-4 |

## THE POONA SEASON.

### A REALLY GOOD TIME.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, AUG. 28.

The second of the small dances that have been given by His Excellency Lord Sandhurst, at Government House, Ganeshkhind, came off on Thursday the 18th. A large number of people—about 80—were entertained at dinner first of all, and the rest of the guests were invited for the dance at 9-30. With few exceptions only dancing people were bidden, so there was plenty of space in the ball room for dancers, and there were many charmingly secluded spots out-sided where those who like to whisper soft nothings, could whisper them. Fairy lamps, just enough, and not too many, directed the foot-steps, and suggested the path-ways to those who yearned to wander forth into the garden; in fact all the arrangements were, as is usual at Government House, perfect, and there small dances have come to be looked upon as quite the pleasantest of the many pleasant entertainments that we are invited to at Ganeshkind. Of course people cannot be expected to wear a new frock to every function in Poona, and I recognised a fair number of old friends amongst those worn on the 18th. Mrs. Searle looked well in a brilliant red costume. The Misses O'Sullivan's frocks were blue and silver, and were amongst the prettiest in the room. Mrs. Fox was in black and white. Mrs. Jack Duncan all in white. Mrs. Keene wore a striking black and green dress embroidered in many coloured sequins. Miss James looked nice in blue and white. Miss Lang was graceful in white. A very pretty lady wore cream coloured dress with pink poppies on the bodice. Another lady wore a flowery costume which reminded one forcibly of chair covers; and my attention was attracted by a striking scarlet and white frock.

On Thursday 25th a crowd, comprising all the fashionable society of Poona, as well as large numbers of natives, assembled to witness a Bicycle gymkhana which had been got up by the sporting and energetic officers of the R. I. M. Five ladies, Mrs. Crowe, Mrs. Donnet, Mrs. Sinclair, Mrs. Churchhill and Mrs. Faucette kindly gave prizes for the various events, and the entrance money went towards second prizes. Lieutenant Sinclair was starter, and Mr. Tom Le Mesurier, Captain Swinton R.A.M.C., Lieutenant Shearme R.I.M., and Captain Warner acted as judges. It was anything but an ideal afternoon for cycling, as rain had been falling heavily during the greater part of the day, and the ground outside the gymkhana club where the various events were run off was pretty moist, and we reasonably expected to see most of the bikes "skid." In this however we were disappointed. Six competitions were on the programme, the first of which, Tilting and Teat pegging for gentlemen, fell through, for want of entries. Six couples competed for Mrs. Churchhill's prize "Affinity tilting and tent pegging competition."—Lady to take 3 rings, gentlemen one peg, points for pace—Entrance 1-8.

Mrs. Donnet and Major Donnet.
Mrs. Sinclair and Lieutenant Hickman.
Mrs. Dickson and Lieutenant Gibson.
Mrs. Swiney and Mr. James.
Miss Churchill and Captain Addison.

Mrs. Faucette and Lieutenant Mills, Miss Churchill and Captain Addison won with 13 points, their pace and style being also far the best, Mrs. Sinclair and Lieutenant Hickman, and Mrs. Dickson and Lieutenant Gibson tied for second place with 11 points. The tie was run off and resulted in a win for Mrs. Sinclair and Mr. Hickman.

The 3rd event, for which Mrs. Sinclair gave a prize was a driving competition—Driver to have both feet up, twice round the course. There were only 3 entries for this which is scarcely surprising as it looked a dangerous sort of performance, and not at all a becoming one—Ladies do not look their best with both feet up on a bicycle, and what lady does not think of her appearance, before all else! Mrs. Donnet and her affinity Mr. Hickman were the only two who arrived at the winning post with their driving reins unbroken, and so won the prize without much difficulty.

The affinity Bouffet Race, for Mrs. Crowe's prize, came next and was on the whole the most amusing event on the programme—affinities to ride round the course to Refreshment Bouffet—Gentleman to eat an ice and a sponge cake, lady to add up the bill for same; both to ride round course to finishing post, lady bringing bill, and gentleman ice glass and spoon. This was run off in heats.

FIRST HEAT.

Mrs. Donnet and Captain Addison.
Miss Churchhill and Mr. Duxbury.
Miss Dorothy Faucette and Lieut. Gibson.

SECOND HEAT.

Mrs. Dickson and Lieut. Hickman.
Mrs. Faucette and Mrs. Sargant.
Mrs. Swiney and Mr. Heylaud.

FINALS.

Mrs. Dickson and Mr. Hickman.
Miss Churchhill and Mr. Duxbury.

Miss Churchill and her partner came in a good first, in excellent style, but unfortunately her sum, the account for the refreshments supplied to Mr. Duxbury, was incorrect, and the first prize consequently fell to Mrs. Dickson. The sponge cakes that had to be disposed of by the gentlemen were built on a liberal scale, and the on-lookers derived a vast amount of amusement in watching the different ways in which the competitors tried to get rid of them. Some went about it in a business like, straight forward way, and endeavoured to bolt their sponge cakes and ices like men whilst other sought to throw bits on the ground or stow them away in their pockets or cheeks—but all cheeks and pockets were carefully searched by the Judge at the winning post—5th event for Mrs. Donnet's prize—Affinity parasol and Cheroot Race—Affinities to ride round course in opposite directions till they meet; when they dismount (lady to be provided at starting with a cheroot and box of matches) and the gentleman is to bring a parasol—after meeting lady to give the gentleman the cheroot, and light a match for him to light it with—both to return together to finishing point, right handed course, the lady with parasol open, and the gentleman with cheroot alight.

Mrs. Donnet and Mr. Nixon Eckershal.
Mrs. Sinclair and Lieut. Hickman.
Mrs. Dickson and Lieut. Beauchamp.
Miss Faucette and Lieut. Gibson.
Miss Churchill and Lieut. Mills.
Mrs. Faucette and Mr. Sargant.
Miss Fletcher and Capt. Swinton R.A.M.C.
Mrs. Swiney and Capt. Swiney.

There was a deal of amusement over this race, and it was finally won by the donor of the prize, Mrs. Donnet, Miss Fletcher, gaining the second prize. I observed one lady who mounted her machine in great haste, and the dress consequently all fell to one side. It did'nt look nice at all—6th Event for Mrs. Faucette's prize.

Gentleman's fancy dress race—Competitors to carry dress in bundle once round the course dismount, put on fancy dress, and ride round again to finishing post. It was a pity there were only three entries for this most amusing race Mr. Gibson as a Salvation lass won the first prize, though Mr. Mills as Trilby quite took the cake as far as appearance went. His get up was splendid, and he was the admired if all beholders. Mr. Taylor as a clown was also very good, but he came in last, apparently finding the dress a difficult one to get into.

The rain held off the entire evening, and we all felt obliged to our R. I. M. friends for organizing such a pleasant afternoons amusement. The band of the Durham Light Infantry played a charming selection of music during the Gymkhana.

The Poona Junior Polo Tournament has been occupying everone's attention during the past week. The first ties were played off on Saturday 20th, when the Pavilion and enclosure were crowded, and beyond the boundaries was a picturesque multitude of Native Spectators. The ground which at its best cannot be considered a good one, was in excellent order, thanks to the care and thought which has been bestowed on it by the energetic Honorary Secretary, Captain J. Duncan. The first tie was between the 1st Lancers (Hyderabad Contingent) and the Poona Gymkhana and came off at 4 o'clock. The local team soon showed that they were old hands at the game and headed by Warner, whose play throughout was brilliant, they were not long in scoring several goals. It was rather hard on the Lancers to be knocked out in the first round, after coming so far to compete, but we hope they will show the same sporting spirit another year and have better luck. The second game between the 1st Lancers and the Bombay Gymkhana was a close one, and the play on both sides was good. Saville for the Lancers made some brilliant strokes, which called forth repeated applause from the on-lookers and we had the pleasure of watching a closely contested match, the Lancers winning but only by the small margin of one subsidiary.—The most interesting match of the afternoon was undoubtedly the one between the Poona Horse team and the 20th Hussars. Both sides have a good reputation which they fully maintained showing some first class play. Hessey did some valuable work for the Hussars, but the Poona Horse showed themselves too strong for their opponents and won by 1 goal and 5 subsidiaries to one goal.

The second day, Monday, was unfortunately wet, the ground was consequently slippery, and there were several falls, but luckily no damage done. There were a large number of spectators all of whom on account of the weather were obliged to seek refuge in the pavilion. Of course we all made room for the ladies, and they all took the front row, and though we begged them to take chairs, they apparently preferred to stand. They all had on big hats, so that we all behind them were completely shut out from watching the polo. There should be a rule that persons in the front row of the pavilion must sit down so as to give those behind a chance. The first match between two local teams, the Poona Gymkhana and the Royal Artillery was full of interest. The Gymkhana headed by Warner showed some fine play. The Gunners rode hard, and played a dashing game, but their opponents were two much for them, and the score showed 2 goals and one sub. to the R. A. one sub.

The second match between the Poona Horse "B" team and the King's own Yorkshire Light Infantry; was difficult to follow on account of the rain which was falling heavily. For the Poona Horse the hitting of the two Native players was excellent and most of the goals were put in by one or other of them. The clouds lifted later on in the afternoon and enabled us to watch without difficulty the interesting match between the 1st Bombay Lancers and the Durham Light Infantry, which resulted in a win for the Durhams, 4 goals and one Sub. to Lancers nil. The Durhams were in fine form, and Captain Luard's straight hitting and brilliant play called forth repeated applause.

The semi-finals which were played off on Wednesday drew a large gathering of spectators, and the weather being favourable, the ladies were able to turn out in their best toggery and the enclosure presented quite a gay appearance. His Excellency Lord Sandhurst, and staff, General and Miss Duncan, Sir Charles and the Misses Ollivant, Hon'ble Mr. and Miss James, the Hon'ble Mr. Crowe and Mrs. Crowe, General and Mrs. Spragg, and in fact all the elite of Poona were present. The first game between the Poona Horse, and the Gymkhana was a well contested one, both sides displaying considerable skill. Warner and Sweney were in first class form, and played a dashing game. Purvis too did good work but their opponents, whose play we must admit was brilliant—proved too strong, and we were sorry to see the local team knocked out. The second match between the Poona Horse "B" team and the Durham Light Infantry was an exciting one. The Durhams were not so well mounted as their opponents, but they nevertheless played a splendid game, Captain Luard was in A. I. form and his skilful strokes were a treat to watch. They won a love game and were loudly applauded.

The final tie was played off on Friday. The weather was perfect, and the crowds of spectators even larger than on the preceding days. It was pleasant to see the natives turn out in such numbers to watch the match, and from the rounds of applause which were heard in their direction it was evident that they were taking an intelligent interest in the game. The same cannot be said of our fair sex in the enclosure and Pavilion, for I heard many strange remarks regarding the play which were very much the reverse of intelligent, and the majority of ladies were apparently thinking of anything rather than the polo.

The match began at 5 o'clock and proved, as was anticipated, a most exciting one. The play on both sides was vigorous and dashing. Raymond for the Poona Horse, was in splendid form and made some brilliant strokes. For the Durhams Goring-Jones did some valuable work, and Way with a neat stroke, put in the only goal scored by his side. The Poona Horse won by 2 goals and 2 subsidiaries to the Durhams one goal.

## THE IN-COMING MAIL.

THE following is a list of passengers per s. s. Bengal, expected to arrive in Bombay at daylight on Saturday next:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Blakemen, Mr W | Leslie, Major A E |
| Bone, Mr A M | Leslie, Mr D |
| Blackiaw, Mr C F | Murdock, Major B |
| Banerjee, Mr and Mrs | Nelson, Mr A H |
| Boyle, Mr and Mrs | Rustomjee, Mr H J |
| Blyth, Mrs | Sharp, Mr A R, Mrs & infant |
| Chookerbutty, Mr | Swan, Mr T |
| Corbett, Col R de la C | Sheppard, Mr W D |
| Cartwright, Mr H D | Spencer, Mr E R |
| Chapman, Mr R B | Sauter, Lt H M |
| Duffus, Mr J C | Shoobridge, Mr F A |
| Daly, Surg-Major and Mrs | Smith, Mr A McV |
| Elliott, Miss K | Schofield, Capt H |
| Gardner, Mr D | Tyers, Mr J |
| Gillespie, Lieut R W | Twigg, Major H |
| Grahame, Lieut J C | Usbney, Sir R and Lady |
| Holden, Mr | Wingate, Mr A |
| Jeffcoat, Mr H J | Wrench, Mr |
| Johnson, Mr F W | |

## PASSENGERS PER S. S. MELBOURNE.

THE following is the list of passengers on board the s. s. Melbourne, sailing for Marseilles, etc., to-day, (Tuesday), at noon:—

FOR ADEN.

Vincent, Lieut — Welby, Capt

FOR PORT SAID.

Jules, Mr L — Mathiew, Mr B

FOR MARSEILLES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Baker, Mr A T | Lefeuvre, Mr |
| Bandeira, Capt, Mrs M and two infants | Muller, Mr |
| | Maigat, Mr E |
| Bryhinski, Mr | McCann, Mr T |
| Chrystie, Lieut G | Pereira, Mr K T |
| Dansermont, Mr | Woodraffe, Mr |
| David, Mr M | Wilkinson, Private |
| Lherie, Mr Levy | |

Three deck passengers from Saigon to Aden.

## BOMBAY GYMKHANA ANNUAL RUGBY FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

THE following is the result of the draw:—

| | 1st Round. | | 2nd Round. | Final. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Shropshire L I | a bye | Shropshre L I | |
| 2 | Rangers F C | Monday | and Winners of 2 and 3 | Saturday |
| 3 | Welsh | | Wednesday | |
| 4 | Durham L I | Tuesday | Winners of 4 & 5 v Bombay Gymkhana, Thursday | |
| 5 | Irish R | | | |
| 6 | Bombay Gymkhana | a bye | | |

To commence on Monday next the 5th September and following evening at 5-10 p.m. punctually.

## MILITARY NEWS.

THE Secretary of State has now sanctioned the proposal of the Government of India, to absorb this year only half the number of supernumeraries in the Order of British India, and the annual recommendations, for promotions in and admissions to the Order, are being made accordingly.

It has now been authoritatively ruled by Government that officers serving beyond the limits of the North West Frontier of British India are not exempt from the payment of income tax.

THE services of Brigade-Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel Little, Madras Establishment, have been permanently replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the commander in chief.

THE Secretary of State has confirmed the decision of the Government of India that officers of the Indian Medical Service, holding appointments outside the Cadre of that service shall be seconded when such employment lasts for more than a year.

A CORRESPONDENT writes from Etawah on August 22nd: On Saturday afternoon an urgent telegram reached the District Superintendent of Police here (Mr. A. N. Gordon) from the Chachund Police, 40 miles out, that a sonar had stolen Rs. 250 worth of gold ornaments and was making for his home in Mainpuri, riding on a camel. The necessary orders were sent to the kotwal to have the roads watched, and shortly afterwards a messenger arrived and informed Mr. Gordon that the camel and its rider, going at a great pace, had passed about half an hour ago. Once he got over the Mainpuri border, 13 miles distant, the "sonar" would reach his village and be able to dispose of the stolen property. So the D. S P. borrowed a pneumatic bicycle and went off in pursuit. Two other members of the Etawah Club followed, and the trio rode as hard as they could, but Mr. Gordon began to despair of catching the thief as darkness was coming on. The camel and sonar, however, had stopped to rest at a small serai, and here the D. S. P. secured him. The camel was quite done up after a 40-mile run at full speed. On searching the man Mr Gordon recovered all the stolen jewellery, and the thief was handed over to a constable who chanced to pass by.

## A FEW NOTES.

(BY A SIMLA CORRESPONDENT).

SIMLA, AUG. 25.

I've got a gooseberry story to tell your readers this week, and the remarkable thing about it is, that it is really true. It concerns an apple that was picked in the Viceroy's orchard in Mashobra the other day that weighs a quarter of an ounce short of a pound and-a-half, or a quarter of a pound short of an ounce and-a-half, * I forget which, but anyhow its the biggest apple that's ever been grown in India. I have not been able to ascertain who ate it, or how he felt afterwards, but even without these particulars it just shows what can be done in the way of apple growing in the hills about Simla. On second thoughts, I think it must have weighed a quarter of an apple short of a gooseberry and-a-half, but I'll write and ascertain the exact amount, for it it is worth while to be accurate in these matters. The point is that it shows the possibilities that exist in this direction and how well the experiment, which I believe was first inaugurated by the Simla Municipality, at the suggestion of Sir Edward Buck, has succeeded. Those who have tasted the splendid Ribstone pippins that have found their way to Calcutta in small numbers from Almora during the past few rainy seasons will not be surprised at this fact, but it deserves, nevertheless, to be chronicled as another land mark in the industry that is gradually springing up. It is true that American blight, that bane of all apple growers, has made its appearance both in Himalayan orchards and in the Nilgiris, but experience has hitherto been that it can be kept in check, with care and attention, and is not a thing which need be dreaded in this country as ineradicable. The rains, of course, which come so inopportunely just at the time of the year when fruit wants all the sunshine it can get to ripen, are a serious handicap. With results like those to which I have referred, however, no one need despair, and even in the matter of the raising of such difficult fruit as pears and peaches and plums, there are amateurs in Simla who can show produce able to compare with the finest raised any where, while as for cherries, to which these hills seem specially congenial, since they ripen before the rains commenced, it would be difficult to say too much. It is sufficient to add that for those who care for such health-giving pursuits, there are few more charming diversions than fruit gardening in the Himalayas, while the profits that it brings are by no means to be despised, for really good fruit always commands a ready sale.

I was privileged, the other days to see some excellent photographs that have been taken of the foal and its mule mother that are just now creating a sensation in the Kapurthala State. It has hitherto been supposed that useful and, indeed, indispensable as the mule itself is it is incapable of reproducing its species, and must therefore be raised afresh at considerable expense and trouble in the case of each individual creature. Now that the present case of reproduction has been authenticated beyond doubt by a responsible officer of the Civil Veterinary Department, however, a vista of possibilites of a very interesting kind is opened up. With the example of the valuable Merino sheep before us, which originated in an equally unusual freak of nature, it requires no great stretch of the imagination to suppose the task of the Transport officer simplified, and the raising of mules for guns and baggage on the frontier reduced to the delightful conditions imagined by the immortal Native Commissioner of Naini Tal, who proposed to populate the lake of that hill station with gondolas by the introduction of one pair of these graceful structures, the rest being, as he modestly expressed it, left to "the course of nature."

But I wander from Simla, where however there has been little of much importance in the way of social events during the past week to notice. About the most interesting have been a pleasant little dance given at Rothney Castle by Herr von Waldthansen, and a very successful matinee at the theatre in which some new talent was unearthed. I refer to the performance of "My New Maid" and "My Lord in Livery" which were played to full houses on Friday and Saturday last. The first was a slight musical piece in which Miss Scott's sweet voice was much appreciated, while the second, which was of a somewhat more aspiring kind, was even more successful. In this Miss Waterfield, Miss Westland and Miss Beresford Lovett made three charming damsels, while Mr. Waterfield was the footman they mistook for Lord Thirlmere, the latter boisterous character being played with no little skill and animation by Mr. Hailey, who has not previously been seen upon the Simla stage. Mr. Trevor made a conscientious family butler, whose mistakes created no little amusement, while little Master Gunn delighted everybody by his unaffected self possession in a part that was by no means a sinecure.

I must not close this notice without referring to the great loss which the Simla A. D. C. has sustained in the death of Colonel Dacres Cunningham who, besides being a keen soldier and one of the best fellows who ever stepped, was an accomplished actor and one whose place will not be easily filled. A large assembly of officers of his own and the sister services turned out at the funeral at Jutogh, despite the heavy rain which fell in torrents during the ceremony, and the distance from Simla, and there is a feeling of personal regret at his death which was very real amongst all who knew him.

* The exact weight was 23½ oz. a record for India.

## CHARGE OF SPREADING PLAGUE.

### THE DISEASE PROPAGATED IN A SCHOOL.

At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Jugjeevan Dayal, a school master, aged twenty-eight years, residing at Dongree was charged by Superintendent Grennan, before Mr. S. B. Spencer, Acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, with negligently doing an act which he knew to be likely to spread infectious disease, dangerous to human life, under section 269 of the Indian Penal Code. From the evidence given by Mr. H. M. Judge, District Plague Officer B. Ward (north) and Dr. Ebrahim Hoosein, it appears that on the 15th instant on receiving certain information, Mr. Judge, accompanied by Dr. Ebrahim Hoosein, doctor in charge of B. Section (north) proceeded to a house in Samuel Street, where on the second floor they found a boy suffering from plague. They took steps to isolate the patient in the house and on enquiries ascertained that the lad had contracted the disease or at least was believed to have contracted it in a school kept by the accused at Dongree Street. In consequence of this information both the plague officials went to the school, where they saw the accused who was then represented to Mr. Judge, as the head master. Mr. Judge asked accused to produce his muster roll to which accused replied that he had none. Mr. Judge then questioned accused if children attended the school regularly to which query he replied in the affirmative. When asked whether there was any one sick amongst the children, accused replied in the negative. He was further questioned if there was any one sick on the premises, and the reply to this was also in the negative. Accused further assured Mr. Judge that the premises were healthy. Mr. Judge then asked him to prepare a muster roll and left the place, directing Dr. Ebrahim to examine the school next day thoroughly. Accordingly on the following day at 10 a. m. Dr. Ebrahim proceeded to the school, and on making an examination of the premises, discovered two adult males, suffering from plague. They were in a room in the rear part of the premises, and it was separated from the school only by a wooden partition. On examining the patients, Dr. Ebrahim found them suffering from plague. One of the patients was the son of one Rajaram, who is a teacher in the same school. The names of the patients were Muganlal Rajaram and Harlial Mohunlal, both of whom were staying in the room. Dr. Ebrahim removed the patients to the plague hospital, where they died on the 18th and 19 h instant, respectively. The accused was also sent to the Wari Bunder Segregation Camp, and the matter was reported by Dr. Ebrahim to Mr. Judge, who brought it to the notice of the Health Officer. Mr. Judge communicated with the Police, and Superintendent Grennan arrested the accused in the Camp.

The case was adjourned and the accused was liberated on bail on his own recognisance on a sum of Rs. 100, and one surety for like amount.

As stated some weeks ago the first section of the Merv-Kushk Railway up to Yulatan, thirty miles in length, was opened for traffic on June 1st. The rails have now been laid further south to Penjdeh, and this section should be opened soon. The earthwork from Penjdeh to the Kushk cantonment is in hand, and a terminal station is being built. These reports serve to show that the railway cannot possibly be finished until next summer.

## SPORT IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, AUG. 12.

WHILE last season grouse shooting in Scotland was attended with only a moderate measure of success, the reverse was the case on the famous moors of Northern England, where, if no "records" were beaten, sport was uniformly good. We learn on the best authority that on the Yorkshire moors prospects are not particularly bright this season. In some districts the heather was exceedingly backward, local thunderstorms have caused much damage, and on the whole it seems probable that the grouse season in Yorkshire will be inferior to that of 1897. On the well-known Broomhead moors sport will be up to the average, but they are, perhaps, more skilfully managed than any in the country. From North Wales we hear of very late broods, so much so that "cheepers" are likely to be in evidence even after the arrival of September. Birds, however, are sufficiently numerous, though from one quarter there are rumours of disease, which seldom, if ever before, has appeared in the Principality. As accessories to partridge shooting, pointers and setters have almost entirely disappeared from the shooting field, for the sufficient reason that in these days of smooth-shaven stubbles the birds will not sit to them. But dogs are still largely employed on the majority of Scottish grouse moors, and there are many who prefer to owe their sport to the trained instinct and scent of canine assistants. Those who love to see good dogs at work derive as much enjoyment from this source as from bringing down their brace of bird—the old ones, let us hope—as, with a whirr of wings, the startled covey rises from the heather. Yet it cannot be doubted that a far larger stock of grouse can be carried by adopting the driving method; the birds, too, become more healthy, stronger, and larger.

One reason for the improvement is that by driving the old birds are killed off early in the season. Being stronger of flight than the young grouse, they come first past the batteries, and are

which was secured by Miss A. Carrick, of Carlisle, who, without much tournament practice, plays an excellent game.

The holidays are seriously interfering with club matches, which are becoming scarcer as the season draws to a close. The Northern Club is coming to the end of its fixtures after a most successful season. Next Saturday they will be visited by a strong team from Rock Ferry, and as half a dozen of the home players will not be available, the Liverpool team should be able to snatch a victory. One of the last county matches of the year was played last Saturday between Yorkshire and Cheshire on the Rock Ferry Club's ground. Neither county had its full strength, Cheshire especially being unfortunate in this respect, as it had not the assistance of its three best players, the Manchester contingent, H. W. Carlton, D. Davy, and A. H. Wolff. Consequently it suffered a heavy reverse on the singles, which went in favour of Yorkshire by five events to one. A heavy rain storm prevented all possibility of playing the doubles, so the match ended in a victory for the Yorkshiremen, who in in the singles had placed sufficient events to their credit to win even if all the doubles had gone against them.

Regarding the Australian Visit of 1899 the following official statement was issued on Wednesday by the M.C.C. :—"Constitution of a Board to manage the test matches.—The committee of the M.C.C. will ask the six counties standing at the head of the list in this year's county contest each to nominate a member to the board. This will be done as soon as the result of the county contest is known, and the M.C.C. committee will then select the names of those who will represent the M.C.C. on the board. This selection will to some extent depend on the names of the six counties which will be represented.

From a racing point of view the Royal Yacht Squadron has never held a more successful regatta than that which closed on Saturday. The cup presented by the German Emperor was open only to *bona fide* cruisers, and, on Friday, out of an entry of 12 there were eight starters. Latona, which was the fastest and most powerful vessel of the fleet, had a very easy task, her most formidable opponent, Freda, carrying away one of her peak halliard bolts and giving up, while Lady Ruth lost her topmast and bowsprit, and the schooner Esperance her foretopmast.

A supplementary match round the Isle of Wight prolonged the Royal Yacht Squadron Regatta to the end of the week, and interest in the racing was well maintained to the close. The extra event was promoted by Mr. C. D. Rose, who gave a cup for competition by the heavy-weight racing contingent. The vessels found a rush of following wind coming through the narrows of Hurst, and perfect havoc was wrought in spinnaker booms. The spars of each vessel were carried away, and Rainbow broke both the fore and the main, the latter a spar 75ft. long. Happily the crews escaped unscathed, and the sails were got in and the wreck of spars very smartly cleared of each vessel. The official timing of the finish was:—Rainbow, 3h. 13m. 6s., Ailsa (winner by time), 3h. 18m. 13s. Aurora, 3h., 27m. 26s.

The matches of the Royal Southampton Yacht Club Regatta were sailed on the Solent on Monday in a fresh breeze from the east-north-east and gloomy weather. First and second class yachts were catered for and there was also a cruiser's handicap. The principal race was contested by Ailsa, Aurora and Bona, and the first named was a meritorious winner, while Bona saved her time easily on Aurora. In the second-class match the German boat Kommodore was victorious.

The annual regatta of the influential Ryde Club opened on Tuesday in charmingly fine autumn weather, and a gentle north-west breeze pleasantly rippled the eastern waters of the Isle of Wight. The first race brought Bona, Ailsa, and Aurora into opposition, and, the vessels having a typical leaward and windward trial over the long Victoria course, Bona was favoured to a nicety, and she gave a perfect illustration of her light-weather abilities on a cutter's day. Ailsa and Aurora gave up, and the Bona finished at 5h. 2m. 30s., winner of the Commodore's cup. The regatta to the "Red Squadron" was continued at Ryde on Wednesday in most favourable yacht-racing weather, a fine reaching breeze off the island shore prevailing from start to finish. The entry for Mr. A. Barclay Walker's cup included every racing vessel qualified by the conditions, and a splendidly-contested race resulted ininterest being centred in Ailsa and the German representative 65-footer Kommodore. It was consequently a struggle of an international character, and the British boat, after conceding an allowance for difference of tonnage of 30m. 32s., was victorious, with a balance of 2m. 5s. Aurora was second boat, and she well cleared Bona's allowance, the latter never showing prominently in a hard reaching trial.

The Hon. Charles Russel, on behalf of Sir Thomas Lipton, states that no conditions are imposed in the telegraphic communication made to the New York Yacht Club, and he is therefore quite confident that no difficulty will arise. The arrangements for the race rest only with the committee of the Royal Ulster Yacht Club. A meeting will be held at an early date in New York, when the formal challenge will be handed in and all details settled.

Mr. Mark Foy, commodore of the Sydney Flying Squadron, has brought the Irex, champion boat of the class in Sydney Harbour, to England, and a challenge by him to try conclusions with English boats has been accepted by Mr. W. L. Wyllie, A.R.A. (commodore of the Medway Yacht Club). The Irex is 21ft. 10in. in length, her beam is 9ft. 7in., her weight 800 cwt., and she has 1,200 square feet of canvas. Mr. Wyllie and a number of influential yachtsmen on the Medway have formed a syndicate and have decided to build a yacht, according to a design by Mr. Linton Hope, 24ft. over all, 22ft. on the water line, with a beam of 7ft 6in., and about 650 square feet of canvas. The yacht is to be built by Messrs. Gill and Son, Rochester, and completed by August 31. The sails are to be made by Messrs. Lapthorne and Ratsey. It is proposed that five races should be sailed on the Medway as soon as possible.

On Tuesday E. Ransley completed a successful attempt on the Land's End to London bicycle record. His time was 28h. 35m., the previous best being F. J. Hortops's 35h. 8m.

## NOTES FROM AHMEDABAD.

A MONTH ago a letter was addressed by Dr. Sorabji Fardunji Ghandhi to the Hon. Ranchorlal Chotalal, the President of the Municipality, asking for to grant him suitable compensation for services rendered at the railway station in connection with plague work since its first outbreak in Bombay. Dr. Ghandhi, who is attached to the Ranchorlal Dispensary as Assistant Surgeon, was directed by the Government to work as plague officer at the railway station over and above his own duty at the Ranchorlal Dispensary. As he was not appointed special plague officer, he was not allowed a special allowance of Rs. 2 per day according to the rules then specially passed by the Government. Hence his present application to the Municipality to give him a proper remuneration. Mr. Ranchorlal referred the matter to Mr. Mead, the Acting Collector, who wrote back in reply, that Dr. Ghandhi should be fully rewarded for his services done during the epidemic of plague. The question of the payment of Rs. 1,500 to Dr. Ghandhi, which was claimed by him at the rate of Rs. 2 per day, was placed by the President at the last special general meeting of the Municipality, which was held in the Ripon Hall last week. This was put in the form of a proposal by Mr. Ranchorlal, to which an amendment was proposed by Mr. Keshowlal Motilal Vakil to the effect that a committee be appointed to consider the claims of all the plague officers who worked on behalf of the Municipality at the railway station and other plague centres in the city. The amendment, being put to the vote, was passed by majority of members present. It seems that the question of making a suitable allowance to Dr. Ghandhi is shelved for a long time to come. The Educational Conference, which consists of the Etucational Inspector, the Head Master of the Ahmedabad High School, the Principal and Vice-Principal of the Ahmedabad Training College, is now holding its sittings every evening in the Hall of the Training College. It is trying to work expeditiously and intends to finish its labours in a short time as ordered by the Director of Public Instruction.—Mr. Virchand Raghavji Ghandhi B.A., the Jain Missionary, who had gone to America to propagate the Jain Religion, and is said to have made several converts to this own religion there, give a lecture on his "American tour and Jain religion," last evening in the Hall of the Ahmedabad Mission School, Rev. Dr. Geo. P. Taylor occupied the chair. The lecturer gave a full account of his short career in America, which proved highly interesting to his hearers. In fine, Dr. Taylor thanked the lecturer for his able discourse and spoke in high terms of his enterprise and intelligence as the first Hindu among the Jains who had the courage to cross the waters and go over to America in spite of the religious prejudices of his co-religionists.

## THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending 6 a.m., yesterday, give the following results :—

| Wards. | | No. of Attacks. | No. of Deaths from Bubonic Plague. | Total Deaths from all Causes. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| A | Upper Colaba | 0 | 0 | |
| | Mid. & Lower Colaba | 0 | 0 | |
| | Fort, Southern | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| | Fort, Northern | 0 | 0 | |
| | Esplanade | 0 | 0 | |
| B | Mandvie | 7 | 2 | |
| | Chuckla | 0 | 2 | 36 |
| | Umarkhady | 3 | 2 | |
| | Dongri | 4 | 1 | |
| C | Market | 2a | 0 | |
| | Dhobi Talao | 1 | 0 | |
| | Fanaswady | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| | Bhuleshwar | 1 | 0 | |
| | Khara Talao | 0 | 0 | |
| | Kumbharwada | 1 | 1 | |
| D | Khetwadi | 1b | 0 | |
| | Girgaum | 0 | 0 | |
| | Chowpatty | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| | Walkeshwar | 0 | 0 | |
| | Mahaluxmi | 0 | 0 | |
| E | Mazagon | 0 | 0 | |
| | Tarwady | 0 | 1 | |
| | Second Nagpada | 0 | 0 | 14 |
| | Kamatipura | 0 | 0 | |
| | Tardeo | 1 | 0 | |
| | Byculla | 0 | 0 | |
| | First Nagpada | 0 | 0 | |
| F | Parel | 0 | 1 | |
| | Sewree | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| | Sion | 0 | 0 | |
| G | Mahim | 1 | 0 | |
| | Worlee | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| | Water Division | 0 | 0 | |
| | N.-R. & Unknown | 1c | 0 | 1 |
| | HOSPITALS. | | | |
| | Jain | 2 | 0 | |
| | Telagu | | 1 | |
| | Arthur Road | 1 | 1 | |
| | Dariasthan | | 2 | 16 |
| | Modikhana | | 2 | |
| | 3rd Bholwada | | 1 | |
| | Maratha | | 3 | |
| | Total | 26 | 20 | 108 |
| | Total plague deaths to date | 31,872 | 26,925 | |
| | Same date last year | 4 | 6 | 128 |

*a* Arrived from Dhurumpore near Surat by B B and C I Railway, attacked after arrival and removed to Lohana Hospital by his relatives.

*b* Arrived by rail from Thana. Attacked after arrival and removed to Kapole and Lad Hospital by his relatives.

*c* Found on road, in G Ward, Elphinstone Road near Railway Station. Removed to Arthur Road Hospital.

CHOLERA.

Attack ..... 0
Deaths ..... 0

### DEATH OF A GUNNER FROM PLAGUE.

Gunner W. Harris, of H. M. S. Magdala, who was removed to St. George's Hospital suffering from plague on Saturday last, died yesterday at about 1-30 p.m. He will be buried at the Sewree Cemetery this morning with the honours due to his position in the service.

Mr. H. S. Smith, merchant, is now an inmate of the hospital suffering from plague.

### THE KAPOLE BANIA HOSPITAL.

A meeting of the Kapole Bania caste was held under the presidency of Mr. Tribhowandas Mangaldas Nathubhoy at his bungalow on Sunday last, to adopt the report and accounts of the working of the Kapole and Lad Joint Hospital up to 30th day of July last, when about 400 persons of the caste were present. From the report it appears that up to date 185 patients were treated in the said hospital, out of whom 134 were males and 54 females. Of these 146 died of plague and 42 recovered. The funds of the said hospital amounted to Rs. 12,952, out of which Rs. 7,695 have been spent. The report and the accounts were unanimously adopted. Amongst those present were Messrs. Mulji Bhowanidas Barbhaya, solicitor, Shett Bhugwandas Narotumdas, Oudhandas Keshow das, Jamnadas Ramjee, Bapubhai Visram, Shett Dwarkadas Oodhowji, Behchardas Bhotbhai, Munmohandas Ramjee Brs.

### DAMAUN.

The plague mortality on Wednesday was nil and on Thursday, Friday and Saturday two each day. While the ordinary mortality on these dates last year was respectively two, nil, three and nil.

### THE VALUE OF INOCULATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR—In your paper of the 25th instant you say that the anti-plague inoculation results at Hubli have been encouraging. Some time back it was mentioned in your paper that nearly three-fourths of the population of Hubli were inoculated, and as the average number of daily attacks there now is about 75, many may be in doubt as to whether all these attacks are amongst the uninoculated or amongst both the uninoculated and the inoculated. It would therefore be highly desirable and useful if it is published for the information of the public how many of the attacks and deaths are amongst the inoculated and how many amongst the uninoculated, and what is the general death-rate from any cause amongst the inoculated as compared with the inoculated. My own impression is that Professor Haffkine's prophylactic serum not only protects one from an attack of plague but acts as a partial protective against other ordinary diseases too.—Yours, &c.,

N. V. MOODLIAR, L.M.S.
Medical Officer on Plague duty, Kamal-Sangli.

## PLAGUE IN CALCUTTA.

THURSDAY'S RETURNS.

A clean bill of health was presented from the Health Office on Thursday, there being no fresh suspected cases of plague or deaths reported from any of the hospitals.

PROSECUTION UNDER THE PLAGUE ACT.

The further hearing of the case against Ahmed Dost Mohamed, manager of the firm of Haji Ajim Golam Hossein, agents and owners of the barque John Davie, charged under the Plague Act for permitting the departure of the vessel from port without a clean bill of health, came on yesterday at the court of Mr. Pearson, Chief Presidency Magistrate. Mr. Hume, on behalf of the Collector of Customs, appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. Mannel, with Mr. Cranenburgh, for the defence. Among the documents tendered by Mr. Hume was the defendant's guarantee to produce before the Collector of Customs a clean bill of health before the departure of the vessel, and after some argument the case was adjourned till Monday.

Dr. Bannerman, we are sorry to hear, gives over charge of his office as director of the plague operations in Calcutta, and leaves to-day to take up another appointment. Orders have not as yet been issued regarding his successor, but Dr. Pettifer will in the meantime be in charge at the Town Hall. "Englishman."—(Saturday).

## PRESIDENCY PLAGUE MORTALITY.

### OVER A LAKH OF VICTIMS TO DATE.

THE cases of plague and deaths therefrom reported to Government during the week ending August 26th, were as under :—

| Cities. | Cases. | Deaths. |
|---|---|---|
| Bombay | 175 | 165 |
| Karachi | 20 | 10 |
| Poona | 3 | 1 |
| Districts. | | |
| Broach | 64 | 35 |
| Surat | 80 | 57 |
| Thana | 244 | 181 |
| Ahmednagar | 3 | 3 |
| Nasik | 74 | 57 |
| Satara | 114 | 81 |
| Sholapur | 42 | 34 |
| Ratnagari | 1 | 0 |
| Belgaum | 617 | 472 |
| Dharwar | 885 | 664 |
| Karachi | 9 | 8 |
| Political Agencies. | | |
| Baroda | 136 | 95 |
| Kathiawar | 179 | 108 |
| Kolhapur | 155 | 121 |
| Cutch | 70 | 55 |
| Sachin | 2 | 2 |
| Akalkot | 33 | 26 |
| Bhor | 48 | 49 |
| Total | 3,094 | 2,215 |

The total mortality to date is as follows :—

| | |
|---|---|
| Deaths previously reported | 98,268 |
| Deaths week ending August 26 | 2,215 |
| Total to date | 1,00,483 |

The mortality in the previous week was 2,005.

## THE NEW BILLIARD RULES.

THE "Field" in an interesting article discusses the new rules authorised by the Billiard Association of Great Britain and Ireland which come into force on October 1st. The first point to be noted, says the article, is that the push stroke is barred (Law 3). The stroke is foul. The penalty for pushing will be subsequently discussed.

Law 4 explains that when a ball is in hand, it must be played out of baulk, and must not be brought back into baulk, without having previously struck a ball or cushion. Then the law says :—"This rule shall not prevent the striker first playing ata cushion in baulk." This we confess we do not understand; it probably refers to Law 14, which we shall examine presently.

The additional matter stands, without a cross reference to Law 14, it is contradictory and confusing.

Touching a ball when aiming or striking is a stroke (Law 5). But the following seems to us somewhat unjust. When the striker is in hand, it is a stroke if he touches his ball when taking aim (Law 16). Considering that the stroke has a right, when in hand, to place his ball any where in the D he pleases, his adversary suffers no injury from the touching of the ball, and there should never be any penalty for an irregularity by which the offender cannot possibly gain an advantage. This is a fundamental law of all games. If it is pleaded that it may be difficult to decide between the act of aiming and the act of striking, we meet this plea with a flat denial. Moreover, the laws—we mean rules—are drawn up in view of the presence of a referee. In the unlikely case of a dispute, the referee could decide between an aim and a stroke.

The spot stroke is barred (Law 7), but in rather an original manner. If two spot strokes are made in succession (not in conjunction with any other score) the red must then be placed on the centre spot, or if that is occupied, on the pyramid spot. If both these spots are occupied, on the billiard spot. Law 14 introduces

A NOVELTY IN BILLIARDS.

Lest we should have misunderstood it, we quote it *verbatim* :—"When the striker is in hand, he shall play from the D, and if one or both of the object balls are playable, he may force his balls against a cushion in baulk before striking an object ball out of baulk." We presume this law is only introduced to avoid disputes as to whether the striker's ball did actually go out of baulk, when playing at the cushion first with the intention of returning to an object ball close to the line. But the referee can decide this. We think the new law bad. The old-fashioned law that a player in hand must go out of baulk before touching a cushion is, in our opinion, sound and sufficient. We are not told what happens if the striker, in hand, plays at a cushion in baulk, and fails to strike an object ball out of baulk

PLAYING AT JAMMED BALLS IS BARRED.

(Law 19.) The object balls are "jammed" if they are touching in the jaws of a pocket, and at the same time each is touching a different cushion. Jammed balls are to be spotted as in the case of the striker's ball touching another, except one of the balls is more than half off the table, when it shall be deemed to have been pocketed. It does not seem to us to be necessary to legislate exceptionally for this extremely improbable case, and it is contrary to all billiards to make believe that a ball is off the table when it is not. It will be observed that the barred strokes in this code are all such as can be repeated indefinitely. If it is desired to make it a principle of billiard law that repetition strokes shall be barred in professional matches, we have no objection to offer, but it remains to be seen how the barred game will be relished by amateurs. Perhaps it will not affect them very materially, as there are but few amateurs who can play the strokes barred with any particular advantage to themselves.

THE MARKER SHALL NOT GIVE ADVICE.

On the game (Law 23). Quite so; but what is advice! Advice is an opinion recommended or offered as worthy to be followed. Now, is asking how far the striker is off a ball, asking for advice? We have put this question to six good players; three of them are of one opinion and three of the other. We may therefore expect a nice tangle to arise out of this, which will have to be unravelled by "the referee in the room." In our judgment the marker may answer any question of fact, provided he does not reply in such a way as to suggest advice, according to the above definition. We hope this interpretation will be held by the majority of amateurs, and that the preposterous law, which now forbids asking how far off, may thus be got rid of. Of course if professionals like to err in, from conscientious motives, from asking how far off, nobody can find fault with them; but, to the ordinary amateur, the law, as it at present stands, is neither more nor less than a ghastly nuisance. In the list of

FOUL STROKES.

(Law 28), we find that wilfully interfering with an opponent, or the run of the balls, and (should be "or") refusing to obey the referee's decision, are foul strokes! This appeals to us as being highly comic, but the Special Committee of the Billiard Association is apparently devoid of all sense of humour. Refusal to continue to play when called on, or intentional obstruction, or wilfully interfering with the run of the balls, entails loss of the game. What happens on refusal to obey the referee is not stated. According to the law as it stands refusal of obedience is merely a foul stroke. It is obvious that this serious offence should be visited with loss of game. But the law cannot find any such provision, unless there is a dispute; mere refusal, without a dispute, is not legislated for. Of course we know what is meant, viz., that the referee can adjudge the game to the adversary of the refuser; but Law 37 or Law 382 should be so worded. The push being foul (Law 29), the penalty is that the non-striker may have the balls replaced and the stroke replayed (Foul still a foul and therefore no score), or may follow on, or may have the balls broken, either by myself or his opponent. We suppose there is some reson for these,

VARIOUS ALTERNATIVES,

but we regard the law as somewhat complicated. Penalties for various foul strokes succeed the foregoing, but there is only one to which we need direct attention, viz., playing with the wrong ball (Law 33). If the striker plays with the red ball he loses the game. This penalty seems to us to be out of all proportion to the offence. Moreover, it must be of very rare occurrence. We have played and looked on a good deal at billiards during the last fifty years, and never saw it happen. If the opponent's ball is played with, and a foul is claimed, no score can accrue from the last stroke made, i. e., we presume, from the last stroke before the claim; previous strokes standing good. On the claim being made, the adversary may play from the position of either white ball (the balls being changed if he elects to play the adverse ball), or he may have the balls replaced and require the striker to play with right ball (the stroke being foul), or may have the balls broken by himself or opponents. Then comes this extraordinary provision :—"Should the striker discover his error and strike the right ball before his opponent claims the foul, all scores made shall count to the striker, and he shall continue his break (Law 33). Two wrongs do not make a right. Whatever professionals may think of this rule, we doubt whether amateurs will accept it.

SPECIAL RULES WANTED FOR AMATEURS.

On the publication of this article a correspondent signing himself "Red Ball" wrote to the "Field:" It seems to me that the very fact of such a surprising set of laws being promulgated points to the need of a set of laws suitable for amateurs and one which the vast majority of amateurs, whether in clubs or private houses, will consider themselves bound by. The game of billiards differs entirely from games like golf, cricket, &c. In these amateurs can (nearly) hold their own against professionals, while in billiards a fifth-rate profession is infinitely superior to all but the pick of amateurs. Barring the spot stroke may or may not be advisable in professional matches, but it would be ridiculous to do so in the case of amateurs, and I think it will be in very few billiard-rooms that a new law will be enforced. But if law is not enforced where is the divergence from the laws of the game (as set forth by the committee) to cease? Each club and each billiard room in private houses or hotels will have its own customs, which must be respected, and a state of hopeless confusion will result. I suggest that a committee, consisting of gentlemen who are not only thoroughly conversant with the game, but who also know what the average amateur's game is like, and who would legislate accordingly, should be appointed. If a code were drawn up by them it would, of course, be open to the objection of there being two (probably)

ENTIRELY DIFFERENT SETS OF LAWS,

but that objection can scarcely be considered insuperable. The professional's laws would be in force only in professional matches, and would correspond in some measure to the difference in golf between match and medal play. The latter is only in vogue once or twice in the year, while the former is for every day use. All that is really required is an athoritative code by which amateurscan play without laying themselves open to the charge of playing a game of their own—not billiards, which charge they are liable to if they do not conform to the new laws. The association committee have assumed the position of lawgivers, and till another authority arises which amateurs would be glad to recognise their laws must, I suppose, be considered the laws of the game. Following this came a letter signed A. E Mainwaring Naas, co. Kildare, which was as follows :—Your correspondent "Red Ball" has struck the right nail on the head in his letter to you, in which he urges the necessity for a set of billiard rules suitable for and

LIKELY TO BE ACCEPTED BY AMATEUR PLAYERS

in clubs, country houses, and regimental messes. For a long time we have waited patiently for the new rules, and it is very disappointing to find them once more framed in such a way that, however suitable they may be for professionals, they are quite the reverse for amateurs. Instead of their being headed by the names of some dozen professionals, as the old rules were, now that the Billiard Association has tried and failed (for everyone I have spoken to on the subject condemns their attempt), I would suggest that a set of rules should be drawn up and headed by the the names of some dozen or so West-end clubs, who would signify their willingness to accept them, as such a code would be welcomed and universally accepted wherever amateurs play. Since reading your remarks on the new Billiard Association Rules, I determined to see if it would be possible to snatch a game out of the fire by inducing my opponent to play with the red ball, for, like you, I had never seen such a thing occur. The first time he made a six stroke I spotted his ball and returned him the red, which he, being a most intent player, was on the point of using, but refrained just in time

## AN INTERVIEW WITH MR. DADABHAI NAOROJEE.

AN English correspondent of the *Kaiser-i-Hind* supplies that paper with the following account of an interview he had with Mr. Dadabhai Naorojee, late M. P. On Friday, the 29th July last, I called at Washington House, Anneriy Park, and had an interview with Mr. Dadabhai. The house is situated in one of the loveliest parts near Sydenham and within easy reach of Crystal Palace. The drawing room of Washington House, where I was ushered in, is full of things Indian. One oak dresser contains heaps of Addresses, presented to this worthy representative of India, on his last visit to our country, enclosed in silver caskets. While I was admiring the contents of this room in came th Grand Old Man of India. Mr. Dadabhai looks very hale and hearty, though rather aged now, 73 next 4th September. Whilst in his presence, what could be a better topic to extend our conversation on than Indian Politics. Talking about the Welby Commission, Mr. Dadabhai looked hopeful and added that though our Indian party is still in minority, he was sanguine that the ultimate result of such a Commission will be extremely beneficial to India. Though at present on all Indian questions the Anglo-Indian party had all along their own way, the time was not far distant, remarked the Indian patriot, when the right views and sentiments of the people of India would find, as they are even now finding, their way in this country in a slow and certain manner. It is for the first time that in such a royal commission as the Welby one, our Indian witnesses had their free say, and though Sir James Peile and other supporters of the Anglo-Indian party tried to break them down, they came out of it very successfully. Mr. Dadabhai commended the evidence of the Indian witnesses, and expressed his high approval of their a bility in handling intricate figures, and added that in matters of figures there are very few of our Indians, who have as thorough a grasp of the financial questions of our country as "the redoubtable Mr. Wache."

As to the defeat at the last Parliamentary election, Mr. Dadabhai said that, in spite of all that our detractors may have to say in the matter, his last defeat has proved to him a blessing in disguise, inasmuch as he was able to continue his main Parliamentary work by devoting his entire attention in order to prove the very strong indictment against the British Rule which Sir Henry Fowler had said he had brought before the House and this country whereas, if he had been elected a great part of his time would have been spent in the House of Commons; and he would not have been able to do that justice to the right cause of his country, and to devote that full and entire attention which he has done up to now, and which was absolutely necessary for him to do. When asked to which causes he could attribute the last defeat of the Liberal Party, he said three principal forces brought about such a result, viz. the Peer, the Parson and the Publican, and they, especially the last, are at present great moving and active factors in the political condition of this great country on the Government side. This combination, helped by bribery to some extent, from which this country is not yet quits free, brought the downfall of the Liberal government. But Mr. Dadabhai hopes such a combination cannot be expected to last long. When asked whether he intends trying again for a seat in Parliament at the next general election, Mr. Dadabhai said that he intends to try, and that he would have ere long begun his campaign in either Central Finsbury or another constituency. His is not quite certain about Central Finsbury. Much more enthusiasm than before is required there—and he must wait and watch. But the delay in the report of the Welby Comission has been hampering his progress in that direction, and he is not certain when he will be summoned to put a finishing touch to this one most important branch of the Indian political drama. No sooner this is finally settled Mr. Dadabhai is quite ready to begin his campaign in some constituency.

## CRICKET.

### THE TUTORIAL M. CLASS C.C. vs. THE FORT HIGH SCHOOL C. C.

IT is so rarely that a century is made upon the Bombay ground, especially when stumps are pitched upon that part of the Esplanade which is given to polo playing that the performance of young Pocha of the Fort High School in carrying out his bat for 103 out of 203 for six wickets in the above match is a performance worthy of notice, all the more so, when the state of ground on which the match was played is considered, which was all in favour of the bowling bowling not so poor as the score would lead one to suppose. The captain of the Fort High School won the toss and when six wickets had fallen down for 203 runs, he declared his innings closed. Besides the captain, Surti, Dadysett and Colabawalla were the successful batsmen who scored 30,14, and (32 not out) respectively. The Tutorials then followed, and matters at first seemed rather gloomy for them and they were on the eve of being beaten, but thanks to Mehta and Seerval for their steady play which saved their team by a draw; at the call of time the score of the Tutorials was 114 for 7 wickets—a score not quite so bad— out of which Mehta, Kapadia, Doctor and Postwalla contributed (38 no out) 20, 15 and 11 respectively. The following are the scores:—

THE FORT HIGH SCHOOL C CLUB.

| | |
|---|---|
| Doctor, b Battliwalla | 2 |
| Surti, c and b Doctor | 30 |
| Pocha (Capt), c Kapadia, b Doctor | 103 |
| Ashburner, b Doctor | 0 |
| Dadysett, b Doctor | 14 |
| Kolabawalla, not out | 34 |
| Boroocha, b Battliwalla | 9 |
| Mistry | did not bat |
| Lam | innings declared closed. |
| Kharas | |
| Engineer | |
| Extras | 14 |
| Total | 203 |

THE TUTORIAL M. CLASS C. CLUB.

| | |
|---|---|
| Barcowala, b Pocha | 1 |
| Postwalla, run out | 11 |
| Kapadia, b Pocha | 20 |
| Saher, b Pocha | 0 |
| Doctor, b Colabawalla | 15 |
| S V Shantaram (Capt), b-w Barucha | 9 |
| Mehta, not out | 38 |
| Seerval, b Colabawalla | 8 |
| Battliwala, not out | 1 |
| Kotwal, Madon — to bat | |
| Extras | 5 |
| Total | 114 |

### JOHN BRIGHT C. C. vs. ESPLANADE, C. C.

A match was played on Sunday between the above teams, which ended in a win for the Brights by 22 runs with one wicket to spare. The Esplanade C. C. went in first and scored but 68 against the excellent bowling of Jamshed Reporter and Kaikobad Mistry. D. Driver, Janga, and J. Driver contributed 16, 15 and 13 respectively. The Brights scored 90 runs for nine wickets. Coachman, Irani, Mistry and Spencer (Junior) scored 16, 15, 14, and 10 respectively; Minocher Kooka bowling steadily all through.

## EXCHANGE COMPENSATION.

### THE REVISED RULES.

THE following Resolution by the Government of India (Financial Department) deals with the revised rules for the grant of Exchange Compensation Allowance :

Clause B Rule 5 is as follows :—"Exchange compensation is not admissible to persons serving under a contract in which their allowances are definitely fixed which is not preliminary to employment in one of the regular services of the Government, and five years of service under which have not elapsed." With reference to the recent Despatch from the Secretary of State, the Governor-General is pleased to direct the following note to be inserted after this clause:—"This clause relates only to persons appointed under a written contract in India. A European so appointed in England will (under paragraph 3 of the Resolution publishing the rules) be entitled to exchange compensation allowance, if his salary is not fixed in sterling and there is nothing in his agreement to exclude him from the allowance.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair, to its Original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "The Mexican Hair Renewer, sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere, at 3s. 6d. per bottle.—Wholesale Depot: 53., Farringdon Road, London.

FLORILINE.—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH. A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet toothbrush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d. of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot. 18, Farringdon Road, London, England.

## FRONTIER REWARDS.

### SUBORDINATE STAFF PROMOTIONS.

THE following promotions of Honorary Commissioned Warrant, and Non-Commissioned Officers of the Indian Unattached List and the Subordinate Medical Department are sanctioned, for services during the recent operations on the North-West Frontier :—

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Bengal.—Assistant Commissary Henry Robinson to be Deputy Commissary with the Honorary rank of Captain. The following Conductors to be Deputy Assistant Commissaries with the Honorary rank of Lieutenant :—Laud, Parfitt, Thorne, Gunr, Turkington. Sub-Conductor Frank Miller to be Conductor. Store-Sergeant John Turner to be Sub-Conductor on passing the departmental examination.

Madras —Conductor Sweeney to be Deputy Assistant Commissary with the honorary rank of Lieutenant.

Bombay.—Conductor Holland to be Deputy Assistant Commissary with the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Store-Sergeant Johnstone to be Sub-Conductor on passing the departmental examination.

COMMISSARIAT TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

Bengal.—Deputy Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant James Craig to be Assistant Commissary. Conductors Falkland and Neill to be Deputy Assistant Commissaries with the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Sub-Conductors Milton and Lumsden to be Conductors. The following Sergeants to be Sub-Conductors :—McWalters, Foy, Hewitt, George Taylor, Howell, Blaker George White, Booth, Tibbs, Quinn, and Kemp.

Madras.—Conductor Wilmot to be Deputy Assistant Commissary with the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Sergeants Brown and Gregory to be Sub-Conductors.

Bombay—Assistant Commissary James Ezechiel to be Deputy Commissary with the honorary rank of Captain. Conductor Philip Phillips to be Deputy Assistant Commissary with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, Sub-Conductors J. R. Arther, Thomas A. Colt and Ernest Douglas to be Conductors.

BENGAL SAPPERS AND MINERS.

Deputy Assistant Commissary Alexander Watty to be Assistant Commissary.

BENGAL MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

Deputy Assistant Commissary John McDermott to be Assistant Commissary. Conductors Mundy, Marcoolyn and Arthur Edwards to be Deputy Assistant Commissaries with the honorary rank of Lieutenant. The following Sergeants to be Sub-Conductors :—Thomas Taylor, Henry Pepper, William Poole, Robert Ashworth, Francis Dakor, Henry Owen, Edward Chapman, Harry William Roberts.

TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

Sergeant Crohurst to be Sub-Conductor.

SUBORDINATE VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.

Staff-Sergeant-Farrier Maddocks to be Farrier Quartermaster-Sergeant.

SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

First-Class Assistant Surgeons Julius Brown and William F. O'Connor to be Senior Assistant Surgeons with the honorary rank of Surgeon-Lieutenant. Second-class Assistant Surgeons Halpin, Balday, Sadlier, St. Romaine, Charters and Harvey, to be Assistant Surgeons First-Class. Third-Class Assistant Surgeons Bazely, Mathews, and Herbert Thompson to be Assistant-Surgeons Second-Class.

## INDIA AND THE IMPERIAL INSTITUTE.

IN 1890 a special sub-committee of the Indian Section of the Imperial Institute was appointed, with Sir Steuart C. Bayley as chairman. Two reports of the work of this sub-committee, one for 1890-97 and the other for 1897-98, have been presented to the House of Commons through the medium of the Under-Secretary of State for India. In the first of these it is stated that the heavy arrears which had accumulated in the Curator's department of the Indian Section of the Institute during the years 1894-95, mainly through want of funds, had been overtaken by Mr. Rayle and his staff, and that the Indian Section had been put in fairly good working order. At the time of this report, June 18, 1897, the commercial samples exhibited in the section numbered 2,769. It is also stated that during the year 1896-97, 357 samples from the section "tample stores" were issued to experts for commercial examination. The report adds that it is to be regretted that so very few inquiries from commercial men regarding Indian products are either made or addressed to the section, but the committee, through Sir Steuart Bayley, expresses a hope that as their workbecame better known a greater interest in Indian products will be created amongst business men In the second report—that covering the year 1897-98—Sir Steuart Bayley mentions that the work of adding to the collection of commercial samples in the Indian section is making satisfactory progress. The number of specimens of raw and manufactured products now exhibited amounts to 9,781. The loan collection prepared for the Imperial Victorian Exhibition at the Crystal Palace had been completed and arranged during the year under review, and on its return a selection of samples for the collection was made and presented to the Dublin Museum of Science and Art. During the year 258 specimens for the section "sample stores" had been issued to the scientific department and to experts for either chemical analysis or commercial examination. Reports on many of these samples, we are told, have been prepared in the scientific department and have been forwarded to India. The inquiries addressed to the section, it is noted, have not largely increased in number, but good work, we are assured, is being done by making the special requirements of Indian commercial men known through the Chambers of Commerce of Great Britain and other countries, and by giving information to persons desirous of employing capital in India.—*The Times.*

## A CAPTAIN'S DIVORCE SUIT.

IN the Divorce Division, on Aug. 9 (before Mr Justice Barnes and a common jury), the case of "Creft v. Creft and Stead" was heard. Captain Henry Gibson Creft, the petitioner, in the employ of the British India Steamship Company, married the respondent, Mrs Emma Maud Edith Creft, at the Registry Office, Fulham, and there was one child. Shortly after the marriage, he had to go out to India to join his ship, and she followed him. They lived together in India, and while there, they made the acquaintance of the co-respondent, Mr. Edward Stead, stated to be secretary to an American gentleman of considerable means. Owing to his vocation, Captain Creft had to be away from time to time, but he allowed his wife £12 a month, while she had a private income of £150 a year. On July 18, 1897, being in bad health, Mrs. Creft came to this country on board the Golconda, and among the passengers was Mr. Stead. Subsequently some of the officers told Captain Creft of his wife's conduct while on the way home, and when he wrote to her on the subject she said that there was always a lot of gossip on board ship. It appeared that when in London she and Mr. Stead were frequently together, and they went away to the Continent. The petitioner now sought to have the marriage dissolved, he claiming damages against the co-respondent.—Mr. Deane, Q.C., who appeared for the petitiner, said that, subject to the sanction of the Court, Mr. Sstead had agreed to pay £300 damages in respect of the adultery.—Captain Creft, in the course of his evidence, said that in the course

## NAINI TAL—IS THE HILL MOVING?

### THEODOLITE OBSERVATIONS.

SUPERINTENDENT of Surveys, N. W. P. and Oudh, writes to the "Pioneer".—In order to watch the extent and progress of movement—if any—of the Sherkedanda slopes towards the lake, in addition to the observations of cracks and subsidences recorded by the Public Works Department, series of marks were placed along the slopes in 1895. Two points were chosen near the northern end of the station, one near Jesmond Villa and one at 'Tonnochy's, as stations of observation, and the points to be observed were fixed at intervals between these points and the crest of the spur running from Sherkedanda to Kale Khan. Where possible, several of these were so placed that when a 10-inch transit instrument was placed on the platforms at Jesmond Villa and Tonnochy's the vertical wire of the telescope passed in succession exactly over lines on walls or pillars as it was moved up and down. If after the points had been properly aligned, it should be found by subsequent observations that the marks were not exactly in line, it would be evident that some movement must have occurred in the interval. The instrument is powerful enough to detect an inch movement a mile away.

In additon the horizontal angles between a fixed point on Ayarpatta peak and the several marks were recorded: differences between the angles observed at intervals allow of the extent of movement being calculated.

The first set of observations were taken in July, 1895. The results deduced from observations taken in April, 1898, compared with those taken in 1895 were published in "Resolution by His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, N. W. P. and Oudh, No. 1004 of 1896, P. W. D., Buildings and Roads Branch." Observation were again taken on the 20th and 22nd August (this month) after the landslip near Brewery had occurred.

The following is a summary of deductions from observations at Jesmond Villa. The following were aligned:—

*a.* 1. A rod on a wall of Oak Openings.
2. A pillar above Edge Hill.
3. A rod on wall of Pilgrim Lodge.

These show no movement since 1895.

*b.* 1. A pillar on the crest of ridge above Vale Head.
2. The finial on portico of Ravenswood.
3. A line on servants' houses under Ravenswood.
4. A pillar under Edge Hill in front of Phœnix Lodge.

None of these show any movement.

*c.* 1. A line on wall of servants' houses above Ravenswood.
2. A pillar under Edge Hill.

No movement apparent.

The following were also observed, but not aligned:—

1. The spire of Ramsay Hospital; no movement.
2. A pillar on the ridge above the Hospital; no movement.
3. A pillar under Ravenswood; moved five inches. See note below.

At Tonnochy's were aligned:—

*a* 1. A pillar on the crest of Sherkedanda above Oak Openings.
2. A pillar under old Government House.
3. A pillar under Snow View.

The first two show no movement; the third shows a difference of three inches.

*b* 1. A pillar on ridge above Ramsay Hospital.
2. A pillar under Ravenswood.
3. A pillar under Braeside.
4. A line on wall of servant's houses of Alma Cottage.

The first has not moved. The second showed a difference of three inches in April; now six inches. A portion of this movement may have been caused by the digging of a drain under the pillar subsequent to erection and as neither Ravenswood nor the servants' houses above and below show any movement it is probably a purely local surface movement. The third under Braeside showed a movement of six inches up to April; now seven inches. The fourth is so close to the station of observation that the breadth of the line may account for the difference of one inch here beween 1895 and the present. All apparent movements are towards the lake.

These observations appear to show that if there is any general movement it is confined to the neighbourhood of Snow View and Braeside, where there seems to be much surface soil.

## THE LE MESURIER CASES AT MATARA.

### EXTRAORDINARY SEQUEL TO THE SHOOTING.

A TELEGRAM dated Matara, 24th August, says:—The case brought by Mr. Le Mesurier against Akurugoda Aratchy and eight others lasted for two days. The Aratchy and four others were remanded pending instructions from the Solicitor-General, and four were discharged. The case instituted against Mr. Le Mesurier, Mr. Gill and Mr. Macaulay and some Sinhalese for digging plumbago on Crown land, instituted by Mr. Rudd, continued the whole day and Mr. Le Mesurier was found guilty and sentenced to three months rigorous imprisonment. Messrs. Macaulay and Gill were released under the First Offenders Act, being bound over to keep the peace for two years in sureties of Rs. 100 each. The Sinhalese were discharged. Mr. Le Mesurier appealed, giving a security of R 1,000. Proctor Samaraweeria standing as security. The other cases against Mr. Le Mesurier were withdrawn. Yesterday, before witnesses were called for the defence, counsel for the defence raised some technical objections on reference to the notice under Ordinance 1 of 1897. These were overruled by the Magistrate and the case proceeded. The hearing of the witnesses for the defence lasted till 6-30 p. m. Messrs. Macaulay and Gill were severely warned by the Magistrate not to carry fire arms and quarrel with the natives. The case has been forwarded to the Supreme Court.

## BRIGADIER-GENERAL SPRAGGE IN THE FIELD.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL C. H. SPRAGGE, who commanded the artillery under Sir William Lockhart with the Tirah Field Force, has issued an interesting brochure, in which he makes many practical and suggestive remarks on the position and work of the artillery in the field. Till lately the action of artillery has chiefly been confined to that of unconnected batteries, and but little attention was paid to possition point. The tactical combination of fire and the judicious placing of batteries are, comparatively speaking with us new branches of artillery tactics. All soldiers will therefore welcome and ought to profit by General Sprague's "A few plain remarks." There is a tendency in our army to rush through drill in order to get to tactics. Against this General Sprague enters his protest. He says: "It is very difficult to combine rapidity of movement with getting guns into the right position, and we have not mended matters by giving up many useful old parade movements. . . . Depend upon it no large body of artillery, any more than any other troops, can manœuvre in the field without confusion unless the units (batteries and brigades), as well as the individual man and horses, are thoroughly under the control of their immediate leaders."

On the subject of cover and position, the general meets the arguments of those who, to avoid the trouble of thought, surrender themselves slavishly to the examples of the Germans and the French, by pointing out that we are never likely to deal with such enormous masses of artillery as they employed in 1870-71, and that their practical experience is a quarter of a century old. He gives an example of the importance of a suitable background. At certain manœuvres he found that a major had taken up a position inferior to another 200 yards off on one flank. The major thought that one position was as good as the other, but the general showed him that in one case there was a background of wood or scrub and in the other not. The major afterwards told him that he had on the following day gone to the target and had convinced himself by placing the battery first in the position actually occupied and afterwards in that indicated by the general, with the result that he could see his guns in the first position but could not distinguish them in the second. With respect to the important subject of the forward movement of guns in support of attacking infantry General Sprague says that some officers regard it as impracticable. So it would be, he observes, if the enemy's guns were in position and unshaken, but a condition precedant to an attack is that the artillery duel should have been decided in favour of the attackers. "With the artillery shattered and our infantry at their throats, the enemy's infantry would not have much time to give to our advancing guns." The Austrians have had no practical experience of late years, but in theory they adopt General Sprague's views, as the writer has seen at manœuvres. Officers of all arms should read and ponder over this paper, for it is of high merit and deserves attention. *Army and Navy Gazette.*

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.—For health, beauty, and luxury, use the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, which Lady Constance Howard writes is "pleasant to use, and whitens and softens the Skin;" also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Countess Clanwilliam, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill, and many others, delicately perfumed. Warning: When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, see that name and figure-head of "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by all Chemists Grocers, &c.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth, go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pains, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cause. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Sold by Medicine Dealers everywhere at is. 6d. per bottle.

## THE WEATHER.

### RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

| | Byculla. | Espl'ade. | Fort. | Colaba. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | In. Cts. | In. Cts. | In. Cts. | In. Cts. |
| Previously registered | 57 35 | 55 53 | 55 57 | 53 5 |
| Monday, 29th August | 0 13 | 0 25 | 0 11 | 0 5 |
| Total | 57 48 | 55 78 | 55 68 | 53 10 |
| Total fall to Aug 29th, 1897 | 61 60 | 61 10 | 64 45 | 58 42 |
| Total fall to Aug 29th, 1896 | 84 95 | 84 77 | 91 13 | 81 90 |

Rainfall at Byculla and Fort registered from 8 p.m. to 8 p.m.; at the Esplanade from 8 a.m. to 8 a.m.; and at Colaba from 6 a.m. to 6 a.m.

| MATHERAN. | In. | Cts. |
|---|---|---|
| Previously registered | 169 | 27 |
| On the 27th August, 1898 | 0 | 4 |
| Total | 169 | 31 |
| **DAMAUN.** | In. | Cts. |
| Previously registered | 36 | 46 |
| On the 27th August | 0 | 88 |
| Total | 37 | 34 |
| Total fall up to 27th August 1897 | 47 | 75 |
| Total fall up to 27th August 1896 | 58 | 35 |

**B.-G.-J.-P. RAILWAY.**
(INCLUDING J.-R. RAILWAY.)

Return of rainfall as registered at 6 a.m., on 27th August 1898.

| | Bhavnagar Para. | | Dhola. | | Jetalsar. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | In. | Cts. | In. | Cts. | In. | Cts. |
| Previous total | 21 | 73 | 10 | 49 | 13 | 8 |
| On the 26th August | 0 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 |
| Total | 22 | 7 | 10 | 49 | 13 | 36 |

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON MONDAY, THE 29TH OF AUGUST, 1898.

1. The barometric readings are corrected to Calicut standard, reduced to the same temperature M° and also to the sea level and corrected to the constant gravity a Lat. 15.

2. The 2nd column under the head 'Wind' gives the average motion of the air in miles per hour during the past 24 hours, and is obtained by dividing the total number of miles of wind registered by an anemometer during the previous 24 hours by 24.

3. The temperatures given in the table are of the air in the shade or in a small shed with open sides and a thatched or straw roof. The maximum (max.) and minimum (min.) temperatures are the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours preceding 8 a. m.

4. The humidity is given as a percentage expressing ratios of the actual amount of moisture in the air to the amount required to saturate it.

| STATIONS | Pressure, 8 A.M. | Wind. Direction | Wind. Rate per hour. | Temperature in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours. | Temperature in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours. | Humidity, 8 A.M. | Rainfall. Past 24 hours. | Rainfall. Since 1st June. | Rainfall. Variation, 1st June to date. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Lahore | 29·585 | SE | 4 | 97·6 | 82·1 | 78 | ... | 13·05 | —1·12 |
| Sirsa | 29·598 | NW | 20 | 101·3 | 82·4 | 52 | ... | 6·14 | —4·59 |
| Delhi | 29·655 | ESE | 4 | 93·2 | 79·5 | 81 | ... | 12·08 | —9·34 |
| Agra | 29·647 | SE | 13 | 89·5 | 75·9 | 93 | 0·67 | 17·78 | —8·48 |
| Cawnpore | 29·640 | Calm | 2 | 91·3 | 76·8 | 87 | 0·50 | 34·63 | ... |
| Allahabad | 29·586 | ENE | 13 | 89·7 | 76·3 | 91 | 2·52 | 46·71 | +18·16 |
| Jhansi | 29·695 | Calm | 3 | 91·0 | 75·2 | 91 | 0·06 | 30·34 | +1·11 |
| Jacobabad | 29·552 | SE | 4 | 106·4 | 80·1 | 71 | .. | 2·90 | +0·25 |
| Karachi | 29·696 | W | 18 | 89·4 | 78·0 | 74 | .. | 2·24 | —3·29 |
| Jeypore | 29·701 | W | 5 | 95·1 | 76·9 | 61 | ... | 14·05 | —7·24 |
| Ajmere | 29·730 | W | 11 | 92·9 | 77·1 | 70 | ... | 7·57 | —9·20 |
| Deesa | 29·751 | WSW | 15 | 93·3 | 73·5 | 82 | ... | 13·19 | —7·27 |
| Ahmedabad | 29·774 | SW | 3 | 90·3 | 75·1 | 85 | ... | 24·92 | ... |
| Bhuj | 29·737 | W | 23 | 89·6 | 77·4 | 73 | ... | 10·38 | —1·90 |
| Rajkot | 29·788 | W | 20 | 90·4 | 74·6 | 73 | ... | 9·28 | —15·55 |
| Ghadechi | 29·780 | W | 10 | 91·6 | 74·3 | 78 | ... | 20·56 | ... |
| Veraval | 29·798 | WSW | 11 | 83·0 | 77·8 | 83 | ... | 8·30 | ... |
| Neemuch | 29·776 | W | 6 | 89·3 | 71·1 | ... | ... | 16·39 | —3·73 |
| Indore | 29·773 | W | 5 | 89·6 | 71·6 | 85 | ... | 24·43 | +11·78 |
| Saugor | 29·723 | W | 7 | 81·2 | 71·1 | 92 | 0·09 | 55·53 | +18·15 |
| Jubulpore | 29·696 | W | 5 | 80·4 | 71·6 | 90 | 0·91 | 49·52 | +4·30 |
| Goshanabad | 29·748 | WSW | 5 | 85·7 | 73·2 | 95 | ... | 51·75 | +13·23 |
| Khandwa | 29·781 | WNW | 3 | 89·2 | 73·1 | 84 | ... | 21·62 | +0·18 |
| Raipur | 29·6·6 | SSW | 10 | 87·3 | 74·1 | 85 | 1·01 | 33·50 | —3·63 |
| Nagpur | 29·722 | WNW | 12 | 87·8 | 71·6 | 82 | ... | 39·07 | +5·28 |
| Amraoti | 29·760 | WNW | 13 | 86·1 | 70·3 | 85 | ... | 16·52 | —7·22 |
| Akola | 29·775 | W | 9 | 85·0 | 71·2 | 77 | ... | 16·70 | —5·47 |
| Surat | 29·788 | W | 5 | 87·0 | 77·5 | 78 | ... | 26·23 | —9·54 |
| Malegaon | 29·789 | W | 9 | 87·4 | 71·2 | 67 | ... | 11·45 | —1·68 |
| Bombay | 29·842 | W | 11 | 85·3 | 78·0 | 84 | 0·09 | 52·83 | —4·51 |
| Poona | 29·863 | W | 14 | 83·6 | 69·4 | 93 | 0·19 | 12·13 | —2·47 |
| Ahmednagar | 29·827 | WNW | 12 | 88·3 | 70·5 | 68 | ... | 6·20 | ... |
| Aurangabad | 29·841 | W | 6 | 89·3 | 69·3 | 88 | ... | 12·27 | ... |
| Sholapur | 29·833 | WNW | 10 | 94·2 | 71·0 | 62 | ... | 15·92 | +0·08 |
| Ratnagiri | 29·885 | WSW | 7 | 85·4 | 73·9 | 90 | 0·55 | 100·80 | +10·82 |
| Belgaum | 29·885 | WNW | 9 | 80·7 | 63·3 | 90 | ... | 30·31 | —0·92 |
| Goa | 29·893 | NW | 8 | 85·0 | 73·4 | 83 | ... | 31·34 | ... |
| Karwar | 29·876 | N | 2 | 84·2 | 75·3 | 96 | ... | 101·80 | +2·66 |
| Mangalore | 29·901 | S | 2 | 85·8 | 74·9 | 86 | 0·15 | 83·44 | +7·85 |
| Calicut | 29·912 | NNE | 6 | 86·7 | 73·5 | 94 | 0·09 | 74·55 | —3·27 |
| Cochin | 29·920 | NE | F | 85·5 | 71·7 | 85 | 0·13 | 62·65 | +0·06 |
| Bangalore | 29·899 | WSW | 8 | 82·8 | 67·3 | 90 | 0·08 | 6·57 | —6·97 |
| Secunderabad | 29·781 | NW | 6 | 92·6 | 70·8 | 79 | 0·30 | 20·92 | +1·53 |
| Masulipatam | 29·747 | WNW | 10 | 96·2 | 77·1 | 83 | ... | 24·11 | +6·81 |
| Bellary | 29·845 | WNW | 12 | 95·2 | 74·7 | 83 | ... | 7·85 | —3·37 |
| Cuddapah | 29·822 | W | 6 | 96·2 | 74·8 | 71 | 0·12 | 4·74 | —9·16 |
| Madras | 29·8 5 | W | 7 | 94·0 | 76·0 | 76 | 1·12 | 12·61 | +2·35 |
| Calimbatore | 29·894 | W | 2 | 89·4 | 70·1 | 80 | .. | 1·65 | —2·13 |
| Trichinopoly | 29·857 | C | 4 | 96·8 | 73·4 | 86 | 0·62 | 4·49 | —2·92 |
| Negapatam | 29·823 | W | 10 | 95·5 | 71·9 | 91 | 0·95 | 7·69 | +0·09 |
| Colombo | 29·902 | WSW | 4 | 86·5 | 73·0 | 79 | ... | 17·55 | +0·88 |
| Aden | 29·733 | S | 10 | 91·8 | 81·9 | 66 | ... | ... | —0·20 |

In column "Wind, Rate per hour," L=Light, M=Moderate, F=Fresh, S=Strong, H=Heavy.

Bombay Local Rainfall.—J J H=0·08 (58·88); G T H=0·25 (56·89); St G H=0·25 (56·89); C P=0·09 (52·83)

SUMMARY.

Pressure has decreased briskly at Allahabad, Nagpur and Amraoti and has been steady or has changed only slightly elsewhere. Readings are lowest in the north and highest in Ceylon and on and of the Malabar Coast. Gradients are moderately steep to slight. Winds are north-easterly to south-easterly at Lahore, Delhi, Agra, Allahabad, Calicut and Cochin, and south-westerly to north-westerly elsewhere. The force has been strong at Deesa, Bhuj, Rajkot, Karachi and Sirsa, and fresh to light elsewhere. This morning the wind velocity was 30 miles an hour at Bhuj, 22 at Neemuch, 18 at Amraoti, and 16 at Rajkot, Indore and Bellary. The maximum temperature is from 4° to 6° in excess at Sirsa, Jeypore, Ajmere, Sholapur, Secunderabad, Bellary and Cuddapah, and the minimum 4° in excess at Lahore and Sirsa. The highest temperature in the shade was 106° at Jacobabad and the lowest 65° at Belgaum. Humidity has increased considerably at Delhi, Jhansi, Aurangabad, Ratnagiri, Mangalore, Calicut, Secunderabad, Trichinopoly and Negapatam, and the skies are cloudy to overcast over nearly the whole country. Heavy rain has fallen at Allahabad (2·52"), over an inch at Madras (1·12"), and Raipur (1·01"), nearly an inch at Negapatam and Jubbulpore, about three-quarters of an inch at Agra and Trichinopoly, about half an inch at Cawnpore and Ratnagiri, and light to moderate showers at Jhansi, Saugor, Bombay, Mangalore, Calicut, Cochin, Bangalore, Secunderabad and Cuddapah. The monsoon gradient on the Malabar Coast is slightly less than normal, while that between Bombay and Karwar is very weak. Rain in scattered showers only is likely at present. The weather in the Central and North West Provinces is slightly disturbed and conditions are very favourable for rain. Local showers are also likely in the Madras Presidency.

G. L. TOWERS,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, AUG. 29.

Monday: The depression noticed over the East of N. W. P. has filled up, while that over Bengal has become deeper and has moved westward from Dacca to Burdwan, in other respects the distribution of pressure is little changed. At Burdwan the pressure is one sixth of an inch below the normal. The winds are cyclonic in Bengal, variable in the Punjab and generally westerly. Elsewhere the force of the wind has risen a little at several stations in western India, but the directions are still irregular along the west coast. The temperature has risen over lower Bengal, the Punjab and part of Madras, but has changed irregularly elsewhere. The heat is less than usual over Burma, Bengal, the N. W. P. and the C. P. but is excessive over N. W. India and over the Peninsula. Rain has fallen over the same districts as yesterday, but the showers have been somewhat more extensive over the Peninsula. The principal rainfall amounts are over three inches, Burdwan, Dehradun, Sutna over two inches, Tavoy, Jessore, Calcutta, Allahabad, Meerut, Mussoorie and Salem.

### METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.
Bombay, 29th August, 1898.
Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

| | |
|---|---|
| Barometer corrected 32 dex. Fah. ..... inches | 29·810 |
| Temperature of the Air ..... degrees | 81·2 |
| Wet Bulb Thermometer ..... | 77·1 |
| Dew Point ..... | 75·6 |
| Relative humidity of Air ..... | 831 |
| Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded =10) ..... | 7·0 |
| Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m.) next day ..... degrees | 85·3 |
| Minimum do. do. (read at 8 a.m.) ..... | 78·8 |
| General Directions of wind* ..... | WSW. W. |
| Movement of Wind in 24 hours ..... miles | 258 |
| Fall of Rain ..... | 0·05 |
| Total fall during month ..... | 4·84 |
| " year ..... | 53·10 |
| Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 29th August ... | 0·06 |

*From midnight to midnight.

N. A. F. MOOS,
Director, Government Observatory.

### THERMOMETER READINGS.

SUNDAY NIGHT—AUGUST 28.

| | |
|---|---|
| 10 p.m. | 79·7 |

MONDAY—AUGUST 29.

| | |
|---|---|
| 6 a.m. | 79·5 |
| 10 a.m. | 82·4 |
| 2 p.m. | 84·3 |
| 4 p.m. | 83·9 |

Powell's Balsam of Aniseed.—Coughs.—Asthma.
Powell's Balsam of Aniseed.—Coughs.—Bronchitis.
Powell's Balsam of Aniseed.—Coughs.—Lung Troubles.
Powell's Balsam of Aniseed.—Coughs.—Night Coughs.
Powell's Balsam of Aniseed.—Coughs.—Influenza.
Powell's Balsam of Aniseed.—Coughs.—Sure Remedy.
Powell's Balsam of Aniseed.—Coughs.—Safe and Reliable.
Trade Mark.—Lion, Net, and Mouse.
Established 1824. Sold by Chemists throughout the world. n bottles, Is. I 1-2d. and upwards.

## ECHOES OF SCIENCE.

ACCORDING to the Vienna correspondent of the "Daily Chronicle," Dr. Lilienfeld has at length solved a problem of synthetic chemistry at which more than one has been working for years past, namely, the production of albumen in the laboratory without the aid of life. It will be wise to await the official and scientific account of the discovery before expatiating upon it, as it may turn out of less value than we might suppose. According to the correspondent's report, it has not yet been proved that the new artificial albumen can serve as a food.

A still more remarkable discovery is announced by "Natural Science," from which it appears that Senor Herrera, of Mexico, has compounded an artificial protoplasm, or "stuff of life," by chemical synthesis. He mixes pepsine, peptone, fibrin, oleic acid, soap, sugar, extract of bile, carbonate of soda, chalk, ammonia, lactate of lime, phosphates of lime and magnesia, sulphate of iron and lime, and chloride of sodium together. Nothing more. He ought to get some result from all that; and as a matter of fact he does. When a little of it is put into water currents are set up resembling those of protoplasm. Nevertheless, true protoplasm has a structure, and Senor Herrera's omelette has none. Apparently we have not yet arrived at the manufacture of protoplasm, even if we have got the length of albumen.

Gypsum is usually regarded as a fertiliser which however, contributes little directly to the support of plants, (but recent experiments by Messrs. Cockerell and Gaeta at the New Mexico Agricultural Experiment Station, Mesilla Park, N. M. have proved that nearly pure gypsum will nourish plants as well as ordinary soil, or better. Wheat and peas were grown by them in a natural deposit of white sand on the east side of San Andreas mountains, New Mexico, with great success. The composition of the sand is gypsum 97, carbonate of lime 2·30, carbonate of magnesia ·06, sulphate of magnesia, ·12 per cent., and traces of other minerals. It is not apparent how the wheat came by its nitrogen in such a soil, though the pease might get it through the tubercles of the roots.

It is expected that the cinematograph like the Rontgen Rays will be very useful to the medical profession in recording the action of the muscles during the spasms which attend some diseases, for example tetanus, and also the development of neoplasm. Wasting of the muscles, and abnormal movements of the body in general may also be studied by its means.

Gold is now extracted by mixing the ore with common salt and sulphuric acid, then adding solution of permanganate of potash. Hydro-chloric acid is formed and chlorine is liberated to combine with the gold-forming chloride of gold. This new method as employed at Mount Morgan, Queensland, is said to have advantages over the amalgamation and cyanide processes. It is more searching than mercury, and can be applied to ores containing copper.

Dr. Brinton, the well-known American anthropologist, has something to say on the acquisition of Cuba, Porto Rico, and the Philippines by his countrymen, which may not please the Jingo party. He points out that Americans, like Europeans, cannot acclimatise themselves in the tropics. By taking care of themselves they can live there, that is to say, they can reduce the death-rate considerably, but to bear a climate is one thing, to be independent of it, or enjoy it, is quite another. He points out that the Americans being largarly Anglo-Saxon, or of other northern European stock, are least fitted, whereas the Latin races are best fitted for colonising tropical countries. Porto Rico, like Florida, may become a winter resort for Americans, but though it may profit by American administration it can hardly offer a new field for settlers.

From the Parliamentary paper containing the report of Dr. Oliver, of Newcastle, on French match works we gather that "phossy jaw" has been successfully diminished by greater care in selecting work people by medical examination; raising the age of admission to the factory; repeated examination of their teeth: personal cleanliness in the workers: early suspension from work on appearance of bad symptoms; and improved methods of manufacture. The French Government is trying hard to find a good match free from white phosphorus, and has, to some extent, succeeded.

Herr Rese has collected statistics in Bavaria and Herr Foerberg in Sweden which tend to prove that the water we drink has an important influence on the teeth. Caries or decay in teeth is less common where the water is "hard" owing to the presence of chalk and magnesium salts. The harder the water the better the teeth. Probably the presence of lime in the water benefits the bones in general. The water of Loch Katrine, which is unusually free from lime, has been blamed for giving the Glasgow children a tendency to bow legs, but we are not aware that the matter was ever thoroughly investigated.

Professor J. Mark Baldwin, the well-known American psychologist, has fallen foul of the national habit of "guessing," which he considers immoral. "Our youth need to be told" he writes, "that the guess is immoral, that hypothesis is the servant of research, that the private impression instructs nobody, that presentiment is usually wrong, that science is the best antidote to the fear of ghosts, and that the reply "I guess so" betrays itself, whether it arise from bravado, from cowardice, or from literary finesse! I think that the great need of our life is honesty, that the bulwark of honesty in education is exact knowledge, with the scientific habit of mind."

"Dark days" occur from time to time, for example, in July, 1893, all over Siberia. The haze was so thick that the sun appeared red, and there was a smell of smoke in the air, but no forest or other fires were reported anywhere. Farmers alleged that hay cut during this time poisoned their sheep. A workman bleaching wax found it turn red. M. Adam Ryszczewski, in the "Bulletin de la Societe Astronomique," Paris, now maintains that this phenomenon was due to the earth passing through a gaseous nebula, and a Russian civil engineer writing in the Russian Official Journal, argues the same thing. Mr. Ignatius Donnelly, by the way, referred the great forest fires of America in 1881 and 1871 to a cosmical origin.

Some years ago Professor Lombroso discovered what he called a criminal type, and carried away a number of popular writers or the weaker brethren of his own calling; but his hypothesis is now discredited. The "Centralblatt fur Anthropologie recently gave an able summary of the whole case, and his edifice of "Criminal psychology is now stigmatised by the highest authority as a delusion. Criminals are just like other people of their sex, age and condition in life They are tempted, fall, and are caught (especially the last) and that is the only difference.

The American National Geographic Magazine has published a Philippine number, in which there is an interesting article on the climate of the Philippines. According to the Spaniards it consists of

Seis meses de lodo,
Seis meses de polvo,
Seis meses de todo;

or six months of mud, six months of dust, and six months of everything.

The insect house at the Zoological Society now contains a fine specimen of the giant centipede (scolopendra gigas) which is nearly, if not quite, full grown, and is eight inches long. It was captured in Trinidad, West Indies, and lives on small mice. The giant tortoises of Galapagos, now in the Zoological Gardens, are attracting much attention. They are fed on cabbages.

A calf with eight legs was recently born on the farm of Cheylan, in the commune of Simiane, Basses-Alpes, the property of M. Signoret. The animal was shaped like a cross, with one head and forequarters joined to three sets of hindquarters, two of which were at right angles to the third, that is to say, to the main body of the calf. It has been stuffed in a standing position with its eight legs forming a sort of crown.

The *Engineer* reports that a series of experiments in aerial research were conducted in the grounds of Shaw House, near Newbury. The experiments were carried out under the direction of the Rev. J. M. Bacon, Dr. R. Lachlan, Mr. J. N. Maskelyne, and others, with the advice and assistance of Lord Kelvin, Lord Rayleigh, and other men of science. The balloon was in charge of Mr. Percival Spencer and his brother, and was filled with 40,000 cubic feet of gas. The main object of the experiments was to discover in what measure the intensity of sound is influenced by altitude, by the presence of clouds, &c. The weather proved favourable for the observation, and the ascent was successfully made at twenty minutes past five o'clock, the balloon drifting steadily in a north-westerly direction. As soon as the balloon had had a fair start the series of experiments commenced. The first experiment in acoustics was with the voice, followed by five tests with musical instruments, these being succeeded by the discharges of rifles and blasts of the siren from an engine. Then came a rifle volley, followed by a roll of musketry, succeeded in turn by discharges of cotton-powder, four ounces being used in each charge. After this came three further discharges of cotton-powder, with eight ounces in each charge. When the balloon had travelled a considerable distance there were two explosions of cotton-powder with double charges, the final experiment being a comparison between a discharge of four ounces of gunpowder and four ounces of cotton-powder. The aeronauts had with them a receiving instrument, and by noting the altitude and the sounds which reached them, took the angular distance. The balloon descended at ten minutes to seven o'clock at North Denford. All the experiments proved highly successful.

"HUNYADI JANOS." This favourite Natural Water, in habitua use throughout the world, has established itself as a customary Aperient in all climates. Remarkably and exceptionally uniform in composition; free from defects incidental to others *Brit. Med. Journal*. Annual sale six million bottles.

van Houten's
PURE
SOLUBLE
Cocoa
A perfect Beverage—rich in nitrogenous elements.

GOLD MEDAL, Health Exhibition, London.
Benger's Food
FOR INFANTS, INVALIDS, & THE AGED.
Delicious, Nutritive, Digestible.
From an Eminent Surgeon:
"After a lengthened experience of Foods, both at home and in India. I consider 'Benger's Food' incomparably superior to any I have ever prescribed."
BENGER'S FOOD is sold in Tins by Chemists, &c., everywhere.
An editorial in the INDIAN MEDICAL RECORD, of October 16th, 1897, says:—
"For many years in India, a large number of enterprising firms in England and Europe have been flooding the market with so-called Foods for Infants and Children. It is remarkable to note how one after another these various brands of doubtful virtue have ceased to appear. Time and the public conscience have pronounced their verdict—and to-day we find BENGER almost alone. The admirable combination of the nutritive elements is so perfectly brought about as to render their digestion a matter of pleasant facility for the weakest man or the frailest infant. To-day the medical profession of India finds it cannot do otherwise than stand by a friend who has proved his only criterion to public support, namely REAL WORTH."
Wholesale of all Wholesale Houses.
BATHGATE & Co. Calcutta.

SAINT-RAPHAËL
TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE
Very palatable.
Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of Anæmia, Debility and Convalescence, to young women, children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates.
DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.
Each bottle of genuine VIN DE SAINT-RAPHAËL bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:
(1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS;
(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.
CLETEAS is a MELISSA and MINT cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation.
To be taken on a lump of sugar.
SPENCER & Co., Sole Agents for Madras. — PHILLIPS & Co., Agents in Bombay.
PREPARED BY: CLEMENT & Co., Valence (Drôme, France).

A Delicious Jelly made in Half a minute by the mere addition of Boiling Water
REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES.
MOIR'S Table-Jelly Powder
PATENTED
IN PINT PACKETS.
FLAVOURS—LEMON, ORANGE, VANILLA, RASPBERRY &c &c.
Head Offices—LONDON, E.C.
M&Co.

BEETHAM'S GLYCERINE-AND-CUCUMBER
For INDIA and all HOT CLIMATES this sweetly scented emollient Milk is INVALUABLE
IT KEEPS the SKIN COOL and REFRESHED in the HOTTEST WEATHER,
Removes and prevents all SUNBURN, REDNESS, FRECKLES, TAN, etc., and
RENDERS the SKIN DELICATELY SOFT, SMOOTH and WHITE.
It entirely prevents it from becoming DRY and WRINKLED, and PRESERVES the COMPLEXION from the scorching effects of the SUN and WIND more effectually than any other preparation. The IRRITATION caused by the BITES and STINGS of INSECTS is wonderfully allayed by its use. For imparting that soft velvety feeling to the skin, this delightful preparation has no equal. Sold by all Chemists.
Sole Maker: M. BEETHAM & SON, Chemists, Cheltenham, England.
MESSRS. TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY.

The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-84, open to all Countries
REGISTERED DR LALOR'S TRADE MARK.
PHOSPHODYNE
HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.
For thirty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.
The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.
Its energizing effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.
Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon.
Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.
Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

HEALTH, STRENGTH, & ENERGY.
Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.
MANUFACTURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY, HAMPSTEAD LONDON. ENGLAND.

## NOTICES.

HAVE YOU A BAD LEG
With Wounds that discharge or otherwise, perhaps surrounded with inflammation and swollen, that when you press your finger on the inflamed part it leaves the impression? If so, under the skin you have poison that defies all the remedies you have tried, which, if not extracted, you never can recover, but go on suffering till death releases you. Perhaps your knees are swollen, the joints have ulcerated, the same with the ankles, round which the skin may be discoloured, or there may be wounds; the disease if allowed to continue will deprive you of the power to walk. You may have attended various hospitals and had medical advice and been told your case is hopeless, or advised to submit to amputation; but do not, for I can cure you. I don't say perhaps, but I will. Because others have failed, it is no reason I should. Send at once to the Drug Stores for a box of Grasshopper Ointment and Pills, which is a certain remedy for the cure of Bad Legs, Housemaid's Knee, Ulcerated Joints, Carbuncles, Poisoned Hands, and Bunions. Prepared by ALBERT, 73 Farringdon Street, London (Eng.) Purchasers should look for the Registered Trade Mark of the Grasshopper on a Green Label. (Registered. Copyright.

Established in Paris 1770. 40 Prize Medals.
THREE LEADING FACTORIES—
PARIS—LONDON—STRASBOURG
COMPAGNIE FRANCAISE,
Purveyors by Special Appointment to H. R. H. the Princess of Wales.
HOCOLATE, COCOA AND CONFECTIONER
"Reviving Sweets repair the mind's decay."—Pope.
Guaranteed Absolutely Pure.
"EXCOA"
In Packets and Tins.
"Grand flavour, delicate aroma. Dietetic, sustaining properties."—Vide Analyst.
SUPERIOR CHOCOLATE
½ lb. Packets. (Yellow Wrappers.)
CHOCOLATE WAFERS
Large and Small Boxes. A delicious eating Chocolate.
CHOCOLATE HORSESHO

# "THE DIAMOND JUBILEE" CIGARETTES.

REGISTERED TRADE MARK.

REGISTERED TRADE MARK.

Per Box of 50, Re 1-8.

It is with every confidence of still further public support that I have taken the liberty of presenting to my numerous customers a new brand of Cigarettes which, I am sanguine, will meet with merited recognition. The brand is appropriate to the auspicious occasion, and I venture to trust that the unanimous verdict of intending patrons will be favourable, inasmuch as these Cigarettes are manufactured from the **finest quality of Yenidje Turkish Tobacco**.

One trial will ensure permanent orders from those who enjoy a congragrant Cigarette.

## D. MACROPOLO

GENERAL TOBACCONISTS TO H. E. THE VICEROY

BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA

## A New Era in Cod-Liver Oil Manufacture.

We are indebted to recent scientific researches for the revelation of the no less surprising than important fact, that of all the Cod Liver Oil hitherto produced not a particle has been really pure, even when claimed to be "the purest"; however pure the source, the oil *must* by the present system of manufacture always be contaminated with decomposition products of its own fats, hence the nauseating and "repeating" properties.

With full knowledge of the cause Peter Möller soon found the remedy, and having remodelled his factories in accordance with the requirements of the new discoveries, he has now adopted a new system of manufacture which, for the first time in the history of this invaluable remedy, produces *the* pure oil, very different from other oils: easy to take, easy to digest, and quite free from the tendency to create unpleasant eructations.

THIS NEW OIL IS KNOWN AS

# PETER MOLLER'S

## HYDROXYL-FREE

# COD LIVER OIL.

*The Lancet*, June, 8th, 1895:—"It is now known that Cod Liver Oil can be prepared, not only free from objectionable taste, but also *free* from the *tendency* to cause *unpleasant eructations*." This latter very disagreeable property has been removed by MÖLLER'S NEW PROCESS.

*The Chemist and Druggist* (London), May 1st, 1897:—MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.—"It would be difficult to speak too highly of this oil; the taste marks the advantage of the hydroxyl-free process, one would not tell it to be an oil. The absence of eructation we have again tested and proved."

OF ALL CHEMISTS.

## S., & H. HARRIS.

WATERPROOF.

Sold by all Saddlers and Storekeepers.

MANUFACTORY - - - LONDON, E.

Gold Medals, Paris, 1878, 1889.

THE ONLY AWARD **JOSEPH GILLOTT'S** AT CHICAGO, 1893.

Of Highest Quality; and Having Greatest Durability, are Therefore CHEAPEST. **PENS**

Numbers for use by Bankers

Barrel Pens, 225, 226, 262. Slip Pens, 332, 909, 287, 166, 404. In fine, medium, & broad Points.

# Milkmaid

BRAND

# Milk

Full Cream.

As a guarantee of quality see that the MILKMAID Trade Mark is on every Tin.

Largest Sale in the World.

EDWARDS'

# HARLENE FOR THE HAIR

THE GREAT

HAIR PRODUCER AND RESTORER.

Is the Best Dressing, specially prepared and Perfumed for Toilet Use.

"Harlene" Produces Luxuriant Hair, prevents it falling off and turning Grey. Unequalled for Promoting the Growth of the Beard and Moustache.

THE WORLD-RENOWNED REMEDY FOR BALDNESS.

For Curing Weak and Thin Eyelashes, Preserving, Strengthening, and Rendering the Hair beautifully Soft. For removing Scurf, Dandruff, etc., also for Restoring Grey Hair to its Natural Colour, it is without a rival. Physicians and Analysts pronounce it to be devoid of any metallic or other injurious ingredients. 1/-, 2/6, and (triple 2/6 size) 4/6 per bottle. May be had from Chemists, Hairdressers and Stores all over the world.

"EDWARDS' HARLENE" CO., 95 & 96, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON, W.C.

# MARCKS & Co., Ld.,

## BOMBAY & POONA.

## 1898 SEASONS NOVELTIES.

SUITABLE FOR PRIZES OR PRESENTS.

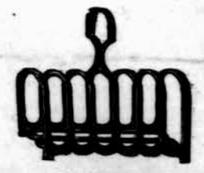
Finest Quality Electro Plate Cut Glass Bottles, Rs. 58.

Finest Quality Electro Plate Cut Glass, Rs. 28.

...ated Mounts, Oak Frame, Patent Lock, Rs. 52.

Patent Table Egg Boiler, Electro Plate, Rs. 60.

Hall Marked, Silver Mount, New Pattern, Rs. 3



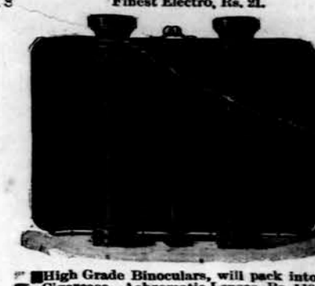
Toast Racks, in great variety, Finest Electro, Rs. 21.

Gun Metal Cigarette case. Complete in Leather Covered Case, Rs. 22.

Solid Silver Mounted, Rs. 11. 7½ Inches High.

Electro Plated Crumb Brush and Tray. Finest Quality, Rs. 25, complete.

Solid Silver Fine Steel. Rs. 15.



High Grade Binoculars, will pack into Cigarcase. Achromatic Lenses, Rs. 110.

Finest Electro Plated Butter Knife, Rs 3-8.

Finest Electro Plated Butter Knife, Rs. 3-8.



Knife, Fork, Spoon and Ring, complete, in case, Rs. 20.

3 Goblets and Flask. Large Size, Electro Plate, Nickel Silver, complete in Leather Case, with sling, Rs. 70.

Biscuit Box, Fine Electro Plate, Rs. 18-8.

Leather Purse, with Ladies' Oxidized Gunmetal Watch, complete, Rs. 25.

Electro Plate, Nickel Silver, ½ Pint, Pint, Quart, Rs. 12. Rs. 18. Rs. 35.

Electro Plated Egg Cruet. Gilt Bowls, Very Pretty, Rs. 18.

# MARCKS & CO., LD..

BOMBAY AND POONA.

Since using Pears' Soap I have discarded all others.
Lillie Langtry
Matchless for the hands and complexion.
Ellen Terry
PEARS
INVENTOR
Perfect health
for the skin and a complexion creamy and delicate as the blush-rose attends the habitual use of
Pears'
Soap

## LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT

is a perfect tonic; it braces up the system to resist Neuralgia, Colds and Influenza; it keeps the healthy well, and strengthens Invalids. A perfect essence of Beef; its effect upon the system is lasting, not transitory like alcoholic stimulants. In the Kitchen it provides the essential features of good Cookery—appetising flavour, nourishment and digestibility.

Note this Signature in BLUE on every Jar.

J. de Liebig

AVOID INFERIOR SUBSTITUTES.

## THE BOONS AND BLESSINGS

Recommended by 3007 Newspaper.

"They are a Treasure!" *Standard.*

(Sole by all Stationers)

"The Waverley Pen is a Treasure." *Standard*

"The Owl Pen is par excellence the Ladies' Pen." *Court Journal*

"The Pickwick Pen embodies an improvement of great value." *Engineer.*

They come as boon and a blessing to men.
The Pickwick, the Owl and the Waverley Pen.

MACNIVEN & CAMERON, LTD. WAVERLEY WORKS EDINBURGH.

## THE REMINGTON.

WRITERTYPE

The Original and the Standard Writing Machine the World

Excels in Legibility and Beauty of Work, Ease, and Convenience of Operation, Simplicity, Durability and Speed.

Writes Capitals and Small Letters, Punctuation Marks, Figures, Commercial Signs, Accented Letters, etc., in any Language that employs the Roman Character, as well as some that do not. Can be equipped on order for the special requirements of Political, Commercial, Legal, Literary Scientific, or Medical users.

Illustrated Catalogue sent on Application.

WARDEN & CO.,

SOLE IMPORTERS,

7, Hummum, Street Fort, BOMBAY.

## EPPS'S COCOA

Possesses the following Distinctive Merits

DELICACY OF FLAVOR.

SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY.

GRATEFUL and COMFORTING

to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC.

NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED

YOUR GROCER AND STOREKEEPER SELL IT.

Sold only in ¼ lb. and 1 lb.

Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists London, England.

EPPS'S COCOA

## For Nervous Exhaustion

CHAPOTEAUT'S

Phosphoglycerate OF LIME

*The modern restorative of the nervous system.*

For brainworkers, professional men, teachers, students, etc. and in debility, seminal losses, dyspepsia of nervous origin and insomnia.

It is readily assimilated and promotes digestion.

PHOSPHOGLYCERATE SYRUP (CHAPOTEAUT)

PHOSPHOGLYCERATE WINE (CHAPOTEAUT)

PHOSPHOGLYCERATE CAPSULES (CHAPOTEAUT)

9, rue Vivienne, PARIS-FRANCE

## ATKINSON'S

NEWEST PERFUME

# AOLINE [Regd.]

"Most Refreshing."

NICE ALWAYS, BUT DELICIOUSLY REVIVING IN HOT OR CROWDED ROOMS.

A true natural perfume made from flowers. Not a Chemical Preparation.

"AOLINE" PERFUME. "Most Refreshing."

"AOLINE" TOILET SOAP for the Complexion.

"AOLINE" TOILET POWDER imparts a delightful bloom to the complexion.

"AOLINE" SACHETS. Delightful for Handkerchiefs, Gloves, &c.

"AOLINE" TOILET CREAM. Softening and beautifying for the complexion.

*Of all Chemists and Stores.*

J. & E. ATKINSON, Ltd., 24, Old Bond Street, London,

INVENTORS OF THE CELEBRATED

"WHITE ROSE" PERFUME.

"A Charming Scent."—H.R.H. The Duchess of York.

## GOLD & Co.'s

BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND, WROUGHT IRON HINGES ARE THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE MARKET.

Indentors can obtain same through all respectable British Merchants.

Published by the Proprietor, GRATTAN GEARY, at the "Bombay Gazette" Offices at No. 28, Church Gate Street, Bombay, and printed at the Saxon Press and Jobbing Office Armenian Lane, Rampart Row, Fort.

AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill, E.C.; Messrs. KEYMER & Co., 1, Whitefriars Street London, E.C.—Paris: Messrs. GALIGNANI & Co., Publishers, Rue de Rivoli.—CALCUTTA, Messrs. THACKER, SPINK & Co.